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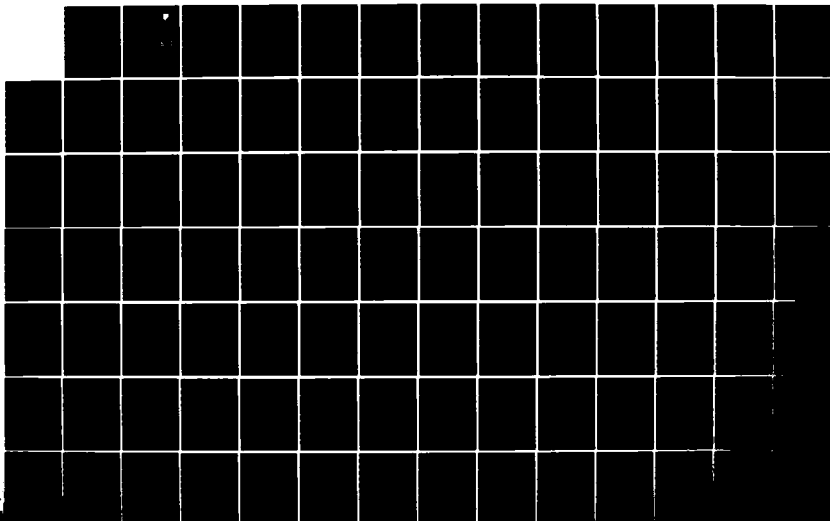
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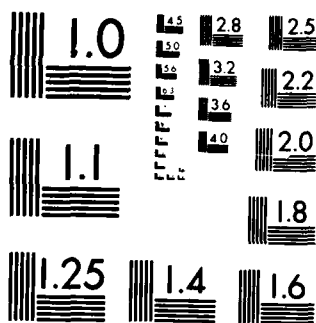
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Final Technical Report
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TOPICS IN OPTICAL MATERIALS AND DEVICE RESEARCH - III

Parke Mathematical Laboratories, Inc.

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FOREWORD

This report is the second volume of a two-volume Final Report for Contract F19628-81-C-0052. Part I is entitled

Topics in Optical Materials and Device Research III.



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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this volume of the Final Report is to update Final Technical Report HADC-TH-81-372 (Vol.11), January 1982, (referred to below as *). This update consists primarily of listings of revised assembly language code for both NIC and CTL; the biggest change being that it is no longer necessary to down load the "operational code" from NIC to CTL, since this code has been stored in the CTL EPROM.

In addition more descriptive material is included on using the NIC software with emphasis on its use to control the Hamamatsu C1000 camera. 

As before:

CTL = NIC-488/CTL, a GPIF interface for the
Nicolet 1080 series of computers
NIC = the Nicolet 1080 computer
C1000 = the Hamamatsu C1000 camera (or more
exactly that camera's controller)

SECTION I Controlling the C1000 using NIC/CTL.

CTL presently contains software in EPROM which allows it to run in "automatic" or "manual" mode. The automatic mode is used mainly to test the camera, bus and CTL - it can not be used at present to usefully gather video data from the C1000. In manual mode, the user has full control of the camera through NIC software which is referred to below as MAIN. As explained in ¹, MAIN is also used for other functions such as down loading CTL from NIC and for examining (and changing) code in CTL.

Automatic Mode

To use the automatic mode, the CTL address switch 6 (see appendix A) must be placed in the "bit set" position while either address switch 5 or 4 or both must also be "set" (the other 2 address switch positions are immaterial) the sixth switch 1, numbered, is the SYNC switch which should always be "set".

If switch 5 is set, the camera cursor first moves from its default x-coordinate of 512 to 0 and is then stepped to x=1023 and thence to 0.

If switch 4 is set, a complete "frame" of video is gathered using the default interface value of 2 (512 pixels/scan). The frame starts at x=0 if switch 5 is set and at 512 otherwise.

The automatic mode may start when CTL is first turned on (assuming that the C1000 controller is on). Usually, however, CTL will power on in a "frozen" state where nothing can happen before a soft reset is done. (This happens because the various "latches" in CTL go to random states on power on). Thus to reliably use the automatic mode a reset command should be sent from NIC to CTL. This can be done, for example, by running MAIN in "mode 1" (see next section) or by executing the CTLRS instruction (octal 4072).

Manual Mode

This is the normal mode of operation for camera control. This mode is possible whenever CTL address switch 6 is "off".

Program MAIN should be loaded into NIC by typing the console command RUN NIC CTL. MAIN will issue the query "MODE?-" . There are three "modes" having to do with camera control, modes 1, 4 and 5.

mode 1

This mode is used to set the system including camera, camera controller, CTL and MAIN in a known "initial" state. In particular the camera parameters are given their default values. (see table 1)

Previously (see *), mode 1 was also used to down-load the CTL operational software from NIC. Now, however, this software is resident in CTL EPROM. It is still possible to down load software in mode 2, however.

Mode 1 should always be invoked whenever the system is first powered on and whenever a system "hang" condition is encountered.

mode 4

Mode 4 is used to control the camera format (output/input), various camera parameters (x-coordinate, interface, marker on/off) and buffer display. (Horizontal resolution and external analog select are not available on the present camera). The mode query for mode 4 is "MNEMONIC?-" to which the user may answer with one of the 3 letter mnemonic codes given in table 1. The current numerical value associated with the mnemonic (if any) is displayed to which the user may "reply" with CR if no change in value is to be made, or with the appropriate new numerical value. Note that BUF (buffer display) requires no data and immediately activates the buffer display if BUF is entered.

<u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u>MEANING</u>	<u>DEFAULT VALUE</u>	<u>PERMISSIBLE VALUES</u>	<u>MEANING</u>	<u>NOTE</u>
OUT	Output Format	1	1,2	1=ASCII data 2= binary data	1
INF	Input Format	1	1,2,3	1=ASCII 2= binary 3="print"	2
XCO	X-Coordinate	512	0-1023		3
INT	Interlace	2	1,2,4	1=256 pixel 2=512 pixel 4=1024 pixel	4
MAK	Marker on/off	1	0,1	0=on 1=off	5
BUF	Buffer Display				6

1. The output format is the format (ASCII or binary) of data passed from CTL to the camera. The default value of 1 should not be changed, since MAIN sends all data to the camera in ASCII.

2. The input format is the format of (video) data passed from the camera to CTL. ASCII data means that each 8 bit video value (datum) is sent as 3 ASCII numbers, most significant number first, with ASCII space following each number. Binary data means that each datum is sent as a single 8 bit binary integer. "Print" is the same as ASCII except that a carriage return, line feed is sent in place of every 16th space. INF (3) should never be used since there is not enough buffer space in CTL to receive data in this mode. INF (1) should be used only if INT (1) is also used. (This means that the CTL buffer will be completely filled with 1024 bytes (256 pixels at 4 bytes per pixel.) INF (2) must be used if data is to be stored on Nix disk. On the other hand, if a scan line is to be received on the Nix oscilloscope (or plotted) INF (1) must be used.

3. This is the x-coordinate of the (vertical) video scan line which is digitized by the camera. (If the marker is on, it will be positioned at the current x-coordinate.) Normally, XCO should be set to zero before a frame of video is gathered. It has been found by experiment that the x-coordinate does not change properly if an n-digit (n=2,3,4) number was previously entered and then an m-digit number (m<n) is entered. For example, if a value of XCO (1000) is entered followed by XCO (200) then the final position will be wrong. This quirk of the camera can be overcome by always entering 4 digits of x-coordinate values (e.g. 0010 is permissible for XCO (10)).

Table 1 - A summary of mode and camera "commands".

4. The interlace value refers to the multiplier of 256; thus the default value of 2 means that each video scan line consists of 512 pixels.

5. The marker is a vertical cursor which appears on a camera video monitor to indicate the relative location of the vertical scan line which is digitized.

6. The buffer display is a vertical plot (observable on a camera video monitor) of video intensity vs. y-position for the video scan line currently being digitized. The buffer display appears whenever the camera is reset (using mode 1, for instance) and disappears whenever a command (other than BUF) is issued to the camera.

Table 1- (continued)

mode 5

Mode 5 is used to gather a single line of video or a "frame" of video after the camera has been properly "formatted" using mode 4. The video may be displayed or stored (in packed form) for later manipulation.

The first mode query is "FILE NAME?-" to which the user should reply with an up-to-six character file name (not starting with "PRI") if the video data is to be stored or with "PRINT" (can be abbreviated to "PRI") if the data is to be displayed.

The second mode query is "FRAME?-" to which the user should reply with VI1, VII or VID for 1 line of video, 1 "frame" of video - positive increment, 1 "frame" of video - negative increment. For VI1, a single video scan line is obtained, at the x-coordinate value chosen under mode 3 (or default 512). For VII, a frame of data is gathered, starting at the current x-coordinate and ending at x = 1023. Similarly for VID except the ending x-coordinate is 0. In both VII and VID the size of the step between increments is controlled by the value of INT; thus if INT=4 the step size is 1, for INT=2 it is 2 and for INT=1 it is 4.

Two forms of "print" (if FILE NAME=PRINT) are used depending on the value of INF. If INF=1 then 16 numerical values per line are printed - each value is separated by a space. If INF=2, 32 hexadecimal values (00 to FF) per line are printed with no spaces. It should be noted that if INF=1, a print file is always chosen, regardless of the value given to FILE NAME. e.i. ASCII data is never filed. Also, if the value of INT and INF is such that CTL buffer overflow will occur (see mode 4) a message saying "CHANGE INT OR INF" is printed.

For details on the form of the packed video file, see Appendix B.

The status byte received from CTL during serial poll is printed each time a video scan line is to be received. In "PRINT" mode this byte is printed on a line above the video data; in "file" mode, a maximum of 36 status bytes per line are printed.

SECTION II - Peripheral Commands for NIC/CTL

In the previous section, modes 1,4 and 5 were described for use in controlling the C1000. In this section, the peripheral "commands" for use with CTL are described. These commands are invoked as modes 2,3,6,7 and 8.

mode 2

This mode may be used to automatically down load Z-80 code (command 8) from NIC to CTL and to cause this code to be executed. However, MAIN itself does not at present include code to execute the "command 8" corresponding to CTL command 8. The two mode queries are "COMMAND#?-" and "FILE NAME?-". The first query is a formality since only 8 can be entered. (Previously two commands were possible.) The file name is the name of the NIC file containing the code to be down loaded to CTL, (see note below) This code may be most conveniently developed on a Tektronix 8002 Development system and then stored on the Comm-Stor as a WHEX file. (see Mode 3) This WHEX file is then transferred to a NIC file using Mode 3.

The code is loaded starting at location 0900H in CTL and should have entry point 0900H. A total of 512 bytes are loaded.

The only other restriction on the code is that it should return via a jump to subroutine RETURN. (use JP 14EH)

The NIC subroutine corresponding to CTL "COM 8" must include a command table transfer followed by a call to MONITOR near the beginning and at least one call to MONITOR at the end of the command. (Other calls to MONITOR may be required if data is to be transferred from CTL to NIC.) See NIC "COM 1" or "COM 2" for examples of programs which merely pass the command table to CTL.

Mode 2 is normally used as a temporary expedient to try out new code in the CTL.

NOTE Mode 8 may be used to easily modify Z-80 code before it is transferred to CTL. The code to be modified must be loaded into NIC "data" memory starting at octal 100000. The modified code can then be transferred to CTL by using Mode 2 and replying to "FILE NAME?-" with a non-existent file name.

mode 3

This mode is used to transfer and store Z-80 code from another device to NIC. This code can later be down loaded into CTL using mode 2, for example. The transfer is via the NIC serial input (RS-232) and specifically requires that the code be transferred in the form of a Tektronix WHEX (hexadecimal) file (see *, Appendix D). Mode 3 was

specifically designed to be used with a SYKES Comm-Stor (communication storage unit with floppy disk storage). It can be used however with any computer (or possibly intelligent terminal) which can output the required WHEX file and respond (start sending) to the command "10 file" where file is the user supplied answer to the query "FILE NAME?-" . It should be noted that NIC requires 8 bit ASCII with the eighth bit always 1 at various baud rates from 110 to 1200. No other protocol is required.

mode 6

This mode is used to transfer part of CTL memory (in blocks of 256 bytes) to NIC where it can be examined using mode 7 or examined and changed using mode 8.

The mode query is "HEXN-" to which the user should reply with the 4 digit hexadecimal starting address of CTL memory to be examined followed by a single digit representing the number of 256 byte blocks to be transferred.

mode 7

Displays NIC data memory (starting at 100000) in hexadecimal from (5 nibbles/NIC word) at 32 characters/line. The number of bytes (2 nibbles/byte) displayed is given by the contents of location NBY5 (see symbol table for SEG1A). If mode 3 or 6 is run prior to mode 7, NBY5 contains the number of bytes transferred during mode 3 or 6 operation. (Note that during mode 3 the CTL code is stored in NIC data memory prior to being filed.)

mode 8

Examine and change "hexadecimal" data in NIC memory. This mode may be used to modify the CTL program to be stored in CTL in mode 2 operation. Note that CTL memory locations 0000-07FF (2048 bytes) are in EPROM and can not be changed. (See Appendix C for the map of memory in both NIC and CTL.)

The mode query is OCT-, to which the user should reply with the (up to 7 digit) octal starting address of NIC memory to be examined and possibly changed. (The address given is right justified zero-fill. Thus, 100=0000100. Usually the address will be 100000 plus.)

The contents of memory at this location is then displayed as 5 hexadecimal digits (5 nibbles in each word). The user may respond with

- (a) space (actually any sequence of 1 to 4 characters) followed by CR.
- (b) 5 characters followed by CR.

(c) CR with no preceding character.

If (a), then the next word is displayed with no change to the current word.

If (b), the current word is changed to the value given and the next word is displayed. (If the value is not hexadecimal, then the changed word is nonsense.)

If (c), then the mode is exited with no change to the current word.

SECTION III Miscellaneous Operating Notes.

There are various "escapes" in MAIN which may be used to change the flow of program execution. These are listed and discussed below.

CONTROL-Q: If control-Q is typed at any time that MAIN is waiting for input from the user e.g. while waiting for a reply to a mode query, a jump is made to NICBUG. The user can then examine memory or jump to the NIC operating system (monitor) by typing 7600G. A return to MAIN can be made from NICBUG by typing 71G.

CONTROL-G: Similar to control-Q except a jump is made to the start of MAIN which will cause MODE7- to be typed. This is a convenient escape from a mis-typed input (Note that rubout does not work in MAIN.)

CONTROL-Z: Must be typed to escape from the "no find" condition in mode 3. The end-of-file character which mode 3 expects is control-Z. If this character is never sent (e.g. if the file does not exist in the sending device), it must be provided by the user.

Any character: If a "hung" condition is encountered, it is usually possible to escape by typing any character. This condition usually occurs either when NIC is trying to communicate with CTL or CTL is trying to communicate with the bus (e.g., the C1000). In the former case, a jump to NICBUG is made; in the latter case, the state of CTL is printed out (see Table 2) and a jump is made to NICBUG. In either case the user should try to determine the cause of the hung condition before continuing. Frequently, all that is necessary is to return to MAIN (use 71G) and use mode 1 to reset.

ROW 1 (CTL Command Table)

Identifier	=	Value
Code		Name

0	=	COMM
1	=	NLIST
2	=	LIS1P
3	=	LIS1S
4	=	LIS2P
5	=	LIS2S
6	=	LIS3P
7	=	LIS3S
8	=	TALKP
9	=	TALKS
A	=	EOSC
E	=	NDAT
C	=	NDATB
D	=	DATADD (LO)
E	=	DATADD (HI)
F	=	DUM1L
0	=	DUM1H
1	=	MESS
2	=	STAT1
3	=	STAT2
4	=	RETADD (LO)
5	=	RETADD (HI)
6	=	LCOMM
7	=	MAXBLK
8	=	STACKP (LO)
9	=	STACKP (HI)
A	=	COUNT (LO)
B	=	COUNT (HI)

ROW 2 (CTL Registers)

Identifier	=	Value
Code		Name

L	=	L REGISTER
H	=	H REGISTER
PC	=	PROGRAM COUNTER
SP	=	STACK POINTER
A	=	A REGISTER
C	=	C REGISTER
B	=	B REGISTER
E	=	E REGISTER
D	=	D REGISTER
0	=	8291 INT1
1	=	8291 INT2
2	=	8291 ADRST
3	=	8291 ADRO1
4	=	8291 EOSR
5	=	8292 INTST
6	=	8292 ERROR FLAG
7	=	8292 CONTROLLER STATUS
8	=	8292 BUS STATUS

Table 2 - CTL State Data Returned on Interrupt

SECTION IV CTL Software

The original CTL software as outlined in * and listed there has been modified. The major modification is the inclusion of the ability to interrupt program execution and relocation of the program to origin 0. This allows the program to be put in EPROM so it does not have to be down loaded from NIC. Other changes were made. For example, no check is made of the SYC switch to determine if CTL is the controller in charge of the bus.

The CTL software (now actually "firmware") is referred to below as CTLF1 (CTL firmware 1). It consists of the following components:

(1) An initialization routine which sets various registers in the 8291-set and causes the IFC (interface clear) message to be sent on the bus. (Assuming SYC is set.) The routine is always run whenever a software reset is done (CTLRS) and on power on (provided hardware latches permit it).

(2) An "automatic" test module which is invoked if address switch 0 is "on". This module is invoked under the same conditions as the initialization routine.

(3) An interrupt driven routine which transfers CTL state data to locations starting at the end of the command table. (The command table presently starts at the bottom of RAM at 800H.) This routine starts at 38H. Interrupt mode 1 is enabled so that whenever an interrupt occurs, this routine is activated. Note that a NIC CTLWK instruction will cause a 2-80 interrupt if interrupts are enabled. Interrupts are disabled whenever data is being transferred from NIC to CTL.

(4) 6 "command" routines. These command routines are labeled COM 1, COM 2, COM 4, COM 5, COM 6, and COM 7. A seventh "command" (COM 3) may be loaded and run at 900H.

These commands are table driven, i.e. a 20 byte table containing the number of the command to be executed and command parameters is transferred from NIC to CTL prior to command execution. Three of the commands (COM 1, COM 2, COM 4) transfer data to or from the bus while two of the commands (COM 5, COM 6) transfer data to or from NIC. COM 7 is used to transfer data directly from the bus to NIC. A brief description of these "commands" and the required parameters follow:

Bus Commands

These commands always exit with the ATN message inactive so that as long as a bus command is not being executed, the bus is in an "idle" state.

COM 1 (NL1ST, LIS1P, LIS1S, LIS2P, LIS2S, LIS3P, LIS3S, NDAT, NDATB, DATADD)

This command causes data stored in the CTL "buffer" starting at location DATADD (2 bytes) to be transmitted on the bus to NLIST listeners (up to 3) identified by their primary/secondary address (LIS1P/LIS1S, etc.). The number of bytes transferred is determined by NDAT and/or NDATB as follows:

- (a) if NDAT and NDATB are both zero no data is sent.
Listener addresses are sent however provided NLIST \neq 0.
- (b) if NDAT \neq 0, NDAT bytes are sent ($0 < \text{NDAT} < 255$)
- (c) if NDAT = 0 and NDATB \neq 0 then NDATB 256-byte blocks are sent where $0 < \text{NDATB} \leq 4$ since up to 1024 bytes may be stored in the CTL buffer. The last byte transferred is accompanied by the END message. (EOI active.)

The NLIST device addresses (pairs) are sent prior to sending the data. If a secondary address is 0, it is not sent.

The universal unlisten message (UNL) is sent after all the data has been transmitted.

COM 2 (TALKP, TALKS, EOSC, NDAT, NDATB, DATADD)

This command transfers data from the bus to the CTL "buffer" starting a DATADD. The amount of data transferred depends on the values of EOSC, NDAT and NDATB. The rules are as follows:

- (a) If an END is received with the n^{th} byte and n is less than or equal to the amount of data "expected" (see below), then n bytes are transferred.
- (b) Similarly, if EOSC is not zero and a character is received which matches EOSC, n bytes are transferred.
- (c) The "expected" amount of data is given by NDAT and NDATB as for COM 1 i.e. if NDAT \neq 0, then the expected number is NDAT while if NDAT = 0 and NDATB \neq 0, NDATB 256 byte blocks of data are expected.
- (d) If END is not received (or EOSC \neq 0 and no match character is received), the "expected" amount of data is transferred.
- (e) If NDAT = NDATB = 0 the "expected" amount of data is considered to be unknown. In this case the number of bytes transferred is given by the above rules except that NDATB is assigned an implicit value of 4 (the maximum number of blocks

which can be contained in the CTL buffer). In addition, if END (or matching EOSC) is received, the amount of data received is "returned" in NDATB and the first byte of DATADD: (NDATB contains the least significant byte of the 2 byte value returned).

Before the data is gathered from the bus, the talker address given by TALKP/TALKS is transmitted to the bus. If TALKS = 0, no secondary talk address is transmitted.

After data has been gathered, the universal untalk message (UNT) is transmitted to the bus.

COM 4 (LIS1P, LIS1S)

This command responds to a request for service, polls (serial poll) the device with address LIS1P/LIS1S (LIS1S = 0 means no secondary address) and returns the serial poll "status byte" to NIC. (The "status byte" consists of the uniline message, RQS, on data line 7 and STB on data lines 1-6 and 8. If the RQS message is true, the addressed device is requesting service; otherwise it is not. Status information may or may not be passed in the multi-line STB message. The C1000 passes no status information.)

It is noteworthy that the C1000 never requests service if ATN is inactive. Thus the first action in COM 4 is to activate ATN using the TCNTR command to the 8292. (This may cause problems with other devices.)

After the SRQ message is received by COM 4, the serial poll enable, SPE, message is sent followed by the address of the device to be polled. Next CTL goes to stand by to receive the "status byte" and return it to NIC provided CTL is not in the "automatic" (test) mode.

Next the universal untalk message (UNT) is sent followed by the serial poll disable message (SPD).

COM 7 (TALKP, TALKS)

This command passes each datum from the bus directly to NIC without using the CTL buffer. Thus, in a sense it is a combination of COM 2 and COM 6. Like COM 2 it addresses the talker using TALKP and TALKS. Using COM 7 it is possible to receive "files" of data longer than 1024 bytes.

COM 7 ends reception when the END message is received (EOI is asserted) with the last datum. When this happens the SRVC bit in the CTRL0 port is set such that the NIC instruction CTLRD of CTRLDC will "see" the 8th bit of ACC set to 1. It is reset before COM 7 returns.

Non-bus Commands

COM 5 (NDAT, NDATB, DATADD)

This command transfers data stored in CTL starting at DATADD to NIC. The use of NDAT and NDATB are as for COM 1.

COM 6 (NDAT, NDATB, DATADD)

This is the inverse of COM 5 i.e., data is transferred from NIC to CTL "buffer".

SECTION V Software Maintenance

In this section some miscellaneous information concerning software maintenance for both CTL and NIC is presented.

NIC Software

All NIC software was written in Nicolet Assembly Language using the Disk Editor (DISKED), and assembled using the Nicolet Disk Assembler (ASM), (see Appendix E). The source program MAIN is written in 6 segments which should be individually assembled. Any given segment is completely within a page (pages are 1024 words long starting at address 0), but there may be more than one segment per page (see Appendix C). Entry points external to a given segment are always given at the end of the segment (in a list of externals) where they are relatively easily accessible for change. It is important to make note of values assigned to these entry points so that software changes in one segment causing a change of entry point address will be changed in the list of externals of other segments.

The first segment (now called SEG1A) but latter versions may have a different suffix letter) is partitioned into 3 sub-segments called SEG1A1, SEG1A2, SEG1A3 for ease of transfer to backup disks. (A maximum of 4 complete tracks can be stored in data memory.) Before assembly these sub-segments should be combined into one segment using the DISKED K command.

The source software is also stored on floppy disk (in the Sykes Comm-Stor) using the DISKED L command on the complete source program. (All segments are combined using DISKED and the command K, NICP, SEG1A, SEG2A, SEG3, SEG4, SEG5, SEG6.)

Assuming that NICP has been created and DISKED has been invoked, the file can be transferred using the Comm-Stor command
IR#NICP#L#NICP.

I = Comm-Stor prompt.

R = Read and store from modem port.

NICP = Name to be assigned to the file (the name does not have to be the same as that being transferred.)

= Separator for a command to be sent out of the modem port prior to data reception.

L NICP is the DISKED command "list file NICP".

In order to transfer this program back to NIC, a NIC program

called COMNIC is available (see Appendix D). If COMNIC is not available in "run" form it should be assembled using ASM and overlayed on program MAIN since COMNIC uses several subroutines in MAIN. Assume MAIN has been loaded, simply use RUN LOADER followed by COMNIC:G.

COMNIC transmits a send command to Comm-Stor in the form !SMfile-name where file-name is given by the user in response to the query "FILE NAME?-". If the file exists in Comm-Stor, it will be transferred to NIC and stored under file-name:A. This new file will then be essentially identical to the one originally transferred from NIC and may be edited using DISKED.

CTL Software

The CTL software was written on a Tektronix 8002A Micro-Processor Lab using the resident editor with Zilog mnemonics and assembled using the resident assembler (see Appendix F). The source program is stored in 6 segments, partly for logical reasons and partly so that any given segment will fit into the 300 line buffer of the editor. The segments are as follows:

CTLSYM1 - The list of equates.

TTLMAC1 - Macro definitions.

CTLMAIN1 - Main control routine and ancillary routines.

TTLSUBS1 - All command subroutines except COM1.

TTLSUB01 - Command subroutine COM1 and the automatic TEST routine along with its BCD to ASCII routine.






CTLSTOR - Parameter table and other RAM storage definitions.

These source subroutines are stored on floppy disk with back up disks.

The machine code can be transferred to CTL in two ways. One method is via Tektronix WHEX files as described under mode 3 in Section II. This method is used for code that is to be downloaded into CTL RAM. The other method is to transfer the code into EPROM as described below.

The PROM burner used at PML is on a CP/M based system. Thus it is necessary to transfer machine code from the 8002A to a file in the CP/M based system. This is accomplished using the 8002A COMM command (see Tektronix 8001/8002 System User's Newsletter - Issue #11, Spring 1980) to send the file and program TEKHEC (listed in Appendix G) to receive the file. Modem port (J101) is used with

COMM - see figure 1 for the appropriate cabling diagram.

PIN#	<u>8002</u>	FUNCTION	CODE		<u>CP/M</u>	FUNCTION	CODE
2		Transmitted Data	TXD			Received Data	RXD
3		Received Data	RXD			Transmitted Data	TXD
5		Clear to send *	CTS			Request to Send	RTS
7		Signal ground	GND			Signal Ground	GND
8		Signal Detect	DCD			Data Terminal Ready	DTR

* A jumper on the Communication board may be changed to use PIN 6.

Notes

- (1) CTS must be on before the start of data transmission (before COMM is called). It may be set off during transmission to halt transmission.
- (2) DCD must be on before and during data transmission.
- (3) PIN 4 is the 8002 RTS line which is always ON. It may be used by the CP/M system if necessary.

Figure 1 - RS-232 Cabling Diagram for communications with the Tektronix 8002A J101 Modem Port.

The file transfer is initiated by first loading the assembled code to be transferred using the command LOAD "file", where "file" is the name of the file to be loaded. (Optionally, the memory area to be loaded can first be filled with hex FF so that areas of memory which will not contain code will contain FF. Use FILL start-address end-address FF.)

Next use the COMM command:

COMM P=0A.

This is followed with a request for a Formatted Upload by typing:

NULL start-address end-address CR

(NULL is SHIFT/CONTROL @)

APPENDIX A - Address Switch Description

The address switch chip contains six single pole, double throw switches. These switches are numbered (left to right) from 1 to 6. (Note switch 1 corresponds to "logical" switch 0.)

Switch 1 is the SYNC switch which may be used to initialize CTL as the system controller in charge of the bus. Normally (with the present software) this switch should be in the "set" position or "off" as marked on the switch. (Set means that SYNC is active.)

Switches 2-6 can be used to set the primary address of the CTL, switch 6 corresponds to the least significant bit of the 5 bit address etc. A switch in the off position means that the corresponding bit is set (to 1).

With the current software, the CTL can not be addressed as a talker/listener since it controls what devices are to talk and/or listen - CTL knows it is a listener if another device is asked to talk. Thus the address switches are not used as such, but are instead used to determine "automatic" or "manual" mode of operation of CTL as described in Section I. Again, a bit is "set" by putting the corresponding switch in the "off" position.

APPENDIX B Video Data files

Each pixel in a video frame (one or more scan lines of video) is an 8 bit byte representing a relative intensity value from 0 to 255. These bytes are packed 2.5 bytes per NIC 20 bit word. NIC data memory (starting at 100000) is used as a buffer to hold 4 tracks worth of data before it is written to the disk. These 4 tracks hold 6144 words or 15360 bytes of video data. This corresponds to 15, 30 and 60 scan lines at INT values 4, 2, 1 respectively. When unpacking the data for display (or other) purposes it is necessary to know the number of scan lines, n, and the value of INT which was used. This information (and more) is contained in the file directory as follows:

<u>Directory Word</u>	<u>Interpretation</u>
Core buffer address	Starting x-coordinate (binary form)
File size (words)	File size (words), (note 1,2)
Program starting address (PSA)	n and INT, (note 3)

The file starting track number is, of course, also included in the directory.

Note 1 - The last track will seldom be completely filled with video data.

Note 2 - The file size is actually the number of tracks times 1536 (3000 octal).

Note 3 - The interlace number (1, 2 or 4) is stored in bits 11-14 of the PSA and the number of lines, n, in bits 0-10.

APPENDIX C Memory Maps

<u>NIC</u>		<u>Memory Map</u>
Octal		
Addresses		
	0	
		Command Table
	23	
	71	
		Camera "Main"
SEG 1A	1432	
	1500	
		Command Subroutines
	1664	
	1665	
		Externals, Definitions and Common
	1740	

	2020	
SEG 2A	2343	Error and other Subroutines
	2344	
	2367	Externals, Definitions and Command
	2420	
SEG 3	2554	Disk I/o Routines
	2555	
	2567	Externals and Switch Storage
	2605	
SEG 4	3303	Packing Routines, etc.
	3304	
		External Reference
	3310	
SEG 5	3744	Tekhex "Routines"
	3745	
	3760	Externals, definition and scratch storage

	4010	
SEG6	4411	Miscellaneous Routines
	4412	
	4425	Externals and Definitions
	4632	
	5365	Nicbug II
	5366	
	5777	Not used

6000

|

Not used

7577

7600

|

Monitor Head

7777

Locations 100000 - 117777 are used for data storage. Note that the Nicolet computer has a 70000 (octal) gap between "program memory" and "data memory".

CTL Memory Map

Hex Addresses	
0 24	Intialization
38 CTLMAIN1 7F	Interrupt Routine
80 BF	Command Calls, etc.
C0 16F	Miscellaneous Routines
174 TTLSUBS1 323	All Command Subroutines Except COM1
324 TTLSUB01 41C	COM1 and TEST
41D ROM 7FF	Unused
800 813	Command Table
814 81B	Miscellaneous Data
81C 82F	Temporary State Storage on Interrupt
.	
.	

	.	Stack
	BFF	
	C00	
		Buffer
RAM	FFF	

APPENDIX D - COMNIC Source Listing


```

MEMM      IT
MEMA      NBYO
A+MM      NBYT
MEMZ      EOF      / IF EOF SET, WRAP UP.
JMP       COM1
JMS       ZRMEM
MEMA      C221      / 0 TO RESTART COMM-STON
JMS       JTYPE
JMP       COM2
COM3,     MEMA      IT
ACUM      JARG1
MEMA      IT
A+MA      IT
JMS       JMULT
3000
ACUM      JARG2
MEMA      BURS
ACUM      JARG3
MEMA      FIL1
ACUM      FILN1
MEMA      FIL2
A+MA      EXTRA      / EXTENSION A
ACUM      FILN2
JMS       JCLOSE
FILN1,    0
FILN2,    0
JMS       JREF
JMS       JUNK
25
0
TEXT      % NO. OF FACED BYTES-%
MEMA      NBYT
JMS       JPRTOT
JMP       JSYSTEM

/ END OF MAIN PROGRAM
ZRMEM,    0
MEMA      BURS
ACUM      POINT
MEMA      TRN12
ACUM      COUNT
COM1,     ZERM      JPOINT
MEMM      POINT
MMOMZ     COUNT
JMP       COM1
JMP       JZRMEM

COMSTO,   0
MEMA      STATE
AMU?      / IF STATE S4, DON'T SET DATA
ZERZ
JMP       S4
AFUA      / CHECK FOR S4 STATE FOR "MID" CHARS.
AFUA2
ZERZ
JMP       S4
JTYPE
JMP       # 1
RDITY
A+M2      C221      / 0
ZERZ
JMP       JSYSTEM / THIS IS A USER ESCAPE
A+M2      C222      / Z MEANS EOF
JMP       S12      / CHECK FOR S1 OR S2 STATE
ONEM      EOF

```



```

LINE M      OPER COUNT
MEMA      C14
JMP        COMSTE
512, M1M2  STATE 751 OR 520
JMP        S2
MMOM2     COUNT1 751 STATE
JMP        CHRCF
MEMOM     STATE
JMP        CHRCF
52,  A-M2  C215
JMP        CHRCF
MEMA      C217 75 TO STOP COMM STOP
JMS       TYPE
JMS       MCHRC
MEMA      C215
MEMOM     STATE
LINE M     DECOUNT
MEMOM     DECOUNT
JMP        COMSTE
53,  MMOM  STATE 751 STATE
MEM2      NCH
MEMOM     STATE 751 54 STATE
MEMA      C1
A-M2      NCH
A-M2      COUNT1
MEMA      C14
JMP        COMSTE
54,  MMOM2  NCH
ZERZ      STATE
MMOM      DECOUNT1
MEMA      POINT1
MEMOM     POINT1
CHRCF, A-M2  C211
ZERZ      COMSTE
JMP        C212
A-M2      COMSTE
ZERZ      C212
JMP        COMSTE
A-M2      C215
ZERZ      COMSTE
JMP        TEMP
A-M2      C240
EXCL      C240
JMP        BADC
MEMA      TEMP
JMP        COMSTE
BADC, MEMA  C240
COMSTE, JMP  COMSTO

MCHRC, 0
MEMA      C1 751 54 STATE
A-M2      TEMP
ZERZ      NCH
MEMA      C215
A-M2      POINT1
MCHRC1, TYPE
JMP        MCHRC2
KDELY
A-M2      DECOUNT1
MEMOM     POINT1
MEMOM     NCH
MEMOM     MCHRC1
MEMOM2  TEMP  DECREMENT TIME OUT COUNTER
JMP        MCHRC1
MEMA      C215 751 54 STATE

```

ALUM	POINT1
JMF	MDCHR

/

/ SCRATCH STORAGE

ITO,	0
POINT,	0
COUNT,	0
COUNT1,	0
NBYT,	0
STATE,	0
EOF,	0
TEMP,	0
NCH,	0
POINT1,	0
	0
	0
	0
	0
	0
	0

/

/ EXTERNAL REFERENCES

CRIF,	2736
UNF,	2650
FER,	3240
OPENW,	2420
PAFF,	3074
TYPE,	2731
WRITE,	2470
MULTF,	4175
CLOSE,	2451
FRTOCT,	2605
OARG1,	7770
OARG2,	7771
OARG3,	7772
SYSTR,	7600
PCOUNT,	3223

/

/CONSTANTS

EXFA,	1000000
C1,	6700

\$

APPENDIX E - MAIN Source Listing

#

```
-----  
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)  
// CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)  
// MAIN DRIVER PROGRAM FOR CAMERA CONTROL. THIS PROGRAM PERFORMS  
/ VARIOUS BASIC OPERATIONS HAVING TO DO WITH CONTROLLING THE  
/ HAMAMATSU C1000 CAMERA VIA THE NIC-488/CTL INTERFACE.  
/ IN ADDITION VARIOUS CONTROLLER FUNCTIONS ARE PERFORMED. EACH FUNCTION  
/ IS CALLED A MODE (OF OPERATION). AT PRESENT 7 MODES HAVE BEEN  
/ IMPLEMENTED AS FOLLOWS:  
/  
/ MODE1 - RESET THE CAMERA, CONTROLLER (NO LONGER HAVE TO BOOT LOAD)  
/ THIS OPERATION SHOULD USUALLY BE THE FIRST OPERATION ON SYSTEM  
/ START AND MAY BE REPEATED ANY TIME THE USER WISHES TO  
/ IN RAM WHICH MUST BE RELOADED EACH TIME THE CTL IS TURNED OFF.)  
/  
/ MODE2 - LOAD AND EXECUTE SPECIAL "COMMANDS". AT PRESENT THE  
/ CTL RECOGNIZES ONE OPTIONAL COMMAND (NO. 8). THIS  
/ COMMAND IS NOT PART OF THE MAIN SEQUENCE OF CTL PROGRAMS AND  
/ MUST BE LOADED BEFORE CALLING. AT PRESENT, IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE  
/ CORRESPONDING NIC COMMAND PROGRAM IS IN NIC CORE. THE MODE QUERY IS-  
/     COMMAND #?- (REPLY 8)  
/     FILE NAME?- (REPLY WITH THE NIC FILE TO BE LOADED)  
/     [OPTIONAL SPECIAL DATA, DEPENDING ON THE COMMAND]  
/  
/ MODE3 - TRANSFER AND TRANSFORM A TEKTRONIX 8002 TEK-HEX  
/ FILE FROM COMM-STOR TO A NIC LOAD FILE. THIS MODE PROVIDES FOR  
/ EASY TRANSFER OF ASSEMBLED Z-80 CODE TO NIC AND THENCE TO CTL.  
/ THE MODE QUERY IS -  
/     FILE NAME?- (RESPOND WITH THE COMM-STOR FILE NAME WHICH  
/     ALSO BECOMES THE NIC FILE NAME)  
/ NOTE- IF THE FILE DOES NOT EXIST IN COMMSTOR, THE USER WILL  
/ BE INFORMED OF THIS. HE MUST THEN TYPE ^Z TO GET PROGRAM CONTROL.  
/  
/ MODE4 - CAMERA SET-UP. USING THIS MODE, ANY OF 5 LEGITIMATE  
/ CAMERA SET-UP COMMANDS GIVEN IN CAMERA TABLE ARE SENT TO THE CAMERA.  
/ THE MODE QUERY IS -  
/     MNEMONIC?- (REPLY WITH ONE OF THE 3 LETTER MNEMONIC  
/     CODES: OUT INF XCO INT MAR  
/ THE CURRENT VALUE IS THEN PRINTED AFTER WHICH THE USER MAY TYPE  
/ IN A NEW VALUE OR CR TO RETAIN THE GIVEN ONE.  
/ NOTE THAT AT PRESENT THE USER SHOULD NOT CHANGE OUT WHICH GIVES  
/ THE FORMAT OF DATA SENT TO THE CAMERA. IT SHOULD STAY AT  
/ ITS DEFAULT VALUE OF 1 MEANING ASCII DATA.  
/  
/ MODE5 - OBTAIN A "FRAME" OF VIDEO DATA (THE SIZE OF A FRAME DEPENDS  
/ ON THE CAMERA TABLE VALUES FOR XCO AND INT AND ON THE COMMAND).  
/ THE MODE QUERY IS -
```

```

/      FILE NAME?- (REPLY WITH THE NAME OF THE NIC FILE TO RECEIVE
/      THE DATA OR WITH "PRINT" WHICH WILL CAUSE THE DATA TO BE
/      PRINTED BUT NOT STORED. IF "PRINT" IS GIVEN, THE ACTUAL FORM
/      OF THE PRINTED VIDEO DEPENDS ON THE INPUT FORMAT (INF). IF 1 OR 3,
/      THE DISPLAY IS 3 CHARACTER (000-256) FOLLOWED BY "BLANK", 16
/      PIXELS/LINE. IF 2, THE DISPLAY IS 2 CHARACTER HEX (00-FF) WITH
/      NO BLANKS AND 32 PIXELS/LINE.)
/      FRAME?- (REPLY WITH VI1,VII,VID FOR 1-LINE VIDEO, A FRAME
/      STARTING AT X-COORD GOING TO HIGHER X-VALUES, A FRAME
-----
/      CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
/      STARTING AT X-COORD GOING TO LOWER X-VALUES RESPECTIVELY.
/
/      MODE6 - TRANSFER CTL MEMORY TO NIC AT 100000 IN PACKED FORM.
/      THE MODE QUERY IS -
/      HEXN- (REPLY WITH 4 HEX DIGIT ADDRESS AND A SINGLE DIGIT
/      SPECIFYING THE NO. OF 256 BYTE BLOCKS WANTED.
/      E.G. 0C004 MEANS ADDRESS C00 AND 4 BLOCKS)
/      THE DATA OBTAINED MAY BE DISPLAYED BY CALLING MODE7
/
/      MODE7 - DISPLAY MEMORY IN HEX FORMAT. THE REGION DDISPLAYED STARTS
/      AT 100000 AND IS NW3 WORDS LONG WHERE NW3 IS OBTAINED BY RUNNING MODE3
/      OR MODE6. THE USER CAN ALSO CHANGE NW3 HOWEVER.
/      THE WORDS ARE ASSUMED TO BE IN PACKED FORM.
/
/      MODE8 - DISPLAY NIC WORDS IN HEX AND PERMIT THE USER TO CHANGE THE
/      DISPLAYED WORD (ALSO IN HEX). THIS MODE CAN BE USED TO PUT PROGRAM
/      PATCHES INTO CTL.
/      THE MODE QUERY IS -
/      OCT - ( REPLY WITH THE STARTING ADDRESS (OCTAL) OF NIC
/      MEMORY TO BE OBSERVED AND/OR CHANGED )
/      THE PROGRAM THEN DISPLAYS THE FIRST WORD AS 5 HEX DIGITS AND
/      WAITS FOR USER RESPONSE. A SPACE (OR ANY SEQUENCE OF 1 TO 4
/      CHARACTERS) THEN CR WILL CAUSE NO CHANGE.
/      IF 5 HEX CHARACTERS ARE ENTERED THEY WILL REPLACE THE DISPLAYED
/      WORD. THE NEXT WORD WILL THEN BE DISPLAYED, ETC. TO EXIT THIS
/      MODE REPLY WITH CR ONLY. THE CHANGED CODE CAN BE
/      LOADED INTO CTL MEMORY VIA MODE 1 WITH A NON-EXISTANT FILE
/      NAME.
/
/      THE USER MAY EXIT CTLSYS VIA NICBUG TO NICSYS AND STORE THIS PROGRAM
/      DATA FOR LATER USE. USE STORE NAME 100000-100632;100000:P
/
/      NOTE -- WHEN RESPONDING TO A QUERY, THE USER MAY TYPE ^G TO ABORT
/      THE MODE. TYPING ^Q WILL BRING THE USER TO NICBUG (IF LOADED).
/      VALUE ASSIGNED TO ABORT.
//      PARAMETER TABLE
/      0          0 COMN,    0

```

```

1      0 NLIST, 0
2      0 LIS1P, 0
3      0 LIS1S, 0
4      0 LIS2P, 0
5      0 LIS2S, 0
6      0 LIS3P, 0
7      0 LIS3S, 0
10     0 TALKP, 0
11     0 TALKS, 0
12     0 EOSC, 0
13     0 NDAT, 0
14     0 NDATB, 0
15     0 DATAL, 0
16     0 DATAH, 0
17     0 RETAL, 0
20     0 RETAH, 0
21     0 MESS, 0

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

```

22     0 DUM1, 0
23     0 DUM2, 0

```

/

DEFINITIONS

```

LISTEN=40      /OCTAL BASE FOR LISTENERS
TALK=100       /OCTAL BASE FOR TALK
CTL=1         /ADDRESS ASSIGNED TO CONTROLLER
CAMERA=2       /ADDRESS ASSIGNED TO CAMERA
BASE=140       /BASE FOR CAMERA "SECONDARY ADDRESSES"
OUTF=1        /OUTPUT FORMAT (1,2)
INF=2         /INPUT FORMAT (1,2,3)
XCOORD=3       /X-COORDINATE (0 - 1023)
INTERL=4       /INTERLACE (1,2,4)
HORRES=5       /HORIZONTAL RESOLUTION (1,2,3,4)
EXTAN=6        /EXTERNAL ANALOG (1=OFF)
MARK=7         /MARKER ON/OFF (1=ON)
VIDIN=10       /VIDEO INPUT
VIDINI=11      /VIDEO IN & INCREMENT
VIDIND=12      /VIDEO IN & DECREMENT
SLICE=13       /SLICE INPUT
SLICEI=14      /SLICE IN & INCREMENT
SLICED=15      /SLICE IN & DECREMENT
BUFFER=16      /BUFFER DISPLAY/

```

/

```

CTLCF=4062
CTLRD=44064
CTLRDC=44066
CTLSK=6064
CTLWR=4071

```

CTLR=4072

```
// CAMERA TABLE (DEFINES CAMERA COMMANDS AND MNEMONICS)
/ EACH ENTRY CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING DATA IN THE SEQUENCE SHOWN-
/   MNEMONIC - 3 LETTERS IN PACKED ASCII (RIGHT JUSTIFIED)
/   CODE - OCTAL SECONDARY ADDRESS DEFINING THE COMMAND
/   NNIB - NO. OF NIBBLES IN THE COMMAND DATA (0-5)
/   C-DATA - UP TO 5 NIBBLES OF NUMERICAL DATA (LEFT JUST.)
```

24	576564	CTABLE, 0576564 /OUTPUT FORMAT (OUT)
25	141	BASE+OUTF
26	1	1
27	200000	0200000 /DEFAULT 1
30	515646	0515646 /INPUT FORMAT (INF)
31	142	BASE+INF
32	1	1
33	200000	0200000 /DEFAULT 1
34	704357	0704357 /X-COORD (XCO)
35	143	BASE+XCOORD
36	3	3
37	1211000	1211000 /DEFAULT 512
40	515664	0515664 /INTERLACE (INT)
41	144	BASE+INTERL
42	1	1
43	400000	0400000 /DEFAULT 2
44	554162	0554162 /MARKER ON/OFF (MAR)

```
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)
45 147 BASE+MARK
46 1 1
47 0 0 /DEFAULT 0
50 665121 0665121 /1-LINE VIDEO (VI1)
51 150 BASE+VIDIN
52 0 0
53 0 0
54 665151 0665151 /1-LINE VIDEO + INCREMENT (VII)
55 151 BASE+VIDINI
56 0 0
57 0 0
60 665144 0665144 /1-LINE+DECREMENT (VID)
61 152 BASE+VIDIND
62 0 0
63 0 0
64 426546 0426546 /BUFFER DISPLAY (BUF)
65 156 BASE+BUFFER
66 0 0
67 0 0
70 300 300 /0 TO TERMINATE THE TABLE
71 3001700 START, JMS 00RLF
72 3001676 JMS 00NP
```

73	7	7
74	0	0
75	5557	TEXT % MO
76	444537	DE?
77	157700	-%
100	3001667	RPT, JMS @ECHO
101	462223	A-MZ (223 /CONTROL G
102	2162000	ZERZ
103	1001730	JMP @APORT
104	462261	A-MZ ("1
105	2162000	ZERZ
106	134	JMP MODE1
107	462262	A-MZ ("2
110	2162000	ZERZ
111	216	JMP MODE2
112	462263	A-MZ ("3
113	2162000	ZERZ
114	263	JMP MODE3
115	462264	A-MZ ("4
116	2162000	ZERZ
117	365	JMP MODE4
120	462265	A-MZ ("5
121	2162000	ZERZ
122	560	JMP MODE5
123	462266	A-MZ ("6
124	2162000	ZERZ
125	1265	JMP MODE6
126	462267	A-MZ ("7
127	2162000	ZERZ
130	1325	JMP MODE7
131	462270	A-MZ ("8
132	71	JMP START
133	1345	JMP MODE8

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

/

/

////////////////////////////////////

134	2170000	MODE1, ZERA	/DUMMY
135	2410000	ACCA	/IF NO FILE, ASSUME IT IS ALREADY IN CORE (1
136	3001711	JMS	@ZERTAB /ZERO THE COMMAND TABLE
137	0	TABLA	
/ INITIALIZE THE CAMERA TABLE TO DEFAULT VALUES			
140	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
141	576564	0576564	
142	0	0	
143	200000	0200000	
144	1	1	
145	24	CTABLE	

146	1	1	
147	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
150	515646	0515646	
151	0	0	
152	200000	0200000	
153	1	1	
154	24	CTABLE	
155	1	1	
156	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
157	704357	0704357	
160	0	0	
161	1211000	1211000	
162	3	3	
163	24	CTABLE	
164	1	1	
165	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
166	515664	0515664	
167	0	0	
170	400000	0400000	
171	1	1	
172	24	CTABLE	
173	1	1	
174	3001710	JMS	@SEARCH
175	554162	0554162	
176	0	0	
177	0	0	
200	1	1	
201	24	CTABLE	
202	1	1	
203	4072	CTLRS	/RESET THE CTL
204	2170000	ZERA	/FORCE CTL TO ROOT LOAD
205	2165663	ZERM	SCILC
206	2170000	ZERA	
207	2170000	ZERA	
210	2170000	ZERA	
211	2170000	ZERA	
212	2170000	ZERA	
213	2170000	ZERA	
214	4062	CTLCF	/CLEAR
215	71	JMP	START

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

/

////////////////////////////////////

/

216	3001715	MODE2,	JMS	@GETFIL	/PUT FILE IN NIC CORE
217	71	JMP	START	/ERROR EXIT FROM GETFIL	
220	3001700	JMS	@CRLF		

```

221 3001676 MODE21, JMS @UNP
222 13 13
223 0 0
224 4357 TEXT % CO
225 555541 MMA
226 564403 ND#
227 371577 ?-%
230 3001711 JMS @ZERTAR
231 0 TABLA
232 3001667 JMS @ECHO
233 2405413 ACCM TEMP /COMMAND SHOULD BE ASCII 270
234 462270 A-MZ (270
235 240 JMP #+3
236 110011 MEMA (11 /STORE AT 900H
237 243 JMP #+4
240 462270 A-MZ (270
241 221 JMP MODE21 /WRONG COMMAND #
242 110011 MEMA (11 /STORE AT 900H
243 2404016 ACCM DATAH
244 2111724 MEMA BUFS /SET UP COMMAND TABLE FOR FILE TRANS
245 2404001 ACCM NLIST
246 110005 MEMA (5
247 2404000 ACCM COMN
250 110002 MEMA (2 /ASSUME 2 256 BYTE BLOCKS FOR TRANSI
251 2404014 ACCM NDATB
252 2164022 ZERM DUM1
253 2001541 JMS COM5
254 2111413 MEMA TEMP
255 462270 A-MZ (270
256 261 JMP #+3
NL COM8 AT 257 JMS @COM8
257 3000257 JMP #+2
260 262
NL COM8 AT 261 JMS @COM8
261 3000257 JMP START
262 71

/
/
////////////////////////////////////
/
263 2000352 MODE3, JMS FILEQ
264 3001703 JMS @PKR
265 277 FIL1
266 0 NW1, 0
267 3001700 JMS @CRLF
270 110003 MEMA (3
271 2510266 A+MA NW1

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

```

272 2404274      ACCM      NW2
273 3001676      JMS      @UNP      /SEND COMMAND TO COMM-STOR TO SEND I
274           0 NW2,      0
275           1          1
276      16300      16300
277           0 FIL1,      BLOCK      2
301      770000      0770000
302 3001702      JMS      @PAKF      /RECEIVE THE DATA AND PACK IT
303           342      COMSTO
304      100000      100000
305           0          0
306      100000      100000
307           0 NBYTES,      0
310 2110307      MEMAZ      NBYTES
311 2404316      ACCM      NW3
312 4700004      A-MZ      14
313           5144      EXCF      AC19
314           263      JMP      MODE3
315 3001706      JMS      @TEKHEX
316           0 NW3,      0
317           0 NBY5,      0
320 2110316      MEMA      NW3
321 2404325      ACCM      NW4
322 2111724      MEMA      BUFS
323 3405722      ACCM      @OARG3
324 3001707      JMS      @NICEFIL
325           0 NW4,      0
326      277      FIL1
327      331      JMP      MODE31      /ERROR RETURN FROM NICEFIL-NO ROOM
330      71      JMP      START
331 3001676 MODE31, JMS      @UNP
332           21
333      5657      TEXT % NO
334      6257      RO
335      575500      OM
336      465762      FOR
337      4651      FI
340      544577      LE%
341 1001730      JMP      @ABORT
342           0 COMSTO,      0
343      6454      TTYRF
344      343      JMP      #-1
345      44453      RDTTY
346      462232      A-MZ      (232      /CHECK FOR ^Z (END OF FILE)
347 1000342      JMP      @COMSTO
350 3025732      ONEM      @PCOUNT
351 1000342      JMP      @COMSTO
/ NOTE THAT SETTING PCOUNT TO 1 FORCES PAKF TO STOP. COMM-STOR
/ SHOULD BE CONFIGURED TO SEND EOF.

```

```
// SUBROUTINE FILEQ
/ PURPOSE -- SEND MESSAGE - FILE NAME?-
```

```
352      0 FILEQ, 0
353 3001700      JMS      @CRLF
354 3001676      JMS      @UNP
355      14      14
```

```
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
```

```
356      0      0
357      4651      TEXT      % FI
360 544500      LE
361 564155      NAM
362 453715      E?-
363 770000      %
364 1000352      JMP      @FILEQ
```

```
/
/
//
/
```

```
365 3001711 MODE4, JMS      @ZERTAB
366      0      TABLA
367 110005      MEMA      (5
370 2404000      ACCM      COMM      /INITIALIZE COMMAND TABLE FOR DATA
371 110311      MEMA      (311      /FROM NIC TO CTL
372 2404001      ACCM      NLIST
373 110014      MEMA      (14
374 2404016      ACCM      DATAH
375 2144022      MONM      DUM1      /WILL BE SENDING NIBBLES
376 3001676 MODE41, JMS      @UNP
377      13      13
400      0      0
401      5556      TEXT      % MH
402 455557      EMO
403 565143      NIC
404 371577      ?-%
405 3001703      JMS      @PKR
406      416      FIL2
407      0 NC,      0
410 3001700      JMS      @CRLF
411 2164423      ZERM      FLAG
412 2110407      MEMA      NC
413 462003      A-MZ      (3      /MUST HAVE 3 CHARS.
414      376      JMP      MODE41
415 3001710      JMS      @SEARCH
416      0 FIL2,      0
417      0 CODE,      0
420      0 VAL,      0
421      0 NBYTE,      0
422      24      CTABLE
```

```

423      0 FLAG, 0
424 2102423 MEMZ FLAG
425      376 JMP MODE41 /NON-ZERO FLAG MEANS MNEMONIC NOT F
426 2112421 MEMAZ NBYTE
427      431 JMP #+2
430      475 JMP MODE42
431 2404436 ACCM NBY1
432 2110416 MEMA FIL2
433 2404466 ACCM MM1
434 3001701 JMS @UNPF /DISPLAYS THE NIBBLES
435      2330 HEXTA /TYPE1 CONVERTS 4 BIT HEX TO NIC-ASCII AND
436      0 NBY1, 0
437 3777777 7777777 /-1 FOR NIBBLES

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

```

440      420 VAL
441 110240 MEMA (240
442 3001677 JMS @TYPE
443 3001677 JMS @TYPE
444 3001677 JMS @TYPE
445 2000505 JMS NIB /PACK THE USER GIVEN NIBBLES
446      470 VAL4
447      0 NBY2, 0
450 3001700 JMS @CRLF
451 2112447 MEMAZ NBY2 /IF NO BYTES, USE DEFAULT
452      460 JMP #+6
453 2110420 MEMA VAL
454 2404002 ACCM LIS1P
455 2110421 MEMA NBYTE
456 2404013 ACCM NDAT
457      474 JMP MODE43
460 2404013 ACCM NDAT
461 2404471 ACCM NBY4
462 2110470 MEMA VAL4
463 2404002 ACCM LIS1P
464 2024473 ONEM FLG4
465 3001710 JMS @SEARCH /UPDATE THE C-TABLE WITH THE NEW VAL
466      0 MM1, 0
467      0 0
470      0 VAL4, 0
471      0 NBY4, 0
472      24 CTABLE
473      0 FLG4, 0
474 2001541 MODE43, JMS COM5
475 2024000 MODE42, ONEM COMN /SET THE COMMAND TABLE FOR CTL-CAM
476 2024001 ONEM NLIST
477 110042 MEMA (LISTEN+CAMERA
500 2404002 ACCM LIS1P
501 2110417 MEMA CODE

```

```

502 2404003      ACCM      LIS1S
503 2001500      JMS       COM1
504      71 MODE44, JMP     START

```

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

```

// SUBROUTINE NIB(VALA,NNIB)

```

```

/ PURPOSE -- PACKS NNIB USER GIVEN NUMBERS INTO THE LOCATION
/           GIVEN BY VALUA. UP TO 5 NIBBLES ,LEFT JUSTIFIED 0 FILL
/           MAY BE PACKED. THE NUMBER OF NIBBLES IS RETURNED IN NNIB
/           AND IS DETERMINED BY CR.

```

```

505      0 NIB,      0
506 3001702      JMS      @PAKF
507      552      ECHO1
510      6
511      0
512      1770      PENDA
513      0 NNIB,    0
514 2110513      MEMA      NNIB
515 3404547      ACCM      @COUNTN
516      110006      MEMA      (6
517 3404546      ACCM      @WCNT
520 2711723      MMOA      PEND

```

```

-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)

```

```

521 3404544      ACCM      @WPNT
522 3164545      ZERM      @WORD
523 2111723      MEMA      PEND
524 3544551      AMOM      @APNT
525 3024550      ONEM      @BCNT
526 3001704      JMS       @DEC
527 3110505      MEMA      @NIB
530 2405413      ACCM      TEMP
531 3110545      MEMA      @WORD
532 3405413      ACCM      @TEMP
533 2124505      MPOM      NIB
534 2110513      MEMA      NNIB
535 3544505      AMOM      @NIB
536 462006      A-MZ      (6
537      542      JMP       NIB3
540 3111723      MEMA      @PEND
541 3405413      ACCM      @TEMP
542 2124505 NIB3,  MPOM      NIB
543 1000505      JMP       @NIB

```

```

/-1 BECAUSE OF CR
/IF HAVE FULL WORD, GET FROM PEND

```

```

/COMMON DEFINITION

```

```

544      3414 WPNT,      WPNTD
545      3415 WORD,      WPNTD+1
546      3416 WCNT,      WPNTD+2
547      3417 COUNTN,    WPNTD+3
550      3420 BCNT,      WPNTD+4
551      3421 APNT,      WPNTD+5

```

////////////////////////////////////}

```

552      0 ECHO1, 0
553 3001667      JMS      @ECHO
554 462215      A-MZ      (215
555 1000552      JMP      @ECHO1
556 3025732      ONEM     @PCOUNT
557 1000552      JMP      @ECHO1

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

560 3001711 MODE5, JMS      @ZERTAB
561      0      TABLA
562 2111734      MEMA      T3      /SET DIVIDE ARGUMENTS
563 2405202      ACCM      REM2
564 110005      MEMA      (5
565 2405005      ACCM      REM
566 2405170      ACCM      REM1
567 110044      MEMA      (44      /SET POLL STATUS BYTE COUNTER
570 2405540      ACCM      NCNT
571 2000352      JMS      FILEQ      /GET FILE NAME, MAY BE "PRINT"
572 3001703      JMS      @PKR
573 1260      FILNM
574      0
575 3001700      JMS      @CRLF
576 3001710      JMS      @SEARCH /GET SOME CAMERA PARAMETERS TO DFTEI
577 704357      0704357 /SPACE REQUIREMENTS
600      0

```

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)

```

601      0 VALM5, 0
602      0 NBM5, 0
603 24      CTABLE
604      0
605 2110601      MEMA      VALM5
606 2404612      ACCM      VALM51
607 2110602      MEMA      NBM5
610 2404613      ACCM      NBM51
611 3001705      JMS      @NIBBIN /CONVERT TO BINARY INTEGER
612      0 VALM51, 0
613      0 NBM51, 0
614 12      12
615      0 BIN, 0
616 3001710      JMS      @SEARCH /LOOK AT INTERLACE TO GET NO. OF ELI
617 515664      0515664
620      0
621      0 VALM52, 0
622      0

```

623	24		CTABLE	
624	0		0	
625	2110621		MEMA	VALM52 /GET INTERLACE NIBBLE AND CONVERT TO
626	5044		LLSH	4
627	2404676		ACCM	INT
630	2025414		ONEM	N /N IS THE NO. OF LINES/FRAME; DEFAULT
631	3001676	MOD50,	JMS	@UNP
632	10		10	
633	0		0	
634	4662		TEXT	% FR
635	415545	AME		
636	371577	?-%		
637	3001703		JMS	@PKR
640	1415		FILM5	
641	0		0	
642	3001700		JMS	@CRLF
643	2111415		MEMA	FILM5
644	2404647		ACCM	FILM51
645	2164654		ZERM	FLGM5
646	3001710		JMS	@SEARCH /GET CORRESPONDING CODE
647	0	FILM51,	0	
650	0	CODM5,	0	
651	0		0	
652	0		0	
653	24		CTABLE	
654	0	FLGM5,	0	
655	2702654		MMOZ	FLGM5 /FLAG=1 MEANS WRONG COMMAND
656	660		JMP	#+2
657	631		JMP	MOD50
660	2110650		MEMA	CODM5
661	462150		A-MZ	(BASE+VIDIN
662	664		JMP	#+2
663	701		JMP	MODE51 /N=1 FOR VIDIN, ELSE CALCULATE N=
664	462151		A-MZ	(BASE+VIDIN
665	672		JMP	MODE52 /((1024-XCOORD)*INT/4 OR
666	111777		MEMA	(1777 / (XCOORD+1)*INT/4
667	2430000		APOA	

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

670	2470615		A-MA	RIN
671	675		JMP	MODE53
672	462152	MODE52,	A-MZ	(BASE+VIDIN
673	631		JMP	MOD50
674	2130615		MPOA	RIN
675	3001712	MODE53,	JMS	@MULTP
676	0	INT,	0	
677	405022		RISH	2 /DIVIDE BY 4
700	2405414		ACCM	N
701	3001710	MODE51,	JMS	@SEARCH / FIND THE NO. OF BYTES/LINE


```

702 515646      0515646 /INF
703          0      0
704          0 VALM53, 0
705          0      0
706          24      CTABLE
707          0      0
710 2165430      ZERM      FACT1
711 2110704      MEMA      VALM53
712          5044      LLSH      4      /CHANGE TO 1,2 OR 3
713 2404704      ACCM      VALM53
714          110004      MEMA      (4      /NO. OF BYTES/LINE=256*INT*
715 2404730      ACCM      FACTOR      / (4 OR 1 OR 4 + 0 OR 0 OR 1/16)
716 2110704      MEMA      VALM53
717          462002      A-MZ      (2
720          722      JMP      #+2
721 2024730      ONEM      FACTOR
722          462003      A-MZ      (3
723          726      JMP      #+3
724          110020      MEMA      (20
725 2405430      ACCM      FACT1
726 2110676      MEMA      INT
727 3001712      JMS      @MULTP
730          0 FACTOR, 0
731 2405416      ACCM      NDATR1      /NO. OF 256 BYTE BLOCKS/LINE
732 3001712      JMS      @MULTP
733          400      400
734 2511430      A+MA      FACT1
735 2405213      ACCM      NWORD      /TOTAL NO. OF BYTES/LINE
/ CHECK FOR CTL BUFFER OVERFLOW
736 2111740      MEMA      BFSZ
737 2471213      A-MA      NWORD
740          5104      SKIP      AC19
741          755      JMP      MOD53A
742 3001676      JMS      @UNP
743          22      22
744          1      1
745          4350      TEXT % CH
746 415647      ANG
747 450051      E I
750 564600      NF
751 576200      OR
752 515664      INT
753 770000      %
754          1264      JMP      MOD5E
/ IF INF IS NOT 2 OR IF THE FILE NAME IS PRI(NT), THE CAMERA
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
/ VIDEO IS PRINTED ONLY AND NO FILE IS CREATED ON THE DISK.
755 2025417 MOD53A, ONEM      PRTFLG /1 MEANS THIS IS A "PRINT FILE"

```

756	3165725	ZERM	@SMODE	/SET SENDF MODE SWITCH
757	110100	MEMA	(100	
760	3405726	ACCM	@SWCNT	
761	3405727	ACCM	@SWCNT0	
762	2110704	MEMA	VALM53	
763	462002	A-MZ	(2	
764	1045	JMP	MODE59	/IF INF .NE. 2 THEN IS PRINT FILE B!
765	2111260	MEMA	FILNM	/SEE IF PRINT
766	2463733	A-MZ	PRI	/PRI=PACKED "PRI"
767	775	JMP	MOD54	
770	3025725	ONEM	@SMODE	
771	110040	MEMA	(40	
772	3405726	ACCM	@SWCNT	
773	3405727	ACCM	@SWCNT0	
774	1045	JMP	MODE59	
/ FOR A DISK FILE , WE HAVE TO ESTIMATE THE SPACE REQUIRED, OPEN THE				
/ FILE ETC.				
775	2165417	MOD54,	ZERM	PRTFLG
776	2111213		MEMA	NWORD
777	2405003		ACCM	#+4
1000	2111414		MEMA	N
1001	5001		LASH	1
1002	3001712		JMS	@MULTP
1003	0		0	
1004	3001713		JMS	@DIVDE
1005	0	REM,	0	/DIVIDE BY 5
1006	2425421		APOM	SIZE
1007	2111005		MEMA	REM
1010	470003		A-MA	(3
1011	5104		SKIP	AC19
1012	2125421		MPOM	SIZE
1013	3165721		ZERM	@OARG2
1014	2111260		MEMA	FILNM
1015	2405021		ACCM	FILNM1
1016	2111261		MEMA	FILNM+1
1017	2405022		ACCM	FILNM1+1
1020	3001672		JMS	@CLOSE
1021	0		FILNM1,	0
1022	0		0	
1023	3165720		ZERM	@OARG1
1024	2111421		MEMA	SIZE
1025	3405721		ACCM	@OARG2
1026	3001670		JMS	@OPENW
1027	3111721		MEMA	@OARG2
1030	2471421		A-MA	SIZE
1031	5104		SKIP	AC19
1032	1042		JMP	MODE56
1033	3001676		JMS	@UNP
1034	10		10	

1035	1	1
1036	5657	TEXT % NO
1037	6257	RO
1040	575577	OM%

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

1041	1264	JMP	MODE5E	
1042	3111720	MODE56,	MEMA	@OARG1
1043	2405422	ACCM	ITO	/STARTING TRACK FOR THE FILE
1044	2405224	ACCM	IT	
1045	2110676	MODE59,	MEMA	/GET APPROPRIATE VALUES ASSOCIATED
1046	462004	A-MZ	(4	/LIMITS FOR STORING THE DATA
1047	1056	JMP	MODE57	/AND FOR PAUSE
1050	110017	MEMA	(17	
1051	2405420	ACCM	J1	
1052	110004	MEMA	(4	
1053	2405423	ACCM	L1	
1054	2111737	MEMA	PA4	
1055	1073	JMP	MODE55	
1056	462002	MODE57,	A-MZ	(2
1057	1066	JMP	MODE58	
1060	110036	MEMA	(36	
1061	2405420	ACCM	J1	
1062	110002	MEMA	(2	
1063	2405423	ACCM	L1	
1064	2111736	MEMA	PA2	
1065	1073	JMP	MODE55	
1066	110074	MODE58,	MEMA	(74
1067	2405420	ACCM	J1	
1070	110020	MEMA	(20	
1071	2405423	ACCM	L1	
1072	2111735	MEMA	PA1	
1073	2405126	MODE55,	ACCM	PAUC
1074	2111414	MEMA	N	/SET COUNTER WITH THE TOTAL NO. OF L
1075	2405424	ACCM	COUNT	

/SET UP THE FIXED PORTION OF THE COMMAND TABLE

1076	110014	MEMA	(14	
1077	2404016	ACCM	DATAH	
1100	110102	MEMA	(TALK+CAMERA	
1101	2404010	ACCM	TALKP	
1102	2164011	ZERM	TALKS	
1103	110150	MEMA	(BASE+VIDIN	/VI1 FIRST TIME THROUGH
1104	2404003	ACCM	LIS1S	
1105	2024022	ONEM	DUM1	/DATA IS PACKED UNLESS PRINTED
1106	2703417	MMOZ	PRTFLG	
1107	2164022	ZERM	DUM1	
1110	2165425	MODE5I,	ZERM	NBYT5 /I LOOP
1111	2111420	MEMA	J1	
1112	2405426	ACCM	J	

1113	2024000	MODE5J,	ONEM	COMN	/SEND
1114	2024001		ONEM	NLIST	
1115	2164013		ZERM	NDAT	
1116	2164014		ZERM	NDATB	
1117	110042		MEMA	(LISTEN+CAMERA	
1120	2404002		ACCM	LIS1P	
1121	2001500		JMS	COM1	
1122	110004		MEMA	(4	/POLL
1123	2404000		ACCM	COMN	
1124	2164003		ZERM	LIS1S	
1125	3001716		JMS	@PAUSE	
1126		0 PAUC,	0		

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

1127	2001516		JMS	COM4	
1130	110002		MEMA	(2	/RECV
1131	2404000		ACCM	COMN	
1132	2111416		MEMA	NDATB1	
1133	2404014		ACCM	NDATB	
1134	2001507		JMS	COM2	
1135	110006		MEMA	(6	/NICO
1136	2404000		ACCM	COMN	
1137	2111724		MEMA	BUFS	
1140	2404001		ACCM	NLIST	
1141	2111426		MEMA	J	
1142	2463420		A-MZ	J1	
1143	2144001		MONM	NLIST	/DON'T RESET COM6 EXCEPT WHEN J=1
1144	2001604		JMS	COM6	
1145	2110650		MEMA	COM5	/FOR NEXT PASSES
1146	2404003		ACCM	LIS1S	
1147	2111213		MEMA	NWORD	
1150	2505425		A+MM	NBYT5	/ACCUMULATE TOTAL NO. OF BYTES
1151	2707424		MMOMZ	COUNT	
1152	1154		JMP	#+2	
1153	1164		JMP	MOD5J1	
1154	2707426		MMOMZ	J	
1155	2162000		ZERZ		
1156	1161		JMP	MOD5J0	
1157	2703417		MMOZ	PRTFLG	
1160	1113		JMP	MODE5J	
1161	110004	MOD5J0,	MEMA	(4	
1162	2405427		ACCM	NTRCK	
1163	1206		JMP	MOD5J2	
1164	2111425	MOD5J1,	MEMA	NBYT5	
1165	3001712		JMS	@MULTP	
1166	2		2		
1167	3001713		JMS	@DIVDE	/DIVIDE BY 5
1170	0	REM1,	0		
1171	2425431		APOM	SUM	/MUST HAVE A REMAINDER

1172	2111170	MEMA	REM1
1173	470003	A-MA	(3
1174	5104	SKIP	AC19
1175	2125431	MPOM	SUM
1176	2170000	ZERA	/GET READY FOR DIVIDE
1177	4354	TACMQ	
1200	2111431	MEMA	SUM
1201	3001713	JMS	@DIVDE
1202	0	REM2,	0
1203	2405427	ACCM	NTRCK
1204	2103202	MEMZ	REM2
1205	2125427	MPOM	NTRCK
1206	2703417	MOD5J2, MMOZ	PRTFLG /PRINT OR STORE?
1207	1217	JMP	MOD5J3
1210	3001700	JMS	@CRLF
1211	3001701	JMS	@UNPF
1212	4242	SENDFA	
1213	0	NWORD,	0
1214	1		1
1215	100000		/DATA IS NOT PACKED FOR PRINT
			100000

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

1216	1234	JMP	MOD5J4
1217	2111427	MOD5J3, MEMA	NTRCK /STORE THE PACKED DATA ON NTRCKS TR.
1220	2405432	ACCM	K
1221	2111724	MEMA	BUFS /POINTS TO START OF BUFFER AREA
1222	2405226	ACCM	ISTART
1223	3001673	MOD5K, JMS	@WRITE /START OF K LOOP
1224	0	IT,	0
1225	3000	TRKSZ,	3000
1226	0	ISTART,	0
1227	2125224	MPOM	IT
1230	2111225	MEMA	TRKSZ
1231	2505226	A+MM	ISTART
1232	2707432	MMOMZ	K
1233	1223	JMP	MOD5K
1234	2103424	MOD5J4, MEMZ	COUNT
1235	1110	JMP	MODE5I /END OF I-LOOP
1236	2703417	MMOZ	PRTFLG /IF THIS IS A PRINT FLAG GOTO THE E
1237	1241	JMP	#+2
1240	1264	JMP	MOD5E
1241	3111731	MEMA	@SYSTRT /SAVE TO RESTORE
1242	2405413	ACCM	TEMP
1243	2110676	MEMA	INT /CLOSE THE FILE
1244	5070	RLSH	10 /THE INTERLACE NO. IS STORED AS THE
1245	2511414	A+MA	N /ORDER BITS OF THE PSA PORTION OF TI
1246	3405731	ACCM	@SYSTRT /DIRECTORY ENTRY; THE NO. OF LINES
1247	2111422	MEMA	ITO /IN THE LOW ORDER BITS
1250	3405720	ACCM	@OARG1

1251	2111224	MEMA	IT	
1252	2471422	A-MA	ITO	
1253	3405722	ACCM	@OARG3	MEMA BIN
1254	3001712	JMS	@MULTP	/NO. OF TRACKS STORED IN CORE BUFFE
1255	3000	3000		x c
1256	3405721	ACCM	@OARG2	
1257	3001672	JMS	@CLOSE	
1260	0	FILNM,	0	
1261	0		0	
1262	2111413	MEMA	TEMP	
1263	3405731	ACCM	@SYSTRT	
1264	71	MODE5,	JMP	START

LIST

/

1265	3001676	MODE6,	JMS	@UNP	
1266	5		5		
1267	0		0		
1270	504570		TEXT	%HEX	
1271	561577	N-%			
1272	2000505		JMS	NIB	
1273	1414		N		
1274	0	NBY6,	0		
1275	2111274	MEMA	NBY6		
1276	462005	A-MZ	(5		
1277	1265	JMP	MODE6		/MUST GET 4 NIBBLES FOR ADDRESS AND
1300	2111414	MEMA	N		/1 FOR NO. OF BLOCKS (EG. 0C001)
1301	10007	ANDA	(7		
1302	2404014	ACCM	NDATB		

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

1303	2164013	ZERM	NDAT	
1304	2111414	MEMA	N	
1305	5064	RLSH	4	/GET LOW ADDRESS
1306	10377	ANDA	(377	/MASK IT
1307	2404015	ACCM	DATAL	/STORE FOR TRANSMISSION
1310	2111414	MEMA	N	
1311	5074	RLSH	14	/GET HIGH ADDRESS
1312	10377	ANDA	(377	
1313	2404016	ACCM	DATAL	
1314	2164022	ZERM	DUM1	
1315	2111724	MEMA	BUFS	
1316	2404001	ACCM	NLIST	
1317	110006	MEMA	(6	
1320	2404000	ACCM	COMN	
1321	2001604	JMS	COM6	
1322	2111640	MEMA	NBYT1	/TRANSFER NO. OF BYTES RECEIVED
1323	2404317	ACCM	NBY5	/FOR POSSIBLE MODE 7 CALL.
1324	71	JMP	START	

/

1325	3025725	MODE7,	ONEM	@SMODE	/SET UP FOR SENDF
1326	110020		MEMA	(20	
1327	3405726		ACCM	@SWCNT	
1330	3405727		ACCM	@SWCNT0	
1331	3001700		JMS	@CRLF	
1332	3001700		JMS	@CRLF	
1333	2110317		MEMA	NBY5	/NO. OF BYTES
1334	2405337		ACCM	MOD7 1	
1335	3001701		JMS	@UNPF	
1336	4242		SENDFA		
1337	0	MOD7 1,	0		
1340	0		0		
1341	100000		100000		
1342	3001700		JMS	@CRLF	
1343	3001700		JMS	@CRLF	
1344	71		JMP	START	
/					
1345	3001676	MODE8,	JMS	@UNP	
1346	4		4		
1347	0		0		
1350	574364		TEXT	%OCT	
1351	157700	-%			
1352	3001717		JMS	@OCT	/PACK OCTAL ADDRESS INTO MOD8A
1353	1364		MOD8A		
1354	2711364		MMAA	MOD8A	/STORE POINTER FOR CHANGE WORDS
1355	2405424		ACCM	COUNT	
1356	2165426		ZERM	J	/FOR COUNTING WORDS
1357	3001700	MOD8 1,	JMS	@CRLF	
1360	3001701		JMS	@UNPF	/DISPLAY CONTENTS OF NEXT WORD
1361	2330		HEXTA		/AS 5 HEX CHARACTERS
1362	5		5		
1363	3777777		3777777		
1364	0	MOD8A,	0		
1365	2145364		MONM	MOD8A	/CAUSES UNPF TO KEEP GOING WITHOUT
1366	110240		MEMA	(240	/REINITIALIZING
1367	3001677		JMS	@TYPE	/PUT IN SPACE

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)					
1370	2000505		JMS	NIB	/COLLECT THE NIBBLES
1371	1414		N		
1372	0	NBY8,	0		
1373	2125424		MPOM	COUNT	
1374	2125426		MPOM	J	
1375	2113372		MEMAZ	NBY8	/0 NIBBLES MEANS EXIT
1376	2162000		ZERZ		
1377	1405		JMP	MOD8E	
1400	462005		A-MZ	(5	/1-4 NIBS MEANS NO CHANGE
1401	1357		JMP	MOD8 1	
1402	2111414		MEMA	N	

```

1403 3405424      ACCM      @COUNT
1404      1357      JMP      MOD81
1405 2111426 MOD8E, MEMA      J
1406 3001712      JMS      @MULTP
1407      5          5
1410      5021      RASH      1          /NO. OF BYTES=5/2 * NO. OF WORDS
1411 2404317      ACCM      NBY5
1412      71        JMP      START
////////////////////////////////////
/
/SCRATCH STORAGE
1413      0 TEMP,    0
1414      0 N,      0
1415      0 FILM5,   0
1416      0 NDATB1,  0
1417      0 PRTFLG,  0
1420      0 J1,      0
1421      0 SIZE,    0
1422      0 ITO,     0
1423      0 L1,      0
1424      0 COUNT,   0
1425      0 NBYT5,   0
1426      0 J,       0
1427      0 NTRCK,   0
1430      0 FACT1,   0
1431      0 SUM,     0
1432      0 K,       0
///////// C O M M A N D S U B R O U T I N E S ///////////
/
// SUBROUTINE SEND (ALIAS COM1)
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 25,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- SEND DATA FROM CTL TO LISTENER(S)
/ PARAMETERS USED -- NONE PARAMETERS IN THE PARAMETER
/ TABLE ARE USED ONLY BY CTL-SEND
////////////////////////////////////
*1500
1500      0 COM1,    0
1501 3001714      JMS      @WCTL      /TRANSFER TABLE VALUES
1502      0          TABLA
1503      24         24
1504 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR    /CATCH TABLE TRANSFER BYTE
1505 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR    /WAIT UNTIL CTL IS DONE
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
1506 1001500      JMP      @COM1
////////////////////////////////////
// SUBROUTINE RECV (ALIAS COM2)
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 25,1980

```



```

/ AUTHOR  -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFER DATA FROM TALKER TO CTL
/ PARAMETERS USED -- NONE
////////////////////////////////////
1507      0 COM2,      0
1510 3001714      JMS      @WCTL
1511      0      TABLA
1512      24      24
1513 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1514 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1515 1001507      JMP      @COM2
/
////////////////////////////////////
//SUBROUTINE POLL (ALIAS COM4)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 19,1981
/ AUTHOR  -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- CONDUCT A SERIAL POLL (THE STATUS BYTE IS TYPED)
/ PARAMETERS -- NONE
1516      0 COM4,      0
1517 3001714      JMS      @WCTL
1520      0      TABLA
1521      24      24
1522 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1523 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1524 2405413      ACCM      TEMP      /STORE STATUS
1525      5024      RASH      4      /GET READY FOR FIRST HEX DIGIT
1526 3001666      JMS      @HEXT
1527 2111413      MEMA      TEMP
1530 3001666      JMS      @HEXT
1531 2707540      MMOMZ      NCNT
1532      1536      JMP      COM4E
1533      110044      MEMA      (44
1534 2405540      ACCM      NCNT
1535 3001700      JMS      @CRLF
1536 3001665 COM4E,      JMS      @MONITOR
1537 1001516      JMP      @COM4
1540      0 NCNT,      0
////////////////////////////////////
/
// SUBROUTINE NICI (ALIAS COM5)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 29,1980
/ AUTHOR  -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- WRITE DATA FROM NIC TO CTL
/ PARAMETERS USED --

/      (1) "I" FOR IMMEDIATE DATA (THE DATA TO SEND IS IN TABLE
/      LOCATIONS 2 => 10), OR THE STARTING ADDRESS IN NIC OF THE
/      /BLOCK OF DATA TO BE SENT (CAN NOT BE "I" = 311 OCTAL).

```

```

/      (11) NO.OF DATA WORDS (1 BYTE/WORD) TO BE SENT OR
/      (12) NO. OF 256 BYTE BLOCKS TO BE TRANSFERRED IF (11)=0.

```

```

/-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)

```

```

/      (18) -1 => DATA IS PACKED NIBBLES (WHEN UNPACKING ADD OCTAL 60
/              TO TRANSFORM TO ASCII NUMBER.
/              0 => DATA IS PACKED
/              1 => DATA IS UNPACKED (5BYTES IN 2 WORDS)
/

```

```

/ NOTE -- THE STARTING ADDRESS IN (1) CAN BE -1 TO INDICATE THAT
/          THE UNPACKING PROCESS SHOULD CONTINUE FROM WHERE IT LEFT
/          OFF ON THE PREVIOUS CALL TO UNPF.

```

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

```

1541      0 COM5,      0
1542 3001714      JMS      @WCTL
1543      0      TABLA
1544      24      24
1545 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1546 2110022      MEMA      DUM1
1547 2405577      ACCM      FLAG5
1550 2405663      ACCM      SCTL
1551 2110001      MEMA      NLIST      /IT IS IMMEDIATE MODE ?
1552      462311      A-MZ      ("I
1553      1555      JMP      #+2
1554      110002      MEMA      (TABLA+2
1555 2405600      ACCM      STADD5
1556 2112013      MEMAZ     NDAT
1557      1561      JMP      #+2
1560      1563      JMP      #+3
1561 2405576      ACCM      NBYTE5
1562      1574      JMP      COM51
1563 2112014      MEMAZ     NDATB
1564 2162000      ZERZ
1565      1601      JMP      COM53
1566 2405664      ACCM      COUNTS      /DO ADD INSTEAD OF MULT.
1567 2170000      ZERA
1570      510400      A+MA      (400
1571 2707664      MMOMZ     COUNTS
1572      1570      JMP      #-2
1573 2405576      ACCM      NBYTE5
1574 3001701 COM51,      JMS      @UNPF
1575      1650      SCTL
1576      0 NBYTE5,      0
1577      0 FLAG5,      0
1600      0 STADD5,      0
1601      4062 COM53,      CTLCF
1602 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1603 1001541      JMP      @COM5

```

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

```

/
//SUB ROUTINE NICO (ALIAS COM6)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 29,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TH
/ PURPOSE --READ DATA FROM CTL TO NIC
/ PARAMETERS USED --
/      (1) "I" FOR DATA TO BE STORED IN TABLE LOCATIONS 2 => 10,
/      OR STARTING ADDRESS FOR DATA STORAGE.
/      -1 MEANS USE LAST ADDRESS FROM PRIOR RUN
/      (11) NO. OF DATA WORDS TO BE TRANSFERRED OR

```

```

-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 5,1981)
/      (12) NO. OF 256 BYTE BLOCKS TO BE TRANSFERRED IF (11)=0.
/      (18) 1 => DO NOT PACK THE DATA
/      0 => PACK THE DATA (5 BYTES/2 WORDS)

```

```

1604      0 COM6,      0
1605 3001714      JMS      @WCTL
1606      0      TABLA
1607      24      24
1610 3001665      JMS      @MONITOR
1611 2110022      MEMA      DUM1
1612 2405641      ACCM      FLAG6
1613 2110001      MEMA      NLIST
1614 462311      A-MZ      ("I
1615      1617      JMP      #+2
1616 110002      MEMA      (TABLA+2
1617 2405642      ACCM      STADD6
1620 2112013      MEMAZ     NDAT
1621      1623      JMP      #+2
1622      1625      JMP      #+3
1623 2405640      ACCM      NBYT1
1624      1636      JMP      COM61 /NOT 0
1625 2112014      MEMAZ     NDATB
1626 2162000      ZERZ
1627      1644      JMP      COM63 /NOTHING TO TRANSFER
1630 2405664      ACCM      COUNTS
1631 2170000      ZERA
1632 510400      A+MA      (400
1633 2707664      MMOMZ     COUNTS
1634      1632      JMP      #-2
1635 2405640      ACCM      NBYT1
1636 3001702 COM61, JMS      @PAKF
1637      2123      MONITA
1640      0 NBYT1,      0
1641      0 FLAG6,      0
1642      0 STADD6,      0
1643      0      0
1644 3001665 COM63, JMS      @MONITOR
1645 1001604      JMP      @COM6

```

////////////////////////////////////

/

/ SUBROUTINE SCTL

/ PURPOSE -- SEND BYTE TO CTL

/ THERE ARE 2 MODES OF OPERATION SET BY SCTL C. IF SCTL C=-1

/ THE BYTE IS SENT AS ASCII (60H IS ADDED TO ACC), OTHERWISE

/ IT IS SENT WITH NO CHANGE. SCTL MAY BE ABORTED

/ BY TYPING ANY CHARACTER ON THE TTY IN CASE THE CTL

/ GETS HUNG.

*1650

1650	0	SCTL,	0	
1651	2123663		MPOZ	SCTL C
1652	2162000		ZERZ	
1653	510060		A+MA	(60
1654	4071		CTLWR	
1655	6064	SC1,	CTLSK	
1656	1660		JMP	SC2
1657	1001650		JMP	@SCTL

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1981)

1660	6454	SC2,	TTYRF	
1661	1655		JMP	SC1
1662	1001730		JMP	@ABORT
1663	0	SCTL C,	0	

/

/ SCRATCH STORAGE

1664	0	COUNTS,	0
------	---	---------	---

/

/ ADDRESSES

HEXTA=2330

TABLA=0

SENDFA=4242

SCTLA=1650

MONITA=2123

WPNTD=3414

PENDA=1770

/ EXTERNALS

1665	2123	MONITOR,	MONITA
1666	2330	HEXT,	HEXTA
1667	2257	ECHO,	2257
1670	2420	OPENW,	2420
1671	2432	OPENR,	2432
1672	2451	CLOSE,	2451
1673	2470	WRITE,	2470
1674	2511	READD,	2511
1675	2605	PRTOCT,	2605
1676	2650	UNP,	2650
1677	2731	TYPE,	2731
1700	2736	CRLF,	2736

```

1701      2750 UNPF,      2750
1702      3074 PAKE,      3074
1703      3240 PKR,      3240
1704      3310 DEC,      3310
1705      3470 NIBBIN, 3470
1706      3565 TEKHEX, 3565
1707      4010 NICFIL, 4010
1710      4070 SEARCH, 4070
1711      4160 ZERTAB, 4160
1712      4175 MULTP, 4175
1713      4213 DIVDE, 4213
1714      2136 WCTL, 2136
1715      4313 GETFIL, 4313
1716      4362 PAUSE, 4362
1717      4371 OCT, 4371
/ DEFINITIONS AND COMMON
1720      7770 OARG1, 7770
1721      7771 OARG2, 7771
1722      7772 OARG3, 7772
1723      1770 PEND, PENDA /PAGE END FOR SCRATCH STORAGE
1724      100000 BUFS, 100000
1725      4311 SMODE, SENDFA+47
1726      4310 SWCNT, SENDFA+46
1727      4312 SWCNT0, SENDFA+50
1730      4700 ABORT, 4700
1731      7760 SYSTRT, 7760
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
1732      3223 PCOUNT, 3223
/ CONSTANTS
1733      606251 PRI, 606251
1734      3000 T3, 3000
1735      40000 PA1, 40000 /PAUSE CONSTANTS
1736      40000 PA2, 40000
1737      100000 PA4, 100000
1740      2000 BFSZ, 2000 /CTL BUFFER SIZE
////////// S E R V I C E S U B R O U T I N E S //////////
-----
/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)
ABORT      1730      APNT      551      BASE      140      RCNT      550
BFSZ      1740      BIN      615      BUFFER     16      BUFS      1724
CAMERA      2      CLOSE     1672     CODE      417      CODM5     650
COM1      1500      COM2      1507     COM4      1516     COM4E     1536
COM5      1541      COM51     1574     COM53     1601     COM6      1604
COM61     1636      COM63     1644     COM8      257      COMN      0
COMSTO     342      COUNT     1424     COUNTN    547     COUNTS    1664
CRLF      1700      CTABLE     24      CTL      1      CTLCF     4062
CTLRD     44064     CTLRDC    44066     CTLS      4072     CTLSK     6064
CTLWR      4071     DATAH     16     DATAL     15     DEC      1704

```

DIVDE	1713	DUM1	22	DUM2	22	ECHO	1667
ECHO1	552	EOSC	12	EXTAN	6	EACT1	1631
FACTOR	730	FIL1	277	FIL2	416	FIL3	392
FILM5	1415	FILM51	647	FILNM	1260	FILNM1	1127
FLAG	423	FLAG5	1577	FLAG6	1643	FILN1	474
FLGM5	654	GETFIL	1715	HEXT	1666	HEXTA	233
HORRES	5	INF	2	INT	676	INTER1	14
ISTART	1226	IT	1224	ITO	1422	J	14
J1	1420	K	1422	L1	1422	L1212	14
LIS18	3	LIS2P	4	LIS2S	5	LIS3	14
LIS3S	7	LIS2P	4	MARK	7	MEM1	14
MM1	466	MOD50	631	MOD53A	755	MOD54	27
MOD5E	1264	MOD5J0	1161	MOD5J1	1164	MOD5J2	1261
MOD5J3	1217	MOD5J4	1234	MOD5K	1223	MOD5L	1327
MOD81	1357	MOD8A	1364	MOD8E	1495	MOD5L1	134
MODE2	216	MODE21	221	MODE3	263	MOD5L2	321
MODE4	365	MODE41	375	MODE42	475	MOD5L3	474
MODE44	504	MODE5	560	MODE51	791	MOD5L4	67
MODE53	675	MODE55	1073	MODE56	1092	MOD5L5	1066
MODE58	1066	MODE59	1045	MODE61	1110	MOD5L6	1113
MODE6	1265	MODE7	1325	MODE8	1345	MOD5L7	2123
MONITO	1665	MULTP	1712	N	1414	NBM	602
NBM51	613	NBY1	436	NBY2	447	NBY4	474
NBY5	317	NBY6	1274	NBY8	1372	NBY12	1645
NBYTS	1425	NBYTE	421	NBYTE2	1576	NBY13	1647
NC	407	NCNT	1540	NIAT	12	NBY14	1647
NDATB1	1416	NIB	535	NI83	542	NBY15	1647
NIEFIL	1707	NLIST	1	NNIB	513	NBY16	1647
NW1	266	NW2	274	NW3	316	NBY17	1647
NWORD	1213	OARG1	1729	OARG2	1721	NBY18	1647
OCT	1717	OPENR	1671	OPENW	1671	NBY19	1647
PA1	1735	PA2	1731	PA4	1737	NBY20	1647
PATC	1126	PAUSE	1716	PCOUNT	1732	NBY21	1647
PENDA	1770	PER	1763	PRI	1733	NBY22	1647
PRTCT	1675	READB	1674	REM	1668	NBY23	1647
REY2	1202	RETAH	20	RETA1	17	NBY24	1647
SC1	1655	SC2	1660	SC1L	1653	NBY25	1647
SETEC	1663	SEARCH	1710	SENSE	424	NBY26	1647
SLICE	13	SLICE1	15	SLICEI	14	NBY27	1647
STADD5	1600	STADD6	1642	START	71	NBY28	1647
SWCNT	1726	SWCNT0	1727	SYCTRT	1721	NBY29	1647
TABLA	0	TALK	100	TALKR	10	NBY30	1647
TEKHEX	1706	TEMP	1412	TRENT	1722	NBY31	1647
UNP	1676	UNPE	1751	VAL	41	NBY32	1647
VALM5	601	VALM51	612	VALM52	621	NBY33	1647

7 CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6, 1951)

VININ	10	VINDL	10	VINDI	10	VINDL	10
WORD	1714	WORD	595	WORD	100	WORD	100

WRITE 1673 XCOORD 3 ZERTAB 1711

\$

/ CAMERA MAIN (NOVEMBER 6,1981)

W

*

#

/ FUNCTION ERROR
// FUNCTION ERROR
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 6,1981
/ PURPOSE -- ERROR IS THE "ABORT" ROUTINE WHICH IS ENTERED WHEN THE SYSTE
/ "HUNG". THE USER CAN TYPE ANY CHARACTER ON THE CONSOLE WHICH CAUSES
/ ERROR TO START. ERROR FIRST CAUSES NICCTL TO INTERRUPT AND TO EXECUTE
/ AN INTERRUPT SUBROUTINE WHICH STORES THE "STATE" OF NICFIL IN RAM STARTI
/ AT 80C AND TO THEN REINITIALIZE THE BUS AND WAIT FOR COMMANDS FROM NIC.
/ ERROR GATHERS THE STATE DATA PLUS THE CONTENTS OF THE CTL COMMAND TABLE
/ AND PRINTS THIS DATA ALONG WITH IDENTIFIERS AS FOLLOWS:

ROW 1	ROW 2
----	----
0 = COMM	L = L REGISTER
1 = NLIST	H = H REGISTER
2 = LIS1P	PC= PROGRAM COUNTER
3 = LIS1S	SP= STACK POINTER
4 = LIS2P	A = A REGISTER
5 = LIS2S	C = C REGISTER
6 = LIS3P	R = B REGISTER
7 = LIS3S	E = E REGISTER
8 = TALKP	D = D REGISTER
9 = TALKS	0 = 8291 INT1
A = EOSC	1 = 8291 INT2
B = NDAT	2 = 8291 ADRST
C = NDATB	3 = 8291 ADR01
D = DATADD(LO)	4 = 8291 EOSR
E = DATADD(HI)	5 = 8292 INTST
F = DUM1H	6 = 8292 ERROR FLAG
0 = DUM1H	7 = 8292 CONTROLLER STATUS
1 = MESS	8 = 8292 BUS STATUS
2 = STAT1	
3 = STAT2	
4 = RETADD(LO)	
5 = RETADD(HI)	
6 = LCOMM	
7 = MAXBLK	
8 = STACKP(LO)	
9 = STACKP(HI)	
A = COUNT(LO)	
B = COUNT(HI)	

////////////////////////////////////

CTLSK=6064
CTLRDC=44066

CTLCF=4062
CTLRS=4072
CTLWR=4071

*2020

2020 4071 ERROR, CTLWR /CAUSE INTERRUPT
/ PRINT THE FIRST HEADER TO GIVE CTL TIME TO INITIALIZE.

2021 3000376 JMS @CRLF
2022 3000375 JMS @UNP
2023 70 70

// FUNCTION ERROR

2024 1 1
2025 200021 TEXT %0 1

2026 2200 2
2027 230024 3 4
2030 2500 5
2031 260027 6 7
2032 3000 8
2033 310041 9 A
2034 4200 B
2035 430044 C D
2036 4500 E
2037 460020 F 0
2040 2100 1
2041 220023 2 3
2042 2400 4
2043 250026 5 6
2044 2700 7
2045 300031 8 9
2046 4100 A
2047 420077 B %

2050 3000403 JMS @ZERTAB
2051 0 TABLA
2052 110057 MEMA (57
2053 3404413 ACCM @NDAT
2054 110010 MEMA (10
2055 3404414 ACCM @DATAH
2056 2110407 MEMA BUFS
2057 3404415 ACCM @NLIST
2060 110006 MEMA (6
2061 3404416 ACCM @COMN
2062 3000404 JMS @COM6
2063 110034 MEMA (34
2064 2404173 ACCM PRHEX1
2065 2110407 MEMA B'IFS
2066 2404175 ACCM PRHEX2
2067 2000164 JMS PRHEX
2070 3000376 JMS @CRLF
2071 3000375 JMS @UNP

/ZERO THE COMMAND TABLE

```

2072      51      51
2073      1      1
2074 540050      TEXT %L H
2075      6043    PC
2076      63      S
2077 600000    P
2100 410043    A C
2101      4200    B
2102 450044    E D
2103      2000    0
2104 210022    1 2
2105      2300    3
2106 240025    4 5
2107      2600    6
2110 770000    %
2111 110022      MEMA      (22      /UNPACK THE NEXT 22 VALUES
2112 2404173    ACCM      PRHEX1
-----
// FUNCTION ERROR
2113 2144175      MONM      PRHEX2
2114 2000164      JMS      PRHEX
2115 3000376      JMS      @CRLF
2116 1000402      JMP      @ABORT
/
//FUNCTION MONITOR
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 2,1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- "MONITOR" INPUT FROM CTL. IT READS DATA FROM CTL
/          AND JUMPS TO ERROR IF SRVC BIT IS SET. OTHERWISE IT
/          RETURNS THE BYTE READ IN ACC.
/          IF THE USER TYPES A CHARACTER, MONITOR WILL JUMP TO ERROR.
/
SRVC=400
*2123
2123      0 MONITOR,      0
2124      6064 MON1,      CTLSK
2125      132      JMP      MON2
2126      44066      CTLRDC
2127      2400      ANDZ      (SRVC
2130 2000020      JMS      ERROR
2131 1000123      JMP      @MONITOR
2132      6454 MON2,      TTYRF
2133      124      JMP      MON1
2134      44453      RDTTY
2135      20      JMP      ERROR
/
//SUBROUTINE WCTL(STADD,NBYTES)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 22,1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB

```

```

/ PURPOSE  -- TRANSFER NBYTES OF DATA FROM NIC MEMORY STARTING AT
/           ADDRESS STADD TO CTL
/ PARAMETERS --
/           STADD  STARTING ADDRESS OF DATA BLOCK IN NIC
/           NBYTES SIZE OF DATA BLOCK IN BYTES (1 BYTE/NIC WORD)
/

```

```

2136      0 WCTL,      0
2137 3164417          ZERM      @SCTL
2140 3110136          MEMA      @WCTL
2141 2404155          ACCM      POINT    /POINTS TO DATA BLOCK
2142 2124136          MPOM      WCTL     /GET COUNT
2143 3110136          MEMA      @WCTL
2144 2404156          ACCM      COUNT
2145 2124136          MPOM      WCTL     /SET FOR RETURN FROM WCTL
2146 3110155 WCTL1,   MEMA      @POINT  /GET NEXT DATUM
2147 3000406          JMS       @SCTL
2150 2124155          MPOM      POINT
2151 2706156          MMOMZ     COUNT
2152      146          JMP       WCTL1
2153      4062          CTLCF     /CLEAR DONE ON LAST WRITE
2154 1000136          JMP       @WCTL
2155      0 POINT,     0
2156      0 COUNT,     0
/
/

```

```

// FUNCTION ERROR

```

```

2157      0 RCTL,      0
2160      6064          CTLSK
2161      160          JMP       #-1
2162      44066          CTRDC
2163 1000157          JMP       @RCTL

```

```

/ SUBROUTINE PRHEX

```

```

/ PURPOSE -- THIS IS SUBROUTINE TO SET UP CALLS TO UNPF. IT IS
/           USED WITH ERROR.

```

```

2164      0 PRHEX,      0
2165 3024410          ONEM      @SMODE
2166 110050          MEMA      (50      /SO NO CR LF
2167 3404411          ACCM      @SWCNT
2170 3404412          ACCM      @SWCNT0
2171 3000405          JMS       @UNPF
2172      4242          SENDFA
2173      0 PRHEX1,      0      /NO. OF BYTES TO UNPACK
2174      0              0      /UNPACK
2175      0 PRHEX2,      0      /SET TO 100000 FIRST CALL, -1 NEXT
2176 1000164          JMP       @PRHEX
/

```

/

*2257

```

2257      0 ECHO,      0
2260 2000271      JMS      READ
2261 462221      A-MZ      (221      /Q
2262 2162000      ZERZ
2263 1000402      JMP      @ABORT
2264 462207      A-MZ      (207      /G
2265 2162000      ZERZ
2266 1000420      JMP      @CALLS
2267 3000401      JMS      @TYPE
2270 1000257      JMP      @ECHO
2271      0 READ,      0
2272 6454      TTYRF
2273 272      JMP      #-1
2274 44453      RDTTY
2275 1000271      JMP      @READ

```

// FUNCTION HEXI

/ PURPOSE -- CONVERT 4 BIT HEX (LEFT JUSTIFIED) IN ACC TO
/ ASCII AND TYPE IT.

```

HEXI,      0
      ANDA      (17
      A+MA      (260
      ACCM      TEMP
      M-AA      (271
      SKIP      AC19
      JMP      #+3
      MEMA      (7
      A+MM      TEMP
      MEMA      TEMP
      JMS      @TYPE
      JMP      @HEXI

```

/

/ TEMP STORAGE AND TABLE
TEMP,0

SENDFA=4242
TABLA=0

/

/ EXTERNALS

2375 ~~44~~ 2650 UNP, 2650
2376 2736 CRLF, 2736
2377 2605 PRTOUT, 2605
2400 7600 SYSTR, 7600
2401 2731 TYPE, 2731
2402 4700 ABORT, 4700
2403 4160 ZERTAB, 4160
2404 1604 COM6, 1604
2405 2750 UNPF, 2750
2406 1650 SCTL, 1650

/ DEFINITIONS AND COMMON

2407 100000 BUFS, 100000
2410 4311 SMODE, SENDFA+47
2411 4310 SWCNT, SENDFA+46
2412 4312 SWCNT0, SENDFA+50
2413 13 NDAT, TABLA+13
2414 16 DATAH, TABLA+16
2415 1 NLIST, TABLA+1
2416 0 COMN, TABLA+0

// FUNCTION ERROR

2417 1663 SCTL, 1663
2420 71 CALLS, 71

// FUNCTION ERROR

ABORT	2402	BUFS	2407	CALLS	2420	COM6	2404
COMN	2416	COUNT	2156	CRLF	2376	CTLCF	4062

CTLRDC	44066	CTLR5	4072	CTLSK	6064	CTLWR	4071
DATAH	2414	ECHO	2257	ERROR	2020	HC	2351
HC1	2352	HEXT	2330	HP	2353	HT	2354
HTOP	2355	HTYPE	2345	K 17	2350	MON1	2124
MON2	2132	MONITO	2123	NDAT	2413	NLIST	2415
POINT	2155	PRHEX	2164	PRHEX1	2173	PRHEX2	2175
PRTCT	2377	RCTL	2157	READ	2271	SCTL	2406
SCTLC	2417	SENDFA	4242	SMODE	2410	SRVC	400
SWCNT	2411	SWCNT0	2412	SYSTRT	2400	TABLA	0
TYPE	2401	UNP	2375	UNPF	2405	WCTL	2136
WCTL1	2146	ZERTAB	2403				

\$

// FUNCTION ERROR

*

```

#
-----
E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPENR,CLOSE,WRITE,READD
// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPENR,CLOSE,WRITE,READD
//SUBROUTINE OPENW
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 26,1981
/ AUTHOR - BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- OPENS A FILE (FOR WRITING) BY LOCATING THE NEXT AVAILABLE
/ TRACK AND AMOUNT OF SPACE AVAILABLE.
/
/ PARAMETERS -- NONE. TRACK AND SPACE ARE RETURNED IN OARG1
/ (7770) AND OARG2 (7771) RESPECTIVELY,IF OARG2=0.
/ IF OARG2 IS SET TO THE NO. OF WORDS IN THE FILE,OPENW
/ WILL FIND THE FIRST AVAILABLE SPACE.
/ NOTE - SET OARG1 TO 0 BEFORE CALLING.

```

```

*2420
2420 0 OPENW, 0
2421 2000527 JMS DIRFIN
2422 3144560 MONM @DISOLV
2423 3000555 JMS @DIRFUN
2424 1 1
2425 2 2
2426 2567 NOFIL /POINTS TO A VALUE OF 0
2427 2410000 ACCA
2430 2000545 JMS DIROUT
2431 1000420 JMP @OPENW

```

```

/
// SUBROUTINE OPENR(FILNAM)
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 12,1981
/ AUTHOR --BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- OPENS A FILE FOR READING BY RETURNING THE STARTING
/ TRACK,FILE SIZE AND LOCATION IN CORE FOR
/ STORAGE (AS GIVEN BY THE DIRECTORY)
/ ARGUMENTS --
/ FILNAM - 2 WORD PACKED FILE NAME OF THE FILE TO BE OPENED.
/ LOCATIONS OARG1,OARG2,OARG3 CONTAIN TRACK,SIZE AND CORE LOCATION FOR
/ THE FILE RESPECTIVELY. IF THE FILE IS NOT FOUND, OARG1 CONTAINS -1.

```

```

2432 0 OPENR, 0
2433 3110432 MEMA @OPENR /FILENAME
2434 2404565 ACCM FILNM
2435 2124432 MPOM OPENR
2436 2410000 ACCA
2437 2410000 ACCA
2440 2124432 MPOM OPENR /SET RETURN ADDRESS
2441 2000527 JMS DIRFIN
2442 3000555 JMS @DIRFUN
2443 1 1
2444 2 2

```

```

2445      2565          FILNM
2446 3144562          MONM      @OARG1  /FILE DOES NOT EXIST
2447 2000545          JMS       DIROUT  /RESTORE
2450 1000432          JMP       @OPENR

/
// SUBROUTINE CLOSE(FILNAM)
/ PURPOSE -- ADD A FILE TO THE DIRECTORY
/ BY SETTING OARG2 (7771) TO 0 THE FILE WILL BE DELETED
/ PARAMETERS -
-----
E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPFNR,CLOSE,WRITE,READD
/ FILNAM - 6 CHAR. (PACKED FORM) FILE NAME (2 WORDS)
/ CONTROL RETURNS AFTER THE FILE NAME
/ BEFORE CALLING PUT THE STARTING TRACK IN 7770 AND THE
/ FILE SIZE (WORDS) IN 7771. THE CODE ADDRESS CAN BE PUT INTO
/ OARG3 AND THE STARTING ADDRESS IN SYSTR.
2451      0 CLOSE,      0
2452 3110451          MEMA      @CLOSE  /TRANSFER FILENAME
2453 2404565          ACCM      FILNM
2454 2124451          MPOM      CLOSE
2455 2410000          ACCA
2456 2410000          ACCA
2457 2124451          MPOM      CLOSE
2460 2000527          JMS       DIRFIN
2461 3000555          JMS       @DIRFUN
2462      1            1
2463      1            1
2464      2565          FILNM
2465 2410000          ACCA
2466 2000545          JMS       DIROUT
2467 1000451          JMP       @CLOSE

/
// SUBROUTINE WRITE(IT,SIZE,ISTART)
/ PURPOSE -- SIMPLE WRITE TO DISK USING DEMON II DISK
/ PARAMETERS --
/ IT - STARTING TRACK
/ SIZE - NO. PF WORDS IN BUFFER (STARTS AT ISTART)
/ ISTART - STARTING ADDRESS OF BLOCK TO TRANSFER.
2470      0 WRITE,      0
2471 3110470          MEMA      @WRITE
2472 2510510          A+MA      DNO
2473 2404504          ACCM      IT
2474 2124470          MPOM      WRITE
2475 3110470          MEMA      @WRITE
2476 2404505          ACCM      SIZE
2477 2124470          MPOM      WRITE
2500 3110470          MEMA      @WRITE
2501 2404506          ACCM      ISTART
2502 2124470          MPOM      WRITE  /RETURN ADDRESS

```



```

2503 3000556      JMS      @DISK
2504      0 IT,      0
2505      0 SIZE,    0
2506      0 ISTART,  0
2507 1000470      JMP      @WRITE
2510 100000      DNO,      100000
// SUBROUTINE READD(IT,SIZE)
/ REVISION -- NOVEMBER 29,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- READ TRACK IT OF SIZE WORDS INTO BUFFER
/           STARTING AT 100000. NOTE THAT IF SIZE IS GREATER
/           THAN A TRACK, MORE THAN 1 TRACK WILL BE READ.
2511      0 READD,    0
2512 3110511      MEMA      @READD
2513 2510510      A+MA      DNO      /ADD THE DISK NO.
2514 2404523      ACCM      ITT
2515 2124511      MPOM      READD
-----
E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPENR,CLOSE,WRITE,READD
2516 3110511      MEMA      @READD
2517 2404524      ACCM      SIZZ
2520 2124511      MPOM      READD      /SET RETURN
2521 2170000      ZERA      /SIGNALS READ
2522 3000556      JMS      @DISK
2523      0 ITT,      0
2524      0 SIZZ,    0
2525 100000      100000
2526 1000511      JMP      @READD
/
2527      0 DIRFIN,  0      /READ OUT 3000-7600,READ IN DIRFUN
2530 2030000      ONEA
2531 3000556      JMS      @DISK
2532 100001      100001
2533 4600      4600
2534 3000      3000
2535 3174557      ZERMA      @DERRF
2536 3000556      JMS      @DISK
2537 100007      100007
2540 600      600
2541 7000      7000
2542 2410000      ACCA
2543 3164561      ZERM      @DEVDET
2544 1000527      JMP      @DIRFIN
//
2545      0 DIROUT,  0      /READ BACK 3000-7600
2546 3174557      ZERMA      @DERRF
2547 3000556      JMS      @DISK
2550 100001      100001
2551 4600      4600

```

```

2552      3000          3000
2553 2410000          ACCA
2554 1000545          JMP      @DIROUT
/
/ DEMON II REFERENCES
2555      7000 DIRFUN, 7000
2556      7612 DISK,   7612
2557      7704 DERRF,  7704
2560      7751 DISOLV, 7751
2561      7764 DEVDET, 7764
2562      7770 OARG1,  7770
2563      7771 OARG2,  7771
2564      7772 OARG3,  7772
/ SCRATCH STORAGE
2565      0 FILNM,   BLOCK   2
2567      0 NOFIL,   0
-----
E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPENR,CLOSE,WRITE,READ
CLOSE      2451      DERRF      2557      DEVDET      2561      DIRFIN      2527
DIRFUN     2555      DIROUT     2545      DISK        2556      DISOLV     2560
DNO        2510      FILNM      2565      ISTART      2506      IF         2504
IIT        2523      NOFIL      2567      OARG1       2562      OARG2      2563
OARG3      2564      OPENR      2432      OPENW       2420      READ      2511
SIZE       2505      SIZE      2524      WRITE       2470
$
-----
E// I/O SUBROUTINES OPENW,OPENR,CLOSE,WRITE,READ
*
```

#

```
-----  
// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)  
// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)  
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 22,1981  
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB  
/ PURPOSE -- PRINT THE OCTAL VALUE OF THE CONTENTS OF ACC  
/  
/
```

*2605

```
2605      0 PRTOCT, 0  
2606      5042      LLSH      2  
2607 2405067      ACCM      TEMP  
2610      10003      ANDA      (3  
2611      510260      A+MA      (260  
2612 2000731      JMS      TYPE  
2613      110007      MEMA      (7      /SET COUNTER  
2614 2405064      ACCM      COUNT  
2615 2707064 PRTO1, MMOMZ      COUNT  
2616      620      JMP      #+2  
2617      627      JMP      PRTO2  
2620 2111067      MEMA      TEMP  
2621      5043      LLSH      3  
2622 2405067      ACCM      TEMP  
2623      10007      ANDA      (7  
2624      510260      A+MA      (260  
2625 2000731      JMS      TYPE  
2626      615      JMP      PRTO1  
2627      110215 PRTO2, MEMA      (215  
2630 2000731      JMS      TYPE  
2631      110212      MEMA      (212  
2632 2000731      JMS      TYPE  
2633 1000605      JMP      @PRTOCT
```

```
// SUBROUTINE UNP(NC,INDIC,TEXT)  
/REVISION --NOVEMBER 22,1980  
/AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB  
/PURPOSE -- UNPAK PACKED ASCII AND SENDS TO TTY FOR PRINTING.  
/ AN OPTIONAL CR/LF IS SENT ALSO.  
/  
/
```

/PARAMETERS --

```
/ NC NO. OF CHARACTERS IN THE PACKED TEXT. IF 0, THE  
/ TEXT IS ASSUMED TO BE TERMINATED WITH 77 (%) AND NO 1  
/ RETURNED AS THE NO. OF TEXT CHARACTERS (NOT INCLUDING %)  
/ INDIC 0 => NO CR/LF, 1 => CR/LF AT END OF TEXT.  
/ TEXT THE PACKED TEXT.  
/
```

*2650

```
2650      200 UNP      ,0
```

2651	2110650	MEMA	UNP	/STORE ADDRESS OF NC
2652	2404727	ACCM	NC	
2653	2124650	MPOM	UNP	/STORE INDIC
2654	3110650	MEMA	#UNP	
2655	2405303	ACCM	INDIC	
2656	2024730	ONEM	INDIX	/SET PRINT/NOPRINT INDICATOR
2657	2164726	ZERM	NCC	/SET CHARACTER COUNTER TO 0
2660	2025064	ONFM	COUNT	/INITIALIZE 1,2,* COUNTER
2661	2707064	MMOMZ	COUNT	/DECREMENT COUNTER. IF 0 SET NEXT W

// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

2662	671	JMP	L1	/IF NOT 0, TYPE CHARACTER
2663	110003	MEMA	(3	/REINITIALIZE COUNTER
2664	2405064	ACCM	COUNT	
2665	2124650	MPOM	UNP	/POINT TO NEXT WORD IN TEXT
2666	3110650	MEMA	#UNP	/GET WORD AND SHIFT IT
2667	5050	LLSH	8	
2670	2405230	ACCM	WORD	/STORE IT FOR FURTHER WORK
2671	10077	ANDA	(77	/MASK 6 BITS
2672	462077	A-MZ	(77	/CHECK FOR END OF TEXT
2673	675	JMP	#+2	
2674	720	JMP	END	
2675	2102727	MEMZ	#NC	
2676	700	JMP	#+2	
2677	706	JMP	L3	
2678	2405064	ACCM	TEMP	
2679	3110727	MEMA	#NC	
2680	2405064	A-MZ	NCC	/CHECK TO SEE IF A CHARACTER SENT
2681	705	JMP	#+2	
2682	2164730	ZERM	INDIX	/IF INDIX IS 0, CHARACTER ARE IN L3
2683	3110650	MEMA	TEMP	
2684	2164730	MEMZ	INDIX	/IF 0, DON'T PRINT
2685	711	JMP	#+2	
2686	714	JMP	#+4	
2687	2164730	MPOM	NCC	
2688	2164730	A+MA	(240	/CONVERT TO CHARACTER COUNT
2689	2164730	JMC	TYPE	
2690	3110650	MEMA	WORD	
2691	2164730	LLSH	6	/SHIFT RIGHT BY 6 TO GET INDIC
2692	2405064	ACCM	WORD	
2693	2164730	JMP	LOOP	/GET NEXT CHAR.
2694	2164730	MEMAZ	INDIC	
2695	2164730	JMC	TYPE	
2696	2110650	MEMA	UNP	/SET PRINT/NOPRINT
2697	2164730	MEMA	NCC	
2698	2404727	ACCM	#NC	/SET IN CASE OF
2699	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2700	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2701	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2702	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2703	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2704	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2705	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2706	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2707	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2708	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2709	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2710	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2711	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2712	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2713	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2714	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2715	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2716	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2717	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2718	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2719	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2720	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2721	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2722	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2723	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2724	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2725	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2726	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2727	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2728	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2729	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2730	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2731	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2732	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2733	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2734	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2735	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2736	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2737	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2738	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2739	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2740	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2741	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2742	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2743	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2744	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2745	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2746	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2747	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2748	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2749	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2750	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2751	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2752	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2753	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2754	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2755	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2756	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2757	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2758	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2759	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2760	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2761	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2762	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2763	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2764	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2765	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2766	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2767	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2768	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2769	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2770	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2771	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2772	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2773	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2774	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2775	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2776	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2777	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2778	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2779	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2780	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2781	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2782	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2783	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2784	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2785	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2786	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2787	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2788	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2789	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2790	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2791	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2792	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2793	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2794	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2795	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2796	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2797	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2798	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2799	2164730	JMP	#UNP	
2800	2164730	JMP	#UNP	

```

2730      0 INDIX, 0
/
///// SUBROUTINE TYPE /////
2731      0 TYPE, 0
2732      6444      TTYPE
2733      732      JMP      #-1
2734      4443      PRTTY
2735      1000731    JMP      @TYPE
/
///// SUBROUTINE CRLF /////
2736      0 CRLF, 0
2737      110212     MEMA      (212
2740      2000731    JMS      TYPE
2741      110215     MEMA      (215
2742      2000731    JMS      TYPE
2743      2000731    JMS      TYPE
2744      1000736    JMP      @CRLF
-----
// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)
// SUBROUTINE UNPF(SENDF,NBYTES,FLAG,STARTA)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 24,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFER DATA FROM CORE TO A DESTINATION SPECIFIED BY
/           SENDF. THE DATA MAY BE UNPACKED IN THE PROCESS.
/
/ PARAMETERS --
/           SENDF - ENTRY POINT FOR ACCEPTING A WORD IN ACC (E.G. TYPE)
/           NBYTES - NO. OF BYTES TO BE TRANSFERRED. (FOR PACKED DATA
/                   THERE ARE 2.5 BYTES/NIC WORD)
/           FLAG - 1 => DO NOT UNPACK
/                  0 => UNPACK
/                  -1 => UNNIBBLE (5 NIBBLES/WORD)
/           STARTA - STARTING ADDRESS AT WHICH TO OBTAIN DATA. IF
/                   SET TO -1, UNPF WILL USE THE POINTER FROM THE PREVIOUS CALL
*2750
2750      0 UNPF, 0
2751      3110750     MEMA      @UNPF
2752      2405063     ACCM      SENDF
2753      2124750     MPOM      UNPF
2754      3110750     MEMA      @UNPF
2755      2405064     ACCM      COUNT
2756      2124750     MPOM      UNPF
2757      3110750     MEMA      @UNPF
2758      2405065     ACCM      UNPFLG
2759      1100117     MEMA      (17
2760      2123015     MPOZ      UNPFLG
2761      1100177     MEMA      (377
2762      2405067     ACCM      MASK
2763      2124750     MPOM      UNPF

```

2766	3110750		MEMA	@UNPF	
2767	5144		EXCT	AC19	/IF NEG. THEN DONT INITIALIZE
2770	773		JMP	UNPFX	
2771	2405066		ACCM	POINT	
2772	775		JMP	UNPF1	
2773	2703065	UNPFX,	MMOZ	UNPFLG	/TEST FLAG
2774	1014		JMP	UNPF2	
2775	3111066	UNPF1,	MEMA	@POINT	
2776	2125066		MPOM	POINT	
2777	2703065		MMOZ	UNPFLG	
3000	1005		JMP	UNPFY	
3001	3001063		JMS	@SENDF	
3002	2707064		MMOMZ	COUNT	
3003	775		JMP	UNPF1	
3004	1061		JMP	UNPFE	
3005	2405067	UNPFY,	ACCM	TEMP	
3006	110006		MEMA	(6	
3007	2405070		ACCM	BCOUNT	
3010	1014		JMP	#+4	
3011	2707064	UNPF2,	MMOMZ	COUNT	
3012	1014		JMP	#+2	
3013	1061		JMP	UNPFE	
3014	2717070	UNPFZ,	MMOMAZ	BCOUNT	
3015	1017		JMP	#+2	
3016	775		JMP	UNPF1	

 // FUNCTION PROCT(X)

3017	462005		A-MZ	(5	
3020	1031		JMP	UNPF3	
3021	2111067	UNPF22,	MEMA	TEMP	
3022	2123065		MPOZ	UNPFLG	
3023	5044		LLSH	4	
3024	5044		LLSH	4	
3025	2405067		ACCM	TEMP	
3026	2011073	UNPF21,	ANDA	MASK	
3027	3001063		JMS	@SENDF	
3030	1011		JMP	UNPF2	
3031	462004	UNPF3,	A-MZ	(4	
3032	1043		JMP	UNPF4	
3033	2123065	UNPF33,	MPOZ	UNPFLG	
3034	2162000		ZERZ		
3035	1021		JMP	UNPF22	
3036	2111067		MEMA	TEMP	
3037	405024		RISH	4	
3040	10360		ANDA	(360	
3041	2405071		ACCM	TEMP1	
3042	1021		JMP	UNPF22	
3043	462003	UNPF4,	A-MZ	(3	
3044	1060		JMP	UNPF5	

```

3045 2123065      MPOZ      UNPFLG
3046 2162000      ZERZ
3047      1021      JMP      UNPF22
3050 3111066      MEMA      @POINT
3051 2125066      MPOM      POINT
3052      5044      LLSH      4
3053 2405067      ACCM      TEMP
3054      10017     ANDA      (17
3055 2511071      A+MA      TEMP1
3056 3001063      JMS      @SENDF
3057      1011      JMP      UNPF2
3060      1021 UNPF5,     JMP      UNPF22
3061 2124750 UNPFE,     MPOM      UNPF      /RETURN
3062 1000750      JMP      @UNPF
3063      0 SENDF,     0
3064      0 COUNT,     0
3065      0 UNPFLG,    0
3066      0 POINT,     0
3067      0 TEMP,      0
3070      0 BCOUNT,   0
3071      0 TEMP1,     0
3072      0 TEMP2,     0
3073      0 MASK,      0
///////////////////////////////////////////////////
/
// SUBROUTINE PAKF(RECVF,NBYTES,FLAG,STARTA,NBYTR)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 31,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFER DATA GIVEN BY RECVF TO CORE.
/ THE DATA MAY BE PACKED IN THE PROCESS. (THIS IS THE INVERSE
/ OF UNPF). USE OF ARGUMENTS IS THE SAME AS IN UNPF EXCEPT-
/ RECVF GETS A DATA BYTE AND GIVES IT TO PAKF VIA ACC. NOTE
/ THAT IT MAY BE NECESSARY FOR RECVF TO CONTROL THE NUMBER OF
-----
// FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)
/ BYTES TRANSFERRED BY STICKING A 1 IN COUNT1 WHEN THE LAST
/ BYTE HAS BEEN RECEIVED (E.G. AN EOF MARK IS DETECTED)
/ NBYTR - NO. OF BYTES RECEIVED.
////////////////////////////////////
3074      0 PAKF,      0
3075 3111074      MEMA      @PAKF
3076 2405222      ACCM      RECVF
3077 2125074      MPOM      PAKF
3100 3111074      MEMA      @PAKF
3101 2405223      CCM      COUNT1
3102 2125223      MPOM      COUNT1
3103 2125074      MPOM      PAKF
3104 3111074      MEMA      @PAKF
3105 2405225      ACCM      PAKFLG

```

3106	2125074	MPOM	PAKF
3107	3111074	MEMA	@PAKF
3110	5144	EXCT	AC19
3111	1117	JMP	PAKFX
3112	2405224	ACCM	POINT1
3113	110006	MEMA	(6
3114	2405231	ACCM	BCNT
3115	2165226	ZERM	NBYTES
3116	2165230	ZERM	WORD
3117	2703225	PAKFX, MMOZ	PAKFLG
3120	1131	JMP	PAKF2
3121	2707223	PAKF1, MMOMZ	COUNT1
3122	1124	JMP	#+2
3123	1215	JMP	PAKFF
3124	3001222	JMS	@RECVF
3125	2125226	MPOM	NBYTES
3126	3405224	ACCM	@POINT1
3127	2125224	MPOM	POINT1
3130	1121	JMP	PAKF1
3131	2707223	PAKF2, MMOMZ	COUNT1
3132	1134	JMP	#+2
3133	1210	JMP	PAKFE
3134	2707231	MMOMZ	BCNT
3135	1140	JMP	#+3
3136	110005	MEMA	(5
3137	2405231	ACCM	BCNT
3140	3001222	JMS	@RECVF
3141	2405227	ACCM	TMP
3142	2125226	MPOM	NBYTES
3143	2111231	MEMA	BCNT
3144	462005	A-MZ	(5
3145	1152	JMP	PAKF3
3146	2111227	PAKF22, MEMA	TMP
3147	5070	RLSH	10
3150	2505230	A+MM	WORD
3151	1131	JMP	PAKF2
3152	462004	PAKF3, A-MZ	(4
3153	1160	JMP	PAKF4
3154	2111227	MEMA	TMP
3155	5044	LLSH	4
3156	2505230	A+MM	WORD

 // FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

3157	1131	JMP	PAKF2
3160	462003	PAKF4, A-MZ	(3
3161	1174	JMP	PAKF5
3162	2111227	MEMA	TMP
3163	405024	RISH	4
3164	2511230	A+MA	WORD


```

3165 3405224      ACCM      @POINT1
3166 2125224      MPOM      POINT1
3167 2111227      MEMA      TMP
3170   10017      ANDA      (17
3171   5064        RLSH      4
3172 2405230      ACCM      WORD
3173   1131        JMP      PAKF2
3174 462002 PAKF5,  A-MZ     (2
3175   1202        JMP      PAKF6
3176 2111227      MEMA      TMP
3177   5050        LLSH      10
3200 2505230      A+MM      WORD
3201   1131        JMP      PAKF2
3202 2111227 PAKF6,  MEMA      TMP
3203 2511230      A+MA      WORD
3204 3405224      ACCM      @POINT1
3205 2125224      MPOM      POINT1
3206 2165230      ZERM      WORD
3207   1131        JMP      PAKF2
3210 2703231 PAKFE,  MMOZ     BCNT
3211 2162000      ZERZ
3212   1215        JMP      #+3
3213 2111230      MEMA      WORD
3214 3405224      ACCM      @POINT1
3215 2125074 PAKFF,  MPOM      PAKF
3216 2111226      MEMA      NBYTES
3217 3405074      ACCM      @PAKF
3220 2125074      MPOM      PAKF
3221 1001074      JMP      @PAKF /NOTE THAT WE HAVE TO STORE THE LAST
/                               WHICH MAY BE LATER OVER WRITTEN.
3222   0 RECVD,    0
3223   0 COUNT1,   0
3224   0 POINT1,   0
3225   0 PAKFLG,   0
3226   0 NBYTES,   0
3227   0 TMP,       0
3230   0 WORD,     0
3231   0 BCNT,     0
// SUBROUTINE PKR(FILNAM,NF)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 22,1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- PACK USER GIVEN CHARACTERS INTO A 2-WORD
/           "FILE-NAME". THE 2 MOST SIGNIFICANT BITS
/           OF THE FILENAME ARE 00.
/ ARGUMENTS --
/ FILNAM - ADDRESS OF THE FIRST WORD OF THE FILENAME
/ NF - (RETURNED) THE NO. OF CHARACTERS IN THE FILENAME.
*3240
3240   0 PKR,      0

```

 // FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

3241	3111240	MEMA	@PKR	
3242	2405301	ACCM	ADDR	/STORE THE ADDRESS OF THE FILENAME
3243	3165301	ZERM	@ADDR	
3244	2135240	MPOAM	PKR	
3245	2405302	ACCM	NF	/STORE ADDRESS FOR RETURNING NF
3246	3165302	ZERM	@NF	
3247	110006	MEMA	(6	
3250	2405064	ACCM	COUNT	
3251	2165303	ZERM	INDIC	/SET CK INDICATOR
3252	462003	PKR1,	A-MZ	(3
3253	1256	JMP	#+3	
3254	2125301	MPOM	ADDR	
3255	3165301	ZERM	@ADDR	
3256	2103303	MEMZ	INDIC	/IF INDIC HAS BEEN SET THEN JUST SHI
3257	1271	JMP	PKR2	
3260	3001304	JMS	@ECHO	
3261	462215	A-MZ	(215	
3262	1266	JMP	#+4	
3263	2025303	ONEM	INDIC	
3264	2165067	ZERM	TEMP	
3265	1271	JMP	PKR2	
3266	3125302	MPOM	@NF	
3267	470240	A-MA	(240	
3270	2405067	ACCM	TEMP	
3271	3111301	PKR2,	MEMA	@ADDR
3272	5046	LLSH	6	
3273	2511067	A+MA	TEMP	
3274	3405301	ACCM	@ADDR	
3275	2717064	MMOMAZ	COUNT	
3276	1252	JMP	PKR1	
3277	2125240	MPOM	PKR	/INCREMENT FOR RETURN
3300	1001240	JMP	@PKR	
3301	0	ADD	0	
3302	0	NF,	0	
3303	0	INDIC,	0	

/

/ EXTERNALS

3304 2257 ECHO, 2257

 // FUNCTION PRTOCT(X)

ADDR	3301	BCNT	3231	BCOUNT	3070	COUNT	3064
COUNT1	3223	CRLF	2736	ECHO	3304	END	2720
INDIC	3303	INDIX	2730	L1	2671	L3	2706
LOOP	2661	MASK	3073	NBYTES	3226	NC	2727
NCC	2726	NF	3302	PAKF	3074	PAKF1	3121
PAKF2	3131	PAKF2	3146	PAKF3	3152	PAKF4	3160
PAKF5	3174	PAKF6	3202	PAKFE	3210	PAKFF	3215

PAKFLG	3225	PAKFX	3117	PKR	3240	PKR1	3252
PKR2	3271	POINT	3066	POINT1	3224	PRT01	2615
PRT02	2627	PRT0CT	2605	RECVF	3222	SEPDF	3063
TEMP	3067	TEMP1	3071	TEMP2	3072	TMP	3227
TYPE	2731	UNP	2650	UNPF	2750	UNPF1	2775
UNPF2	3011	UNPF21	3026	UNPF22	3021	UNPF3	3031
UNPF33	3033	UNPF4	3043	UNPF5	3060	UNPFE	3061
UNPFLG	3065	UNPFX	2773	UNPFY	3005	UNPFZ	3014
WORD	3230						
\$							

 // FUNCTION PRT0CT(X)
 *

#

```
-----  
/// SUBROUTINE DEC  
// SUBROUTINE DEC  
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 30,1980  
/ AUTHOR --BARRETT,TB  
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFORM A PACKED ASCII HEX STRING TO BINARY AND PACK  
/ 5 NIBBLES PER NIC WORD  
/ ARGUMENTS -- ALL ARGUMENTS ARE PASSED THROUGH A COMMON AREA  
/ WITH THE FOLLOWING VARIABLES IN THE ORDER SHOWN-  
/ WPNT - POINTS TO STORAGE LOCATION OF THE LAST WORD  
/ STORED. THIS IS INCREMENTED WHENEVER A WORD IS  
/ COMPLETE SO IT SHOULD BE SET ACCORDINGLY  
/ ON INITIAL ENTRY.  
/ WORD - CONTAINS THE NIBBLES OR PORTIONS THEREOF TO  
/ BE STORED AT WPNT+1. IT SHOULD BE SET TO 0 ON  
/ INITIAL CALL.  
/ WCNT - A COUNTER FOR WORD. WHEN WORD IS EMPTY,WCNT  
/ =5, WHEN FULL WCNT=0. WHEN WCNT GOES TO 0, WORD IS  
/ STORED AT WPNT+1 AND WPNT IS INCREMENTED. SET TO 6  
/ AT INITIAL CALL TO DEC.  
/ COUNT - THE NUMBER OF NIBBLES+1 TO BE PACKED. NOTE THAT COUNT  
/ IS DECREMENTED TO 0 BY DEC.  
/ BCNT - BYTE COUNTER. SET TO 1 FOR INITIAL CALL.  
/ APNT - POINT TO CURRENT STRING WORD. SET TO 1 LESS THAN THE  
/ START OF THE STRING INITIALLY.  
/ CHKSUM - NIBBLE VALUES ARE ADDED & STORED IN CHKSUM. SET TO  
/ 0 ON EACH CALL TO DEC (USUALLY).  
/ NWORD - NO. OF WORDS STORED. (USUALLY SET TO 0 AT EACH CALL.  
/ NOTE-----  
/ IN ORDER TO FORCE A WORD OUT OF DEC, SET WCNT TO COUNT.  
/
```

////////////////////////////////////
*3310

3310	0 DEC,	0	
3311	2707420	MMOMZ	BCNT
3312	1321	JMP	#+7
3313	110005	MEMA	(5
3314	2405420	ACCM	BCNT
3315	2125421	MPOM	APNT
3316	3111421	MEMA	@APNT
3317	5001	LASH	1
3320	2405406	ACCM	TEMP
3321	2707416	MMOMZ	WCNT
3322	1332	JMP	#+10
3323	110005	MEMA	(5
3324	2405416	ACCM	WCNT
3325	2125414	MPOM	WPNT

3326	2111415	MEMA	WORD	
3327	3405414	ACCM	@WPNT	
3330	2125423	MPOM	NWORD	
3331	2165415	ZERM	WORD	
3332	2707417	MMOMZ	COUNT	
3333	1337	JMP	#+4	
3334	2125420	MPOM	BCNT	
3335	2125416	MPOM	WCNT	
3336	1001310	JMP	@DEC	/NOTE EXIT

 /// SUBROUTINE DEC

3337	2111420	MEMA	BCNT	
3340	462003	A-MZ	(3	
3341	1350	JMP	DEC1	
3342	2125421	MPOM	APNT	
3343	3111421	MEMA	@APNT	
3344	2405410	ACCM	TEMP1	
3345	405023	RISH	3	
3346	2511406	A+MA	TEMP	
3347	1357	JMP	DEC2	
3350	462002	A-MZ	(2	DEC1,
3351	1356	JMP	DEC3	
3352	2111410	MEMA	TEMP1	
3353	5005	LASH	5	
3354	2405406	ACCM	TEMP	
3355	1357	JMP	DEC2	
3356	2111406	MEMA	TEMP	DEC3,
3357	5144	EXCT	AC19	DEC2,
3360	2511412	A+MA	TRAN	
3361	5003	LASH	3	
3362	2405406	ACCM	TEMP	
3363	2011413	ANDA	MASK	
3364	2405407	ACCM	NIBBLE	
3365	5044	LLSH	4	
3366	2505422	A+MM	CHKSUM	

/ GET READY FOR NEXT WORD

3367	2111406	MEMA	TEMP	
3370	5005	LASH	5	
3371	2405406	ACCM	TEMP	
3372	110006	MEMA	(6	
3373	2405411	ACCM	SHIF1	
3374	2111416	MEMA	WCNT	
3375	2325411	M-AM	SHIF1	
3376	2111407	MEMA	NIBBLE	
3377	2707411	MMOMZ	SHIF1	
3400	2162000	ZERZ		
3401	01404	JMP	#+3	
3402	405024	RISH	4	
3403	1377	JMP	#-4	

```

3404 2505415      A+MM  WORD
3405      1311      JMP   START
/ SCRATCH STORAGE
3406      0 TEMP,   0
3407      0 NIBBLE, 0
3410      0 TEMP1,  0
3411      0 SHIF1,  0
/ MASKS
3412 220000 TRAN,  220000
3413 3600000 MASK,  3600000
/COMMON STORAGE
3414      0 WPNT,   0
3415      0 WORD,   0
3416      0 WCNT,   0
3417      0 COUNT,  0
3420      0 BCNT,   0
3421      0 APNT,   0

```

 /// SUBROUTINE DEC

```

3422      0 CHKSUM, 0
3423      0 NWORD,  0
// SUBROUTINE NIBBIN(VALUE,NNIB,C,BIN)
/ REVISION -- DECEMBER 30,1980
/ AUTHOR   -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE  -- CONVERT PACKED BCD OR BCH TO BINARY.
/ ARGUMENTS --

```

```

/      VALUE - PACKED BCD OR BCH; MOST SIGNIFICANT NIBBLE
/              AT UPPER ORDER LOCATION IN VALUE;LEFT JUSTIFIED.
/      NNIB  - NO.OF 4 BIT NIBBLES TO BE CONVERTED
/      C      - OCT 12 IF THIS IS A BCD VALUE
/              OCT 20 IF THIS IS A BCH VALUE
/      BIN   - RETURNS BINARY VALUE HERE
/

```

////////////////////////////////////

*3470

```

3470      0 NIBBIN, 0
3471 110006      MEMA   (6
3472 2405560     ACCM   SHIF
3473 3111470     MEMA   @NIBBIN
3474 2405553     ACCM   VALUE
3475 2125470     MPOM   NIBBIN
3476 2165557     ZERM   RESULT
3477 3113470     MEMAZ  @NIBBIN
3500 2162000     ZERZ
3501      1550     JMP    NIB2
3502 2405554     ACCM   NNIB
3503 2325560     M-AM   SHIF
3504 2111553     MEMA   VALUE
3505 2707560     MMOMZ  SHIF

```

3506	2162000	ZERZ	
3507	1512	JMP	#+3
3510	405024	RISH	4
3511	1505	JMP	#-4
3512	2405553	ACCM	VALUE
3513	2125470	MPOM	NIBBIN
3514	3111470	MEMA	@NIBBIN
3515	2405555	ACCM	C
3516	2135470	MPOAM	NIBBIN
3517	2405556	ACCM	BIN
3520	2125470	MPOM	NIBBIN
3521	2111553	MEMA	VALUE
3522	2025526	ONEM	MPLCND
3523	10017	ANDA	(17
3524	4354	TACMQ	
3525	505320	MULT	
3526	0	MPLCND,	0
3527	4343	TMQAC	
3530	2505557	A+MM	RESULT
3531	2707554	MMOMZ	NNIB
3532	1534	JMP	#+2
3533	1550	JMP	NIB2
3534	2111526	MEMA	MPLCND
3535	2405541	ACCM	#+4
3536	2111555	MEMA	C

 /// SUBROUTINE DEC

3537	4354	TACMQ	
3540	505320	MULT	
3541	0	0	
3542	4343	TMQAC	
3543	2405526	ACCM	MPLCND
3544	2111553	MEMA	VALUE
3545	405024	RISH	4
3546	2405553	ACCM	VALUE
3547	1523	JMP	NIB1
3550	2111557	MEMA	RESULT
3551	3405556	ACCM	@BIN
3552	1001470	JMP	@NIBBIN
3553	0	VALUE,	0
3554	0	NNIB,	0
3555	0	C,	0
3556	0	BIN,	0
3557	0	RESULT,	0
3560	0	SHIF,	0

// SUBROUTINE TEKHEX(CNT,NBYTE)

/ REVISION -- JANUARY 24, 1981

/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT, TB

/ PURPOSE -- DECODES (TO BINARY) A TEKTRONIX HEX FILE AND PUTS

```

/      THE RESULT IN PACKED FORM STARTING AT LOCATION
/      100000. THE INPUT FILE IS ASSUMED TO BE IN
/      PACKED FORM STARTING AT 100000.
/  ARGUMENTS -- CNT - TOTAL NO. OF PACKED WORDS IN THE OUTPUT.
/      NOTE THAT THE LAST PACKED WORD MAY HAVE 0 FILL.
/      ALSO NOTE THAT DEC PACKS WORDS SUCH THAT NIBBLE1
/      OCCUPIES 19-16...., NIBBLE5, 3-0.
/      NBYTE - TOTAL NO. OF BYTES (2 NIBS) STORED.
/      - NOTE THAT THIS SUBROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE TEK. 8002 AND
/      COMM-STOR ARE CONFIGURED SUCH THAT EACH "LEADING" SLASH IS
/      PREFACED WITH XOF (ASCII 223). ALSO NOTE THAT THERE ARE
/      17 (21 OCT) SURPLUS CHARS. AFTER THE LAST CR.
/      BE SURE TO USE MX MODE WHEN STORING THE HEX FILE.

```

*3565

```

3565      0 TEKHEX, 0
3566 2111565      MEMA      TEKHEX
3567 2405750      ACCM      CNT
3570 3165750      ZERM      @CNT
3571 2135565      MPOMA     TEKHEX
3572 2405754      ACCM      NBYTE
3573 3165754      ZERM      @NBYTE
3574 2125565      MPOM      TEKHEX
3575 2025420      ONEM      BCNT      /INITIALIZE DEC
3576 2165746      ZERM      WORD0
3577 110006      MEMA      (6
3600 2405747      ACCM      WCNT0
3601 2111756      MEMA      BUFS
3602 2550000      AMOA
3603 2405421      ACCM      APNT
3604 2405745      ACCM      WPNT0
3605 110013 TEK1,  MEMA      (13
3606 2405417      ACCM      COUNT
3607 110006      MEMA      (6

```

/// SUBROUTINE DEC

```

3610 2405416      ACCM      WCNT
3611 2165415      ZERM      WORD
3612 2111755      MEMA      HEADA      /ADDRESS OF HEADER START
3613 2405414      ACCM      WPNT
3614 2001310      JMS      DEC
3615 2111751      MEMA      HEAD      /CHECK FOR "/"
3616 5050      LLSH      10
3617 10017      ANDA      (17
3620 462017      A-MZ      (17
3621 2162000      ZERZ
3622 1634      JMP      TEK2
3623 3001760      JMS      @CRLF
3624 3001757      JMS      @UNP
3625 12

```


3626	1	1		
3627	6445	TEXT % TE		
3630	535045	KHE		
3631	700045	X E		
3632	627700	R%		
3633	1744	JMP	TEKE	/ GOTO TEKHEX END
3634	2111752	MEMA	HEAD+1	
3635	5044	LLSH	4	
3636	2405640	ACCM	#+2	
3637	2001470	JMS	NIBBIN	
3640	0	0		
3641	2	2		
3642	20	20		
3643	0	0		
3644	2111643	MEMA	#-1	
3645	3505754	A+MM	@NBYTE	
3646	5001	LASH	1	/*2 FOR TOTAL NO. OF NIBBLES
3647	2407417	ACCMZ	COUNT	
3650	1652	JMP	#+2	
3651	1734	JMP	TEK3	/NORMAL TERMINATION-CHECK FOR WHETHI
/	THIS WAS LAST FULL BYTE.			
3652	2125417	MPOM	COUNT	
3653	2111745	MEMA	WPNT0	
3654	2405414	ACCM	WPNT	
3655	2111746	MEMA	WORD0	
3656	2405415	ACCM	WORD	
3657	2111747	MEMA	WCNT0	
3660	2405416	ACCM	WCNT	
3661	2165422	ZERM	CHKSUM	
3662	2165423	ZERM	NWORD	
3663	2001310	JMS	DEC	
3664	2111422	MEMA	CHKSUM	
3665	10377	ANDA	(377	/THIS MOD 256
3666	2405753	ACCM	CHKS	
3667	2111423	MEMA	NWORD	
3670	3505750	A+MM	@CNT	
3671	2111414	MEMA	WPNT	/STORE STATE FOR NEXT CALL
3672	2405745	ACCM	WPNT0	
3673	2111415	MEMA	WORD	
3674	2405746	ACCM	WORD0	
3675	2111416	MEMA	WCNT	

///	SUBROUTINE DEC			
3676	2405747	ACCM	WCNT0	
3677	110004	MEMA	(4	/SET FOR GETTING TRAILER (3 NIBBLES
3700	2405417	ACCM	COUNT	
3701	110004	MEMA	(4	
3702	2405416	ACCM	WCNT	
3703	2165415	ZERM	WORD	

3626	1	1		
3627	6445	TEXT % TE		
3630	535045	KHE		
3631	700045	X E		
3632	627700	R%		
3633	1744	JMP	TEKE	/ GOTO TEKHEX END
3634	2111752	TEK2,	MEMA	HEAD+1
3635	5044		LLSH	4
3636	2405640		ACCM	#+2
3637	2001470		JMS	NIBBIN
3640	0		0	
3641	2		2	
3642	20		20	
3643	0		0	
3644	2111643		MEMA	#-1
3645	3505754		A+MM	@NBYTE
3646	5001		LASH	1
3647	2407417		ACCMZ	COUNT
3650	1652		JMP	#+2
3651	1734		JMP	TEK3
/	THIS WAS LAST FULL BYTE.			/NORMAL TERMINATION-CHECK FOR WHETHI
3652	2125417		MPOM	COUNT
3653	2111745		MEMA	WPNT0
3654	2405414		ACCM	WPNT
3655	2111746		MEMA	WORD0
3656	2405415		ACCM	WORD
3657	2111747		MEMA	WCNT0
3660	2405416		ACCM	WCNT
3661	2165422		ZERM	CHKSUM
3662	2165423		ZERM	NWORD
3663	2001310		JMS	DEC
3664	2111422		MEMA	CHKSUM
3665	10377		ANDA	(377
3666	2405753		ACCM	CHKS
3667	2111423		MEMA	NWORD
3670	3505750		A+MM	@CNT
3671	2111414		MEMA	WPNT
3672	2405745		ACCM	WPNT0
3673	2111415		MEMA	WORD
3674	2405746		ACCM	WORD0
3675	2111416		MEMA	WCNT

///	SUBROUTINE DEC			
3676	2405747		ACCM	WCNT0
3677	110004		MEMA	(4
3700	2405417		ACCM	COUNT
3701	110004		MEMA	(4
3702	2405416		ACCM	WCNT
3703	2165415		ZERM	WORD
				/GET FOR GETTING TRAILER (3 NIBBLES)

AD-A149 727

TOPICS IN OPTICAL MATERIALS AND DEVICE RESEARCH - III
VOLUME 2(U) PARKE MATHEMATICAL LABS INC CARLISLE MASS
T B BARRETT ET AL. AUG 84 RADC-TR-84-73-VOL-2

2/2

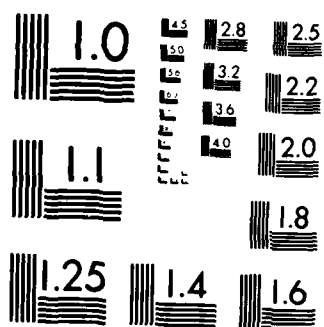
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NL

										END			



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS 1963-A

/// SUBROUTINE DEC

APNT	3421	BCNT	3420	BIN	3556	BUFS	3756
C	3555	CHKS	3753	CHKSUM	3422	CNT	3750
COUNT	3417	CRLF	3760	DEC	3310	DEC1	3350
DEC2	3357	DEC3	3356	HEAD	3751	HEAD1	3755
MASK	3413	MPLCND	3526	NBYTE	3754	NIB1	3523
NIB2	3550	NIRBIN	3470	NIRBLE	3407	NNIB	3554
NWORD	3423	RESULT	3557	SHIF	3560	SHIF1	3411
START	3311	TEK1	3605	TEK2	3634	TEK3	3734
TEKE	3744	TEKHEX	3565	TEMP	3406	TEMP1	3410
TRAN	3412	UNP	3757	VALUE	3553	WCNT	3416
WCNT0	3747	WORD	3415	WORD0	3746	WPNT	3414
WPNT0	3745						

\$

/// SUBROUTINE DEC

W

*

#

```

// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 26,1980
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- TRANSFER A CORE "FILE" TO DISK FILE. THE CORE FILE
/ STARTS AT 100000.
/ ARGUMENTS --
/ NW - LENGTH OF THE FILE (WORDS)
/ FILNAM - ADDRESS OF THE NAME TO BE ASSIGNED TO THE FILE.
/

```

////////////////////////////////////

```

*4010
4010      0 NICFIL, 0
4011 3110010 MEMA @NICFIL
4012 3404425 ACCM @OARG2
4013 2404032 ACCM NW
4014 3164424 ZERM @OARG1
4015 2124010 MPOM NICFIL
4016 3110010 MEMA @NICFIL
4017 2404063 ACCM AFIL
4020 2124010 MPOM NICFIL /SET FOR ERROR RETURN
4021 3000420 JMS @OPENW
4022 3110425 MEMA @OARG2 /MAKE SURE HAVE ENOUGH SPACE
4023 2462032 A-MZ NW
4024 5144 EXCT AC19 /IF NEG. JUMP TO ERROR EXIT
4025 47 JMP ERR
4026 3110424 MEMA @OARG1
4027 2404031 ACCM IT
4030 3000421 JMS @WRITE
4031 0 IT, 0
4032 0 NW, 0
4033 100000 100000
4034 2110032 MEMA NW
4035 3404425 ACCM @OARG2
4036 3110063 MEMA @AFIL
4037 2404044 ACCM #+5
4040 2124063 MPOM AFIL
4041 3110063 MEMA @AFIL
4042 2404045 ACCM #+3
4043 3000422 JMS @CLOSE
4044 0 0
4045 0 0
4046 61 JMP NIC1
4047 3000412 ERR, JMS @UNP
4050 17
4051 1 1

```

```

4052      5657          TEXT % NO
4053      4651      FI
4054      544500      LE
4055      636041      SPA
4056      434515      CE-
4057      770000      %
4060      1000010      JMP      @NICFIL
4061      2124010      NIC1,      MPOM      NICFIL
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
4062      1000010      JMP      @NICFIL
/ SCRATCH STORAGE
4063      0 AFIL,      0
// SUBROUTINE SEARCH(MNEM,CODE,VALUE,NBYTE,TABLA,FLAG)
/ REVISION -- JANUARY 22,1981
/ AUTHOR -- BARRETT,TB
/ PURPOSE -- SEARCH A TABLE FOR CODE&VALUE&NO. OF BYTES IN THE
/              VALUE (WHERE VALUE IS A SINGLE WORD WITH UP TO
/              5 NIBBLES) OR INSERT VALUE & NO. OF NIBBLES IN VALUE
/ PARAMETERS --
/      MNEM - 3 LETTER MNEMONIC (PACKED) WHICH IDENTIFIES AN ENTRY
/      CODE - THE CORRESPONDING CODE (CAMERA "SECONDARY ADDRESS")
/      VALUE - DATA WORD ASSOCIATED WITH THE CODE (MAY BE 0)
/              TYPICALLY THIS IS A BCD CODE. FOR EXAMPLE 1203
/              WOULD HAVE NIBBLES 1,2,0,3,0 IN THAT ORDER FOR
/              AN OCTAL WORD = 0220060.
/      NBYTE - NO. OF NIBBLES IN VALUE (MAY BE 0)
/      TABLA - ADDRESS OF THE START OF THE TABLE
/      FLAG - ON ENTRY, FLAG IS USED TO INDICATE WHETHER THIS
/              IS A RETURN (0) OR REPLACE (1) OPERATION. ON
/              SEARCH OPERATIONS, FLAG IS ALSO RETURNED AS 0 FOR
/              A SUCCESSFUL SEARCH AND AS 1 FOR NO-FIND.
/      NOTE ---
/      TABLE HAS THE FORM -
/      MNEMONIC (3 PACKED LETTERS,R-JUSTIFIED)
/      CODE RIGHT JUSTIFIED 8-BIT CODE
/      N-NIBBLES NO. OF NIBBLES IN VALUE
/      VALUE PACKED NIBBLES
/      ETC.
/      THE TABLE SHOULD BE TERMINATED WITH @.
*4070
4070      0 SEARCH, 0
4071      3110070      MEMA      @SEARCH
4072      2404150      ACCM      MNEM
4073      2134070      MPOMA      SEARCH
4074      2404151      ACCM      CODE
4075      2134070      MPOMA      SEARCH
4076      2404304      ACCM      VALUE
4077      2134070      MPOMA      SEARCH

```

4100	2404152	ACCM	NBYTE	
4101	2124070	MPOM	SEARCH	
4102	3110070	MEMA	@SEARCH	
4103	2404153	ACCM	TABLA	
4104	2124070	MPOM	SEARCH	
4105	112	JMP	#+5	
4106	2124153	MPOM	TABLA	SEA1,
4107	2124153	MPOM	TABLA	
4110	2124153	MPOM	TABLA	
4111	2124153	MPOM	TABLA	
4112	3110153	MEMA	@TABLA	
4113	462300	A-MZ	(300	
4114	116	JMP	#+2	
4115	145	JMP	SEA2	/CANT FIND
4116	2462150	A-MZ	MNEM	
4117	106	JMP	SEA1	

```

-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
4120 3102070 MEMZ @SEARCH
4121 134 JMP SEA3 /STORE
4122 2124153 MPOM TABLA
4123 3110153 MEMA @TABLA
4124 3404151 ACCM @CODE
4125 2124153 MPOM TABLA
4126 3110153 MEMA @TABLA
4127 3404152 ACCM @NBYTE
4130 2124153 MPOM TABLA
4131 3110153 MEMA @TABLA
4132 3404304 ACCM @VALUE
4133 144 JMP SEA4
4134 2124153 SEA3, MPOM TABLA
4135 2124153 MPOM TABLA
4136 3110152 MEMA @NBYTE
4137 3404153 ACCM @TABLA
4140 2124153 MPOM TABLA
4141 3110304 MEMA @VALUE
4142 3404153 ACCM @TABLA
4143 145 JMP SEA2
4144 3166070 SEA4, ZERMZ @SEARCH
4145 3024070 SEA2, ONEM @SEARCH
4146 2124070 MPOM SEARCH
4147 1000070 JMP @SEARCH

```

/ SCRATCH STORAGE

4150	0 MNEM,	0
4151	0 CODE,	0
4152	0 NBYTE,	0
4153	0 TABLA,	0

// SUBROUTINE ZERTAB(TABLE)

/ PURPOSE -- ZEROES THE COMMAND TABLE

/ ARGUMENTS -- TABLE - START ADDRESS OF TABLE

*4160

4160	0	ZERTAB,	0
4161	110023	MEMA	(23
4162	2404173	ACCM	COUNT
4163	3110160	MEMA	@ZERTAB
4164	2404174	ACCM	POINT
4165	3164174	ZE1,	ZERM @POINT
4166	2124174	MPOM	POINT
4167	2706173	MMOMZ	COUNT
4170	165	JMP	ZE1
4171	2124160	MPOM	ZERTAB
4172	1000160	JMP	@ZERTAB

/ SCRATCH

4173	0	COUNT,	0
4174	0	POINT,	0

/

////////////////////////////////////

// FUNCTION MULTP(X)

/ PURPOSE -- MULTIPLIES ACC BY X AND RETURNS RESULT IN ACC (LOWER
/ 20 BITS OF THE RESULT. THE HIGH ORDER BITS ARE PUT
/ IN THE MQ REGISTER.

4175	0	MULTP,	0
------	---	--------	---

// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)

4176	4354	TACMQ	/TRANSFER ACC TO MQ REGISTER
4177	3110175	MEMA	@MULTP
4200	2404202	ACCM	#+2
4201	505320	MULT	
4202	0	0	
4203	2404304	ACCM	VALUE
4204	4343	TMQAC	/TRANSFERS MQ (LOW ORDER) TO ACC
4205	2404305	ACCM	VALUE1
4206	2110304	MEMA	VALUE
4207	4354	TACMQ	/PUT HIGH ORDER IN MQ
4210	2110305	MEMA	VALUE1 /LOW ORDER IN ACC FOR RETURN
4211	2124175	MPOM	MULTP /SET FOR RETURN
4212	1000175	JMP	@MULTP

/

////////////////////////////////////

// FUNCTION DIVDE(X)

/ PURPOSE -- DIVIDE MQ+ACC BY X AND RETURN THE RESULT IN ACC.
/ RETURN THE REMAINDER IN X. NOTE THAT MQ CONTAINS THE HIGH
/ ORDER BITS AND ACC THE LOW ORDER BITS OF THE DIVIDEND.

4213	0	DIVDE,	0
4214	5210	CLL	/CLEAR LINK
4215	5144	EXCT	AC19

```

4216      5204      STL
4217      5001      LASH      1      /LEFT SHIFT DIVIDEND
4220 2404304      ACCM      VALUE      /STORE TEMPORARILY
4221      4343      TMQAC      /GET HIGH ORDER BITS
4222      5001      LASH      1
4223      5141      EXCT      L
4224 2430000      APOA
4225 2404305      ACCM      VALUE1      /STORE TEMPORARILY
4226 2110304      MEMA      VALUE
4227      4354      TACMQ      /LOAD IT INTO MQ
4230 3110213      MEMA      @DIVDE      /GET DIVISOR
4231 2404234      ACCM      D1
4232 2110305      MEMA      VALUE1      /PUT HIGH ORDER IN ACC
4233 465300      DIVD
4234      0 D1,      0
4235 405021      RISH      1      /RESTORE THE REMAINDER
4236 3404213      ACCM      @DIVDE      /AND STORE FOR RETURN
4237      4343      TMQAC      /QUOTIENT TO ACC
4240 2124213      MPOM      DIVDE      /FOR RETURN
4241 1000213      JMP      @DIVDE
/
///////////////////////////////////////////////////
/
// SUBROUTINE SENDF
/ PURPOSE -- GIVEN A "WORD" TO BE PRINTED IN ACC, SENDF PRINTS THE
/ WORD ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING RULE-
/ (1) IF SMODE=0 THEN PRINT DIRECTLY AFTER CONVERTING TO
/ NIC ASCII
/ (2) IF SMODE=1 THEN CONVERT TO DOUBLE HEX AND PRINT. ALSO COUNT
/ CHARACTERS (OR WORDS) AND AT END OF WCNT0 WORDS DO A CR. THE
/ WORD COUNTER COUNTER SHOULD BE SET TO WCNT0 INITIALLY.
/ SMODE,WCNT AND WCNT0 CAN BE CONSIDERED IN COMMON DECLARED IN SENDF.
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
4242      0 SENDF,      0
4243 2102311      MEMZ      SMODE
4244      250      JMP      HEXM
4245 510200      A+MA      (200
4246 3000417      JMS      @TYPE
4247      276      JMP      HEXM2
4250 2024307      HEXM,      ONEM      LCNT      /SET NIBBLE COUNT TO 2
4251 2124307      MPOM      LCNT
4252      5064      RLSH      4
4253 2404304      HEXM1,      ACCM      VALUE
4254      110260      MEMA      (260
4255 2404306      ACCM      PREF
4256 2110304      MEMA      VALUE
4257      10017      ANDA      (17
4260 2404305      ACCM      VALUE1

```

```

4261 470012      A-MA      (12
4262 5144        EXCT      AC19
4263 267         JMP       #+4
4264 2424305     APOM      VALUE1
4265 110300      MEMA      (300
4266 2404306     ACCM      PREF
4267 2110305     MEMA      VALUE1
4270 2510306     A+MA      PREF
4271 3000417     JMS       @TYPE
4272 2110304     MEMA      VALUE
4273 5044        LLSH      4
4274 2706307     MMOMZ     LCNT
4275 253         JMP       HEXM1
4276 2706310     HEXM2,    MMOMZ     WCNT
4277 303         JMP       SENDE
4300 2110312     MEMA      WCNT0
4301 2404310     ACCM      WCNT
4302 3000414     JMS       @CRLF
4303 1000242     SENDE,    JMP       @SENDF
/ SCRATCH STORAGE
4304 0 VALUE,    0
4305 0 VALUE1,   0
4306 0 PREF,     0
4307 0 LCNT,     0
/ COMMON
4310 0 WCNT,     0
4311 0 SMODE,    0
4312 0 WCNT0,    0
/
/////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
/
// SUBROUTINE GETFIL
/ PURPOSE -- ASKS FOR FILE WANTED AND GETS THE FILE INTO NIC
/ CORE STARTING AT 100000. IF THE FILE IS UNAVAILABLE,
/ AN ERROR MESSAGE IS PRINTED AND THE
/ ERROR EXIT IS TAKEN. (NORMAL EXIT IS 2 BEYOND CALL POINT.)
4313 0 GETFIL,   0
4314 3000412     JMS       @UNP
4315 14          14
4316 0           0
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
4317 4651        TEXT % FI
4320 544500      LE
4321 564155      NAM
4322 453735      E?=
4323 770000      %
4324 3000413     JMS       @PKR
4325 4331        FILNAM

```

```

4326      0      0
4327 3000414    JMS      @CRLF
4330 3000415    JMS      @OPENR
4331      0 FILNAM, BLOCK 2
4333 3110424    MEMA      @OARG1
4334      5104    SKIP     AC19
4335      351     JMP      GETF1
4336 3000412    JMS      @UNP      /FILE DOES NOT EXIST
4337      24      24
4340      1      1
4341      4651    TEXT % FI
4342 544500     LE
4343 445745     DOE
4344 630056     S N
4345 576400     OT
4346 457051     EXI
4347 636477     ST%
4350 1000313    JMP      @GETFIL
4351 3110424 GETF1, MEMA      @OARG1
4352 2404356    ACCM      ITG
4353 3110425    MEMA      @OARG2
4354 2404357    ACCM      SIZE
4355 3000416    JMS      @READD
4356      0 ITG,      0
4357      0 SIZE,     0
4360 2124313    MPOM      GETFIL
4361 1000313    JMP      @GETFIL
/
/ SUBROUTINE PAUSE
/ PURPOSE -- VARIABLE PAUSE
4362      0 PAUSE, 0
4363 3110362    MEMA      @PAUSE
4364 2404173    ACCM      COUNT
4365 2706173    MMOMZ     COUNT
4366      365     JMP      #-1
4367 2124362    MPOM      PAUSE
4370 1000362    JMP      @PAUSE
/
/ SUBROUTINE OCT(X)
/ PURPOSE -- PACKS USER GIVEN OCTAL VALUE (UP TO 7 DIGITS) INTO LOCATION
/ X. THE VALUE IS RIGHT JUSTIFIED, ZERO FILL (E.G. 1 => 0000001).
4371      0 OCT,      0
4372 3110371    MEMA      @OCT
4373 2404304    ACCM      VALUE
4374 3164304    ZERM      @VALUE /ZERO FILL THE NUMBER
4375 3000423 OCT1, JMS      @ECHO /GET NEXT DIGIT
4376 462215     A-MZ      (215 /IF CR WE ARE THROUGH
4377 2162000    ZERZ

```

```
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
4400      410      JMP      OCTE
4401      470260   A-MA     (260   /CONVERT FROM ASCII TO OCTAL
4402      2404305   ACCM     VALUE1
4403      3110304   MEMA     @VALUE
4404      5043      LLSH     3
4405      2510305   A+MA     VALUE1
4406      3404304   ACCM     @VALUE /STORE NEW VALUE
4407      375       JMP      OCT1
4410      2124371   OCTE,    MPOM    OCT
4411      1000371   JMP      @OCT
```

```
/
/ EXTERNALS
4412      2650 UNP,      2650
4413      3240 PKR,      3240
4414      2736 CRLF,     2736
4415      2432 OPENR,    2432
4416      2511 READD,    2511
4417      2731 TYPE,     2731
4420      2420 OPENW,    2420
4421      2470 WRITE,    2470
4422      2451 CLOSE,    2451
4423      2257 ECHO,     2257
```

```
/ DEFINITIONS
4424      7770 OARG1,    7770
4425      7771 OARG2,    7771
```

```
/
////////////////////
/
```

```
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
```

AFIL	4063	CLOSE	4422	CODE	4151	COUNT	4173
CRLF	4414	D1	4234	DIVDE	4213	ECHO	4423
ERR	4047	FILNAM	4331	GETF1	4351	GETFIL	4313
HEXM	4250	HEXM1	4253	HEXM2	4276	IT	4031
ITG	4356	LCNT	4307	MNEM	4150	MULTP	4175
NBYTE	4152	NIC1	4061	NICFIL	4010	NW	4032
OARG1	4424	OARG2	4425	OCT	4371	OCT1	4375
OCTE	4410	OPENR	4415	OPENW	4420	PAUSE	4362
PKR	4413	POINT	4174	PREF	4306	READD	4416
SEA1	4106	SEA2	4145	SEA3	4134	SEA4	4144
SEARCH	4070	SENDE	4303	SENDF	4242	SIZE	4357
SMODE	4311	TABLA	4153	TYPE	4417	UNP	4412
VALUE	4304	VALUE1	4305	WCNT	4310	WCNT0	4312
WRITE	4421	ZE1	4165	ZERTAB	4160		

```
$
```

```
-----
// SUBROUTINE NICFIL(NW,FILNAM)
```

```
W
```

APPENDIX F - CTLS Source Listing

00002 ;OCTOBER 28,1981

00003

00004

00005

LIST

00006

NOLIST MEG

00007

GLOBAL COM1,COM2,COM3,COM4,COM5,COM6

00008

;GP18 CONTROLLER SUBROUTINES ADAPTED FROM INTEL

00009

;PERIPHERAL DESIGN HANDBOOK, AUG. 80,P 2-218

00010

;

00011

;

MEMORY CONTROL

00012

;

00013

0000

CSEG

EWU

000H

00014

0800

DSEG

EWU

800H

00015

0BFF

STXBUF

EWU

0BFFH

00016

0900

COMB

EWU

900H

00017

;

00018

;

INITIAL DATA

00019

;

00020

0004

MAXBLK

EWU

4

;max. no. of 150 byte blocks to be stored in the CTL buffer.

00021

0008

LASTC

EWU

8

;last legitimate command number

00022

;

00023

;

B291 CONTROL VALUES

00024

;

00025

0020

PR191

EWU

10H

;B291 Base Port #

00026

;

00027

;

Reg 00 data-in & data-out

00028

0020

DIN

EWU

PR191+0

;Data-in reg

00029

0020

DOU1

EWU

PR191+0

;Data-out reg

00030

;

00031

;

;Reg #1 Interrupt 1 Constants

00032

0021

INT1

EWU

PR191+1

;INT Reg 1

00033

0001

B0M

EWU

1

;B0 status bit no.

00034

0000

B1M

EWU

0

;B1 status bit no.

00035

0010

ENDM*

EWU

10H

;91 END INTRF Mask

00036

0080

CF1

EWU

80H

;91 command pass through int bit

00037

;

00038

;

00039

;

Reg #2 Interrupt 2

00040

0022

INT2

EWU

PR191+2

00041

;

00042

;

00043

;

Reg #4 address Mode Constants

00044

0024

ADMD

EWU

PR191+4

;91 address mode register #

00045

0080

TDM

EWU

80H

;91 talk only mode & not listen only

00046

0040

LDM

EWU

40H

;91 listen only and not talk

00047

0001

MODE1

EWU

01

;91 mode 1 addressing

00048

;

00049

;

Reg #4 read

00050

0024

ADRST

EWU

PR191+4

00051

0002

TA

EWU

2

;Talk active

00052

;

00053

;

00054

;

Reg #5 (writer) Auxiliary Mode Register

```

00055 0025 AUXMD EQU PR191+5 ;91 auxiliary mode register #
00056 0024 CLART EQU 24h ;91 4 Mhz clock input
00057 0002 INITIAL EQU 02 ;91 reset
00058 0003 FMHSA EQU 03 ;91 finish handshake command
00059 000F VSCMD EQU 0FH ;91 Valid command pass-through
00060 0006 SEQI EQU 06h ;91 send EOI
00061 0080 AXRA EQU 80h ;91aux. reg A pattern
00062 0002 HOEND EQU 2 ;91 hold off handshake on end
00063 0008 EOIS EQU 8 ;91 output EOI on EOS sent
00064 0004 EDEUS EQU 4 ;91 end on EOS received
00065 00A0 AXRB EQU 0A0h ;Aux. reg. B pattern
00066 0001 CPTEM EQU 01h ;Command pass-through enable
00067 ;
00068 ; Reg 05 (read)
00069 0025 CPTRG EQU PR191+5 ;Command Pass-through reg
00070 ;
00071 ;
00072 ; Reg 06 Address 0-1 req. constants
00073 0026 ADDR01 EQU PR191+6
00074 0060 DTDL1 EQU 60h ;Disable major tainer & listener
00075 00E0 DTDL2 EQU 0E0h ;Disable minor tainer & listener
00076 ;
00077 ;
00078 ; Reg 07 EOS Character Register
00079 0027 EUSK EQU PR191+7
00080 ;
00081 ;
00082 ; 8292 CONTROL VALUES
00083 ;
00084 ;
00085 0010 PR192 EQU 10h ;8298 base Port #
00086 ;
00087 0010 INTRM EQU PR192+0 ;92 INTRP Mask Reg
00088 00A0 INIM EQU 0A0h ;IC1
00089 ;
00090 0010 ERKM EQU PR192+0 ;92 error mask register
00091 ;
00092 0010 ERFLAB EQU PR192+0 ;error flag pseudo register
00093 0002 TOUT2 EQU 02 ;92 time for standby
00094 0004 TOUT3 EQU 04 ;92 time out for ICSt
00095 ;
00096 0010 TUREG EQU PR192+0 ;92 time out pseudo-register
00097 007F TOUT EQU 7FH ;Time out byte for Tureg
00098 ;
00099 0011 CMD92 EQU PR192+1 ;92 Command Register
00100 0011 INTST EQU PR192+1 ;92 Interrupt Status Register
00101 0002 IBFBI EQU 2 ;input buffer full bit
00102 0005 SQU EQU 05 ;92 Sfu bit no.
00103 0020 SQUIBI EQU 20h ;SQU bit
00104 0040 ERKBI EQU 40h ;ERK bit
00105 ;
00106 0010 CLCS1 EQU PR192+0 ;92 Controller Status pseudo-reg
00107 0008 SYCS EQU 08h ;Control Switch status

```



```

00108 0040 CABT EQU 40H ;Controller active bit
00109 ;
00110 0010 TOST EQU PRT92+0 ;Y2 time out pseudo-register
00111 ;
00112 0010 BUSST EQU PRT92+0 ;Y2 GPIB status pseudo-register
00113 0008 SYCBT EQU 08H ;SYC status bit
00114 ;
00115 ; 8292 OPERATION COMMANDS
00116 00F1 GIDL EQU 0F1H ;Go to idle
00117 00F2 RSET EQU 0F2H ;Reset
00118 00F3 RSTI EQU 0F3H ;reset interrupts
00119 00F6 GTSB EQU 0F6H ;Goto standby
00120 00F9 ABORT EQU 0F9H ;Interface clear
00121 00FC TLASY EQU 0FCH ;take control asynchronously
00122 00FD TCSY EQU 0FDH ;take control synchronously
00123 00FA TCTR EQU 0FAH ;take control (receive control)
00124 ;
00125 ; 8292 UTILITY COMMANDS
00126 ;
00127 00E1 WTOU EQU 0E1H ;write to time out register
00128 00E4 REEF EQU 0E4H ;read error flag register
00129 00E6 RST EQU 0E6H ;read Controller Status register
00130 00E7 RST EQU 0E7H ;read GPIB status pseudo-register
00131 000B IACK EQU 0BH ;Interrupt acknowledge
00132 ;
00133 ; 8292 INTERRUPT PORT
00134 ;
00135 000B PRTF EQU 0BH
00136 0001 TCIF EQU 01H ;last complete interrupt
00137 ;
00138 ; GPIB MESSAGES (COMMANDS)
00139 ;
00140 0001 MDA EQU 1 ;My device address is 1
00141 0041 MTA EQU MDA+40H ;My talk address is 1 ("H")
00142 0021 MLA EQU MDA+20H ;My listen address is 1 ("I")
00143 003F UNL EQU 3FH ;Universal unlisten
00144 005F UNT EQU 5FH ;Universal untalk
00145 0018 SPE EQU 18H ;Serial poll enable
00146 0019 SPD EQU 19H ;Serial poll disable
00147 0009 TCT EQU 9 ;take control (pass control)
00148 ;
00149 ;
00150 ; CTL PORTS
00151 ;
00152 0080 CTRL1 EQU 80H ;CTL 8-bit control input
00153 0000 ASR0 EQU 0 ;address switch 1
00154 0001 ASR1 EQU 1 ;address switch 2
00155 0002 ASR2 EQU 2 ;address switch 3
00156 0003 ASR3 EQU 3 ;address switch 4
00157 0004 ASR4 EQU 4 ;address switch 5
00158 0005 DONE EQU 5 ;DONE status bit
00159 0006 BUSY EQU 6 ;BUSY status bit
00160 0080 INTST EQU 80H ;8291 interrupt status bit

```

```
00161      ;
00162      0080      CTRL0 EQU      80H      ;LTL 4-bit control output
00163      0001      DMENT EQU      1        ;enable WAIT-ON-DONE
00164      0002      SRVC EQU      2        ;set service request bit
00165      0004      DNECL EQU      4        ;DONE clear pulse
00166      0010      DMANT EQU      10H     ;enable WAIT-ON-DONE
00167      ;
00168      ;      NICK PORT (IN/OUT TO NICOLET)
00169      ;
00170      0040      NICK EQU      40H
00171      ;
00172      ;      MISCELLANEOUS DEFINITIONS
00173      0800      > TABLE EQU      0800H   ;address of parameter table
00174      0C00      DATAB01 EQU      0C00H
00175      0002      DEVICE EQU      2        ;the device number of the camera is .
00176      0022      CAML EQU      DEVICE+32
00177      0042      CAM1 EQU      DEVICE+64
00178      0062      INF EQU      98        ;this sets the input format (cam - LTL)
00179      0063      XCOORD EQU      99
00180      0069      VII EQU      105       ;video input increment
00181      ;
00182      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00183      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
```

```

00185      :      OCTOBER 21, 1981
00186      :
00187      :
00188      :      MACRO DEFINITIONS
00189      :
00190      :      MACRO WRREG ;REG,VALUE,(LABEL)
00191      :      REG=register to write to
00192      :      VALUE=value to write
00193      :      LABEL=optional jump to
00194      :      LD      A,"0"
00195      :      OUT     (1),A
00196      :      MSET    3
00197      :      IF     A="0"
00198      :      JR      "3"
00199      :      ENDIF
00200      :      ENDM
00201      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00202      :      MACRO CTLNIC
00203      :      WRITES BYTES TO NIC FROM CTL
00204      :      IN      A,(CTRL)
00205      :      BIT     DONE,A
00206      :      JR      NZ,CTL"0"
00207      :      OUTI
00208      :      JR      NZ,CTL"0"
00209      :      ENDM
00210      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00211      :      MACRO NICCTL
00212      :      READS BYTES FROM NIC TO CTL
00213      :      IN      A,(CTRL)
00214      :      BIT     BUSY,A
00215      :      JR      Z,NIL"0"
00216      :      INI
00217      :      OUT     (0),A
00218      :      JR      NZ,NIL"0"
00219      :      ENDM
00220      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00221      :      MACRO NICTLI ;READS A SINGLE BYTE FROM NIC INTO L-REG.
00222      :      IN      A,(CTRL)
00223      :      BIT     BUSY,A
00224      :      JR      Z,NIL"0"
00225      :      IN      A,(NICP)
00226      :      LD      D,A
00227      :      OUT     (NIEP),A
00228      :      ENDM
00229      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00230      :      MACRO STREG ;REG
00231      :      REG=register to be stored at next location addressed by M
00232      :      LD      (HL),"1"
00233      :      INC     HL
00234      :      ENDM
00235      :      ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00236      :      MACRO SISTMT ;REG
00237      :      REG=status register to be stored at next location address 100H

```

```
00238          IN      A,('I')
00239          LD      (HL),A
00240          INC     HL
00241          ENDM
00242          ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00243          MACRO   STIND ;INDC
00244          ;      INDC=indirect command for accessing the register
00245          LD      D,'I'
00246          CALL   RDIND
00247          LD      (HL),H
00248          INC     HL
00249          ENDM
00250          ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
```

```

00252      ;      NOVEMBER 4, 1981
00253      ;
00254      ;
00255      ;      MAIN CONTROL ROUTINE
00256      ;
00257      ;PURPOSE -- This is the CTL executive routine which is slave to NLC
00258      ;      in that it performs commands issued by NLC and returns to a
00259      ;      wait state (waits for input from NLC) after command completion.
00260      ;      If a command can not be completed because of a bus error (always
00261      ;      considered fatal), the executive returns to its wait state via
00262      ;      an error subroutine which, among other things, sets SNVC to
00263      ;      indicate abnormal command termination.
00264      ;      Each command is started by NLC by transferring a 20 byte parameter
00265      ;      block from NLC to CTL. The first byte in this table is the command
00266      ;      number.
00267      ;      The control routine has been modified such that the CTL address
00268      ;      switches may be used to cause a local test program to be run without
00269      ;      NLC being attached. See subroutine TEST for a description of the
00270      ;      tests and how they are initiated. If ASK is set (0), the normal
00271      ;      program is executed.
00272      0000      ORG      CSEG
00273      0000 21FF0B      LD      HL,STR001
00274      0003 F9          LD      SP,HL
00275      0004 CD7001      CALL     INIT
00276      0007 FB          EI
00277      0008 ED56          IM      1
00278      000A DB80          IN      A,(CTRL1)
00279      000C DB47          BIT     ASK,A
00280      000E CC6803      CALL     Z,TEST
00281      0011 3E14          WAIT    LD      A,14H      ;set parameters for NLC table transfer.
00282      0013 320B08      LD      (INDX),A
00283      0016 210008      LD      HL,TABLE      ;starting address of the table
00284      0019 220D08      LD      (DATA00),HL
00285      001C 218000      LD      HL,WAITZ
00286      001F 221408      LD      (RETADD),HL      ;normal return from NLC.
00287      0022 CDBD02      CALL     CDBS      ;transfer table
00288      0025 0013          BLOCK    38H-SCALARIS-CSEG      ;to get to start of interrupt section
00289      0038 221C08      INTRPT LD      (TEMP),HL      ;the interrupt routine stores registers starting at 14H
00290      003B E1          POP      HL
00291      003C 221E08      LD      (TEMP+2),HL      ;store PC
00292      003F ED732008      LD      (TEMP+4),SP
00293      0043 212208      LD      HL,TEMP+0
00294      STREG      A
00295      STREG      C
00296      STREG      B
00297      STREG      E
00298      STREG      D
00299      S1STAT     INIT      ;B.91 registers
00300      S1STAT     INT2
00301      S1STAT     ADKST
00302      S1STAT     ADK01
00303      S1STAT     EOSR
00304      S1STAT     INTST      ;B.82 registers

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00305          STIND  RERF      ;error flag
00306          STIND  ROST      ;controller status
00307          STIND  RHST      ;busstatus
00308 007D C30000          JP      CSEG
00309 0080 211100 > WAITZ LD      HL,WAIT
00310 0083 221408 > LD      (HL+DD),HL      ;return address for command calls
00311 0086 21A800 > LD      HL,START      ;following code is to find address of call
00312 0089 FB          EI
00313 008A E056          IM      1
00314 008C 3A0008 > LD      H,(CUMM)
00315 008F 4F          LD      C,A
00316 0090 3A1608 > LD      A,(CUMM)
00317 0093 B9          CP      C
00318 0094 FCE000 > CALL  M,ERRH0R
00319 0097 79          LD      A,C
00320 0098 A7          AND      A
00321 0099 FCE000 > CALL  M,ERRH0R
00322 009C ECE000 > CALL  Z,ERRH0R
00323 009F 0600          LD      B,0
00324 00A1 3D          DEC      A
00325 00A2 4F          LD      C,A
00326 00A3 B7          ADD      A,H
00327 00A4 B1          ADD      A,C
00328 00A5 47          LD      C,H
00329 00A6 09          ADD      HL,BI
00330 00A7 E9          JP      (HL)
00331 00AB ED2403 > START CALL  COM1
00332 00AB EDB201 > CALL  COM2
00333 00AE ED0000 > CALL  COM3
00334 00B1 ED3502 > CALL  COM4
00335 00B4 EDBD02 > CALL  COM5
00336 00B7 EDA702 > CALL  COM6
00337 00BA EDBE02 > CALL  COM7
00338 00BD ED0009 > CALL  COM8
00339          ;
00340          ;
00341          ;      ERROR ROUTINE
00342          ;
00343          ;PURPOSE - when a fatal error occurs in performing a control
00344          ;      a call to ERRH0R is made. ERRH0R sets the SHVC bit which will cause
00345          ;      NIC MONITOR to jump to NIC ERRH0R. This in turn should cause an
00346          ;      interrupt and subsequent state storage.
00347          ;
00348  ERRH0R  MAREG  CTRLO,SHVC      ;set the SHVC bit for abnormal return
00349 00C4 DB21          IM      A,(INT1)
00350 00C6 57          LD      D,H
00351 00C7 ED5D01 > CALL  CTRNTE1 ;send status to hll
00352 00CA C34101 > JP      RETURN
00353          ;
00354          ;      JUNKY Id,1781
00355          ;
00356          ;
00357          ;

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```

00358      ;      LISLIST ROUTINE
00359      ;
00360      ;PURPOSE--send out a list of listeners or a single talker
00361      ;ARGUMENTS-- reg A = 1 => talker list
00362      ;              0 => listener list
00363      ;
00364      ;USES register A,B,DE
00365      ;
00366 00CD 47      LISLIST      LD      B,A
00367 00CE A7      AND      A
00368 00CF 200F      JR      NZ,L111
00369 00D1 3A0108 >      LD      A,(NLIST)
00370 00D4 A7      AND      A
00371 00D5 2003      JR      NZ,L13
00372 00D7 04      INC      B
00373 00D8 1813      JR      L14
00374 00DA 47      L13      LD      B,A
00375 00DB 110208 >      LD      DE,LISIP
00376 00DE 1803      JR      L11
00377 00E0 110808 > L111      LD      DE,TALAP
00378 00E3 CB10      L11      RL      B
00379 00E5 1A      L15      LD      A,(DE)
00380 00E6 A7      AND      A
00381 00E7 2803      JR      Z,L12
00382 00E9 CD6701 >      CALL      WAIT0
00383 00EC 13      L12      INC      DE
00384 00ED 10F6      L14      DJNZ      L15
00385 00EF C9      RET
00386      ;
00387      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00388      ;
00389      ;      BYTBLK ROUTINE
00390      ;
00391      ;PURPOSE-- sets up registers for block read or write.
00392      ;      registers set are B,E,HL
00393      ;      register C should be set by the caller for the desired port
00394      ;RETURNS--the Z-flag is set if NDAT and NDATB = 0
00395      ;
00396 00F0 2A0D08 > BYTBLK LD      HL,(DATA0D)
00397 00F3 3A0B08 >      LD      H,(NDAT)
00398 00F6 57      LD      B,A
00399 00F7 1E01      LD      E,1
00400 00F9 A7      AND      A
00401 00FA 2805      JR      Z,BY1
00402 00FC 47      LD      B,A
00403 00FD 3E01      LD      A,1
00404 00FF 1806      JR      B72
00405 0101 3A0C08 > BY1      LD      A,(NDATB)
00406 0104 57      LD      D,H
00407 0105 0600      LD      B,0
00408 0107 5F      B72      LD      E,A
00409 0108 7A      LD      A,D
00410 0109 A2      AND      D

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```

00411 010A C9          RET
00412                ;
00413                ;
00414                ;
00415                ;
00416                ;
00417                ;   SUBROUTINE RDIND
00418                ; PURPOSE -- read 8292 indirect registers
00419                ; ARGUMENTS -- reg D should contain the utility command-
00420                ; REVC,KEERF,R1MM,RCST,RBST,RTOUT or REHM
00421                ;
00422 010B DB11          RDIND IN    A,(INTS1)
00423 010D E602          AND     1BF8H
00424 010F 20FA          JR      NZ,RDIND
00425 0111 7A           LD      A,D
00426 0112 CD4E01      CALL    WAITX
00427 0115 DB10          IN     A,(PRT92)
00428 0117 C9          RET
00429                ;
00430                ;
00431                ;
00432                ;   SUBROUTINE WRIND
00433                ; PURPOSE -- write 8292 indirect registers or to send IAC
00434                ; ARGUMENTS -- reg D should contain W1OUT,WEVC or IAC
00435                ;                reg E should contain a value to be inserted
00436                ;                in the indirect reg (except for IAC)
00437 011B DB11          WRIND IN    A,(INTS1)
00438 011A E602          AND     1BF8H
00439 011C 20FA          JR      NZ,WRIND
00440 011E 7A           LD      A,D
00441 011F D311          OUT     (CMD92),A
00442 0121 DB11          WR1 IN     A,(INTS1)
00443 0123 E602          AND     1BF8H
00444 0125 20FA          JR      NZ,WR1
00445 0127 CB5A          BIT     3,D
00446 0129 2009          JR      NZ,WR2 ; if IAC this is all
00447 012B 7B           LD      A,E
00448 012C D310          OUT     (PRT92),A
00449 012E DB11          WR3 IN     A,(INTS1)
00450 0130 E602          AND     1BF8H
00451 0132 20FA          JR      NZ,WR3
00452 0134 C9          WR2 RET
00453                ;
00454                ;
00455                ;   SUBROUTINE T1IN
00456                ; PURPOSE -- check GPIB input status
00457                ; ARGUMENTS -- reg A returns the INT1 status bits.
00458                ;
00459 0135 1600          T1IN LD     D,0
00460 0137 DB21          T1 IN     A,(INT1)
00461 0139 B2           OR      D ;collect status bits here
00462 013A 57           LD     D,A
00463 013B CB47          BIT     B1M,A

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00464 013D 2BFH      JH      Z,T21
00465 013F 7A        LD      A,D
00466 0140 C9        RET
00467                ;
00468                ;
00469                ; PSEUDO-SUBROUTINE RETURN
00470                ; Returns subroutines to RETADD and writes a byte to NIC
00471 0141 2A1408 >    RETURN LD    HL,(RETADD)
00472 0144 DB80        IN      A,(CTRL1) ;In test mode a normal return is made.
00473 0146 CB47        BIT     ASKO,A
00474 0148 C8        RET      Z
00475 0149 C1        POP     BC
00476 014A C05001 >    CALL    CTLNIC1
00477 014D E9        JP      (HL)
00478                ;
00479                ;
00480                ; SUBROUTINE WAITX
00481                ; PURPOSE -- issue 8292 direct command
00482 014E D311        WAITX OUT    (CMD92),A
00483 0150 DB08        M2 IN      A,(PRTF)
00484 0152 E601        AND     TCIF
00485 0154 20FA        JR      NZ,M2
00486 0156 DB08        M1 IN      A,(PRTF)
00487 0158 E601        AND     TCIF
00488 015A 28FA        JR      Z,M1
00489 015C C9        RET
00490                ;
00491                ; SUBROUTINE CTLNIC1
00492                ; writes a single byte from CTL to NIC
00493                ; the byte should be in the D register
00494 015D DB80        CTLNIC1 IN     A,(CTRL1)
00495 015F CB6F        BIT     DONE,A
00496 0161 20FA        JR      NZ,CTLNIC1
00497 0163 7A        LD      A,D
00498 0164 D340        OUT     (NICP),A
00499 0166 C9        RET
00500                ;
00501                ;
00502                ; SUBROUTINE WAIT0
00503                ; PURPOSE -- output data on the GFIB
00504 0167 D320        WAIT0 OUT    (DOUF),A
00505 0169 DB21        WAIT1 IN     A,(INT1)
00506 016B CB4F        BIT     BOM,A
00507 016D 28FA        JR      Z,WAIT1
00508 016F C9        RET
00509                ;
00510                ;

```

```

00512      ;      OCTOBER 27, 1981
00513      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00514      ;initialization routine -
00515      ;
00516      INIT  MREG  CMD92,RSET
00517  0174 0600      LD      B,0      ;wait for abort to go out,etc.
00518  0176 10FE      INIT0  DJNZ  INIT0
00519      MREG  INTR,INTR      ;set TLL interrupt
00520      MREG  AUXMD,INITIAL  ;initialize the a291
00521  INIT2  MREG  ADDR1,DIDL1
00522      MREG  ADDR1,DIDL2
00523      MREG  ADDRMD,TUM
00524  INIT3  MREG  AUXMD,CLART
00525      MREG  INT1,0
00526      MREG  INT2,0
00527      MREG  AUXMD,0 ;release initialization
00528  019C 3EF1      LD      A,GIDL
00529  019E CD4E01    CALL  WAITX
00530  01A1 3E08      LD      A,LASIE
00531  01A3 321608    LD      (LCOMM),A      ;initialize some storage
00532  01A6 3E04      LD      A,MIBLK
00533  01AB 321708    LD      (MIBLK),A
00534  01AB 3E04      LD      A,4      ;clear busy and done
00535  01AD D340      OUT     (NICP),A
00536  01AF D380      OUT     (CINIO),A
00537  01B1 C9      RET
00538      ;
00539      ;      RECV ROUTINE (a291as COM2)
00540      ;
00541      ;RECFUSE--Transfers data from GPIB to LLC (or to other listeners)
00542      ;PARAMETERS -
00543      ;      (8) primary address-talker
00544      ;      (9) secondary address-talker
00545      ;      (10) EUS character. (see below)
00546      ;      (11) no. of data bytes to receive
00547      ;      (12) no. of 256 blocks to receive. (see below)
00548      ;      (14) starting address for data storage.
00549      ;
00550      ;RETURNS - if (11) and (12) are both 0, RECV returns the number of
00551      ;      data in (12) and (11). If do not get col at end of transmission
00552      ;      or if the amount of data received does not match that expected,
00553      ;      an error condition exists.
00554      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00555  01B2 3EFA      LDM     LD      A,TENIR
00556  01B4 CD4E01    CALL  WAITX
00557  01B7 3E01      LD      A,1
00558  01B9 CD0D00    CALL  LISLIS1
00559  01BC 3E02      LD      B,ADDR+HUEUD
00560  01BE 3A0A0B    LD      A,(EUSC)
00561  01C1 A7      AND     A
00562  01C2 2B04      JR      Z,COM25
00563  01C4 D327      OUT     (EUSM),A
00564  01C6 06B6      LD      B,ADDR+HUEUD+EUS

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00565          COM25  WRREG  ADMD,B
00566          WRREG  ADMD,LON
00567          WRREG  ADMD,U
00568 01D3 3EF6      LD      A,BISE
00569 01D5 CD4E01    CALL   WAITX
00570 01D8 0E20      LD      C,DIN
00571 01DA CDF000    CALL   B77BLP
00572 01DD 2006      JM      NZ,COM27
00573 01DF 3A1708    LD      A,(MARBLE) ; If (11) and (12) are 0, go to 13. No. of data
00574 01E2 5F        LD      E,A
00575 01E3 0600      LD      B,0
00576 01E5 DD210000  COM27 LD      IX,0 ;set data counter to 0
00577 01E9 CD3501    COM28 CALL   T1IN
00578 01EC E610      AND     ENDM
00579 01EE 2008      JR      NZ,COM29
00580 01F0 DD23      INC     IX
00581 01F2 EDA2      INI
00582 01F4 20F3      JR      NZ,COM26
00583 01F6 1D        DEC     E
00584 01F7 20F0      JR      NZ,COM28
00585 01F9 1818      JM      COM212
00586 01FB EDA2      COM29 INI
00587 01FD DD23      INC     IX
00588 01FF DD21A0B    LD      (COUNT),IX
00589 0203 3A0808    LD      A,(INDT) ; If (11) and (12) are 0, output the data count
00590 0206 47        LD      E,A
00591 0207 3A0C08    LD      A,(INDATB)
00592 020A 80        ADD     A,B
00593 020B 2006      JM      NZ,COM212
00594 020D 2A1A0B    LD      HL,(COUNT)
00595 0210 220C08    LD      (INDATB),HL
00596 0213 3EF0      COM212 LD      A,TEST
00597 0215 CD4E01    CALL   WAITX
00598          WRREG  ADMD,HKRA
00599          WRREG  ADMD,TUN
00600          WRREG  ADMD,FNMSA
00601          WRREG  ADMD,U
00602 0228          LD      A,UNT
00603 022A CD6701    CALL   WAITG
00604 022D 3EF1      LD      A,010L
00605 022F CD4E01    CALL   WAITX
00606 0232 D34101    JM      RETURN
00607          ;
00608          ;
00609          ; FULL ROUTINE (alias COM4)
00610          ;
00611          ; PURPOSE -- wait for SW and do a serial poll of the single
00612          ; device requesting service. This routine has been tailored
00613          ; to match some of the idiosyncrasies of the Hamamatsu camera.
00614          ; PARAMETERS:
00615          ; (B) primary address-device to be polled
00616          ; (C) secondary address
00617          ;

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```

00616      ;RETURNS -- the status byte is sent to NICP if not test mode.
00619 0235 3EFA      COM4 LD      A,TENTR
00620 0237 CD4E01    >      CALL   WAITX
00621 023A DB11      COM42 IN      A,(IN1ST)      ;wait for service request
00622 023C CB6F      BIT      SRQ,A
00623 023E CA3A02    >      JP      Z,COM42
00624 0241 3E5F      LD      A,UNT      ;the following sequence is from MabaBats:
00625 0243 LD6701    >      CALL   WAITU      ;"Instruction Manual M499-04 Diagnostics with
00626 0246 3E18      LD      A,SFE      ;Tektronix 4051".
00627 0248 CD6701    >      CALL   WAITU
00628 024B 3E01      LD      A,1
00629 024D CDCD00    >      CALL   DISLIST
00630      WRREG      ADDRMD,LUN
00631      WRREG      ADDRMD,0
00632 025B 3E5B      LD      A,GTSH
00633 025A CD4E01    >      CALL   WAITX
00634 025D CD3501    >      CALL   T2IN
00635 0260 DB20      IN      A,(DIN)
00636 0262 57      LD      D,A
00637 0263 DB80      IN      A,(CTRL1)
00638 0265 CB47      BIT      ASRQ,A
00639 0267 CD5D01    >      CALL   NZ,CTLNIC1
00640 026A 3EFD      COM41 LD      A,TC5Y
00641 026C CD4E01    >      CALL   WAITX
00642 026F 3E80      LD      A,TUN
00643 0271 D324      OUT      (ADDRMD),A
00644 0273 AF      XOR      A
00645 0274 D325      OUT      (ADDRMD),A
00646 0276 3E5F      LD      A,UNT
00647 0278 CD6701    >      CALL   WAITU
00648 027B 3E19      LD      A,SFD
00649 027D CD6701    >      CALL   WAITU
00650 0280 162B      LD      D,IACK+SRQBT      ;clear the SRQ bit on the d292
00651 0282 CD1B01    >      CALL   WRIND
00652 0285 3EF1      LD      A,GIDL
00653 0287 CD4E01    >      CALL   WAITX
00654 028A C34101    >      JP      RETURN
00655      ;
00656      ;
00657      ;
00658      ;
00659      ;
00660      ;
00661      ;      NIC1 ROUTINE (alias COM5)
00662      ;
00663      ;PUMFUSE --read data from NIC to CTL
00664      ;PARAMETERS--
00665      ;      (1) no. of bytes or
00666      ;      (2) no. of 256 byte blocks
00667      ;      (4) starting address for data storage
00668      ;
00669 028D DE40      COM5 LD      C,NICP
00670 028F CDF000    >      CALL   BYTBKX

```

```

00671 0292 2810      JR      Z,CUM53
00672 0294 F3        DI
00673                COM52  NICCTL
00674 02A1 1D        DEC      E
00675 02A2 20F1      JR      NZ,CUM52
00676 02A4 C34101 > COM53  JP      RETURN
00677                ;
00678                ;
00679                ;      NICO ROUTINE (alias COM6)
00680                ;
00681                ;PURPOSE -- write data from CTL to NIC
00682                ;
00683                ;PARAMETERS --
00684                ;      (11) no. of data bytes or
00685                ;      (12) no. of 256 byte blocks
00686                ;      (14) starting address of the data
00687                ;
00688 02A7 0E40      COM6  LD      C,NICP
00689 02A9 CDF000 >    CALL    BYTBK
00690 02AC 280D      JR      Z,CUM63
00691                COM62  CTLNIC
00692 02B8 1D        DEC      E
00693 02B9 20F3      JR      NZ,CUM62
00694 02BB C34101 > COM63  JP      RETURN
00695                ;
00696                ;
00697                ;      RXMT ROUTINE (alias COM7)
00698                ;
00699                ;PURPOSE -- Transfer data from GPIB to NIC
00700                ;PARAMETERS --
00701                ;      (8) primary address-talker
00702                ;      (9) secondary address-talker
00703                ;
00704                ;This routine receives each datum from the GPIB and sends it to
00705                ;NIC until EOI is detected. Then SKVC is set before the last
00706                ;datum is sent to NIC.
00707                ;
00708 02BE 3EFA      COM7  LD      A,TENR
00709 02C0 CD4E01 >    CALL    WAIT1
00710 02C3 3E01      LD      A,1
00711 02C5 CD0D00 >    CALL    LBLIST
00712 02C8 3E82      LD      A,AKA+HUEHD
00713                WRREG    A,MD,A
00714                WRREG    A,MD,LON
00715                WRREG    A,MD,0
00716 02D5 3EF6      LD      A,GTSB
00717 02D7 CD4E01 >    CALL    WAIT1
00718 02DA 0E20      LD      C,DIN
00719 02DC CD3501 > COM71  CALL    T2IN
00720 02DF E610      AND      ENDM
00721 02E1 200E      JR      NZ,CUM72
00722 02E3 ED50      IN      B,(C)
00723                ETLNIC

```

```

00724 02EF 18EB      JR      CUM71
00725                CUM72  WRREG  CTRLD,SRVC
00726                CTRNLC
00727 02FF AF        XOR     A
00728 0300 D380      OUT     (CTRLD),A      ;clear SRVC
00729 0302 3EFD      LD      A,TCST
00730 0304 CD4E01 >   CALL    WAITX
00731                WRREG  AUXMD,AUXA
00732                WRREG  ADDRMD,TOM
00733                WRREG  AUXMD,FNHSK
00734                WRREG  AUXMD,0
00735 0317 3E5F      LD      A,UNI
00736 0319 ED6701 >   CALL    WAIT0
00737 031C 3EF1      LD      A,GIDL
00738 031E CD4E01 >   CALL    WAITX
00739 0321 C34101 >   JP      RETURN
00740
00741                ;
00742                ;      OCTOBER 27, 1981
00743                ;
00744                ;      SEND ROUTINE (ALIAS CUM1)
00745                ;
00746                ;      sends data from CIL to the 6F1B
00747                ;
00748                ;INFUT (1) no. of listeners
00749                ;      (2) primary address-first listener
00750                ;      (3) secondary address - first listener
00751                ;      (4) --second listener
00752                ;      (5) --
00753                ;      (6) --third listener
00754                ;      (7)--
00755                ;      (10) EOS character (if EOS=0 then EOI is sent with the last byte
00756                ;      according to the data count given by (10) and (11). If EOS is
00757                ;      non-zero, the no. of characters sent is determined by the sequential
00758                ;      location of the EOS character in the data stream provided that
00759                ;      the amount of data as determined by (10) or (11) is greater or
00760                ;      or equal to this location. Otherwise EOI is suppressed.
00761                ;      (11) no. of bytes to send or
00762                ;      (12) no. of 256 byte blocks to send. (if both (11) and (12) are 0
00763                ;      no data is sent.
00764                ;      (14) starting address of th data to be sent.
00765                ;
00766 0314 3EFA      CUM1  LD      A,TENTR
00767 0326 CD4E01 >   CALL    WAITX
00768 0329 AF        XOR     A
00769 031A ED6000 >   CALL    LISLIST
00770 032D 3EFA      LD      A,6FSB
00771 031F CD4E01 >   CALL    WAITX
00772 0332 0E20      LD      C,DOOT
00773 0334 CD4E00 >   CALL    BYTBK
00774 0337 281D      JR      2,CUM17
00775 0339 1601      LD      B,1
00776 033B 78      CUM15 LD      A,B

```

```

00777 0330 BA      CP      D
00778 033D 2008     JR      NZ,CUM18
00779 033F 7B      LD      A,E
00780 0340 BA      CP      D
00781 0341 2004     JR      NZ,CUM18      ;if B=0 and E=1, this is the last byte to be sent
00782              WRR#6  H0X#0,SE01
00783 0347 EDA3     COM18  OUTI
00784 0349 2B05     JR      Z,CUM19
00785 034B CD6901 >  CALL   WAIT1
00786 034E 18E9     JR      CUM15
00787 0350 CD6901 > COM19  CALL   WAIT1
00788 0353 1D      DEC     E
00789 0354 20E5     JR      NZ,CUM15
00790 0356 3EFD     COM17  LD      A,TCSY
00791 0358 CD4E01 >  CALL   WAITX
00792 035B 3E3F     LD      A,UNL
00793 035D CD6701 >  CALL   WAIT0
00794 0360 3EF1     LD      A,GIDL
00795 0362 CD4E01 >  CALL   WAITX
00796 0365 C34101 > COM110 JP      RETURN
00797              ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
00798              ;
00799              ;
00800              ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
00801              ;
00802              ; TEST ROUTINE
00803              ;
00804              ; REVISION -- OCTOBER 21, 1981
00805              ; AUTHOR -- BARNETT, TB (PML)
00806              ; PURPOSE -- performs a camera test independently of NIC. This routine
00807              ; is initiated if the CTL address bit 0 is set to 0 and at least one other
00808              ; address bit is set to 1. (At present only bits 1 and 2 will cause a test.)
00809              ; The following tests are done:
00810              ; ASK1-1 -- initialize cursor to left margin and step to the right
00811              ; margin using the default interlace, then leave the cursor at the
00812              ; default position.
00813              ; ASK2-1 -- use the default cursor position and interlace and gather
00814              ; one line of video (binary mode).
00815              ;
00816              ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
00817 0368 3E01     TEST  LD      A,1      ;1 listener
00818 036A 320108 >  LD      (NLST),A
00819 036D 21000C     LD      HL,DATBOT
00820 0370 220D08 >  LD      (DATA0D),HL
00821 0373 214200     LD      HL,CAMT
00822 0376 220808 >  LD      (TALAP),HL
00823 0379 AF      XOR     A
00824 037A 320A08 >  LD      (EUSC),A
00825 037D 0B80     IN      A,(CTRL1)
00826 037F CB4F     BIT     ASK1,A
00827 0381 2B30     JR      Z,TEST2
00828 0383 212263     LD      HL,(COORD SHL 8) CAML ;Camera secondary and primary address for XLU00H
00829 0386 220208 >  LD      (LIS1P),HL

```

```

00830 0389 210400      LD      HL,0004H      ;4 data bytes for each coordinate
00831 038C 220808 >    LD      (NDAT),HL
00832 038F 210001      LD      HL,0100H      ;set first coord. to 0
00833 0392 110004      LD      DE,0400H ;count to 1024
00834 0395 E5          TEST1 PUSH    HL
00835 0396 D5          PUSH    DE
00836 0397 C0FF03 >    CALL    BCDASC
00837 039A C02403 >    CALL    COM1
00838 039D D1          POP     DE
00839 039E E1          POP     HL
00840 039F 3E01      LD      A,1
00841 03A1 44          LD      B,H
00842 03A2 80          ADD     A,B
00843 03A3 27          DAA
00844 03A4 67          LD      H,A
00845 03A5 3E00      LD      A,0
00846 03A7 45          LD      B,L
00847 03A8 88          ADC     A,B
00848 03A9 27          DAA
00849 03AA 6F          LD      L,A
00850 03AB 10          DEC     E
00851 03AC 20E7      JR      NZ,TEST1
00852 03AE 15          DEC     D
00853 03AF 20E4      JR      NZ,TEST1
00854 03B1 DBB0      IN      A,(CTRL1)
00855 03B3 CB57      TEST12 BIT     ASKL,A
00856 03B5 2844      JR      Z,TEST3
00857 03B7 212262      LD      HL,(INF SML B)/CAML ;set input format to binary
00858 03BA 220208 >    LD      (LIS1P),HL
00859 03BD 210100      LD      HL,0001H      ;send one byte
00860 03C0 220808 >    LD      (NDAT),HL
00861 03C3 3E02      LD      A,2      ;code for binary output
00862 03C5 32000C      LD      (DATBOT),A
00863 03C8 C02403 >    CALL    COM1
00864 03CB 010200      LD      BC,0002H
00865 03CE C5          TEST12 PUSH    BC
00866 03CF 210000      LD      HL,0000H      ;no data is sent with command VII
00867 03D2 220808 >    LD      (NDAT),HL
00868 03D5 3E09      LD      A,VII
00869 03D7 320508 >    LD      (LIS1S),A
00870 03DA C02403 >    CALL    COM1
00871 03DD 1600      LD      D,0      ;pause for camera data gather
00872 03DF 42          LD      B,D
00873 03E0 10FE      TEST120 DJNZ    TEST120
00874 03E2 15          DEC     D
00875 03E3 20FB      JR      NZ,TEST120
00876 03E5 AF          XOR     A
00877 03E6 320308 >    LD      (LIS1S),A
00878 03E9 C03502 >    CALL    COM4
00879 03EC 210002      LD      HL,0200H      ;2 blocks, 0 bytes
00880 03EF 220808 >    LD      (NDAT),HL
00881 03F2 C0B201 >    CALL    COM2
00882 03F5 C1          POP     BC

```



```

00883 03F6 10D6      DJNZ  TEST21
00884 03F8 0D       DEC   C
00885 03F9 20D3      JR    NZ,TEST21
00886 03FB CD7001 > TEST3 CALL  INIT      ;reset to default values
00887 03FE C9       RET
00888                ;
00889                ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00890                ;
00891                ;   SUBROUTINE BCDASC
00892                ;
00893                ; given a two byte packed BCD number at HL with lowest order
00894                ; nibbles in H, BCDASC places the equivalent ASCII code at
00895                ; DATBOT starting with the most significant nibble.
00896                ;
00897 03FF DD2100C      BCDASC LD    IX,DATBOT
00898 0403 220F08 /     LD      (DUMIL),HL
00899 0406 210F08 >     LD      HL,DUMIL
00900 0409 0604       LD      B,4
00901 040B 3E30      LD      A,30H
00902 040D E06F      BCD1  RLD
00903 040F DD7700     LD      (IX+0),A
00904 0412 0023      INC     IX
00905 0414 05       DEC     B
00906 0415 C8       RET     Z
00907 0416 CB40      BCD2  BIT  0,B
00908 0418 20F3      JR     NZ,BCD1
00909 041A 23       INC     HL
00910 041B 18F0      JR     BCD1
00911                ;
00912                ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::

```

```

00914      ;::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
00915      ;
00916      ;      PARAMETER TABLE
00917      ;
00918      0800      )      ORG      DSEG
00919 0800 00      COMM  BYTE  0      ;command number
00920 0801 00      MLIST BYTE  0      ;no. of listeners (or can be set to 1 talker)
00921 0802 00      LIS1P BYTE  0      ;primary address, 1st listener (or a talker)
00922 0803 00      LIS1S BYTE  0      ;secondary address, first listener (or 1 talker)
00923 0804 00      LIS2P BYTE  0      ;--second listener
00924 0805 00      LIS2S BYTE  0
00925 0806 00      LIS3P BYTE  0      ;--third listener
00926 0807 00      LIS3S BYTE  0
00927 0808 00      TALKP BYTE  0      ;talker primary address
00928 0809 00      TALKS BYTE  0      ;talker secondary address
00929 080A 00      EOSC  BYTE  0      ;EOS character (0 means none exists)
00930 080B 00      NDAT  BYTE  0      ;no. of data bytes to be transferred, or
00931 080C 00      NDATB BYTE  0      ;no. of 256 byte blocks to be transferred
00932 080D 0000    DATADD WORD  0      ;starting address of the data block in CTL RAM
00933 080F 00      DUMIL BYTE  0
00934 0810 00      DUMIH BYTE  0
00935 0811 00      MESS  BYTE  0      ;message print indicator
00936 0812 00      STAT1 BYTE  0
00937 0813 00      STAT2 BYTE  0
00938      ;
00939      ;      OTHER DATA
00940      ;
00941 0814 0000    RETADD WORD  0
00942 0816 08      LCOMM  BYTE  8      ;set to the last valid command number
00943 0817 04      MAXBLK BYTE  4      ;set to the max. no. of 256 byte blocks for data
00944 0818 0000    STACKP WORD  0      ;temporary storage for stack-pointer
00945 081A 0000    COUNT  WORD  0      ;data counter location
00946      ;
00947      ;      TEMPORARY STORAGE
00948      ;
00949 081C 00      TEMP  BYTE  0
00950 081D 00      T2   BYTE  0
00951

```

Strings and Macros

CTENIC -- 007A H	NICCTL -- 0080 M	NICCTL1 -- 0097 M	STIND -- 005F M	STREG -- 0071 M
CTSTAT -- 004C M	WRNEB -- 007F M			
ABORT -- 00F9	ADR01 -- 0126	ADRND -- 0024	ADRST -- 0124	ADR0 -- 0001
ASK1 --- 0001	ASK2 --- 0002	ASK3 --- 0003	ASK4 --- 0004	ADUMB -- 0025
NAMEA --- 0080	ASRB --- 0080	BIM --- 0000	BOM --- 0001	BUSST -- 0010
BUSY --- 0006	CABT --- 0040	CAML --- 0022	CANT --- 0041	CLPRT -- 0024
CBMS1 -- 0010	CM091 -- 0011	COM8 --- 0900	CPT --- 0080	CPTEN -- 0001
CLMS --- 0025	CSEB --- 0000	CTRL1 -- 0080	CTRL0 -- 0080	CATBOT -- 0000
DEVICE -- 0002	DIN --- 0020	DNAMT -- 0010	DNECL -- 0004	DNEW1 -- 0001
DPAL --- 0005	DOOT --- 0020	DSEB --- 0800	DTDL1 -- 0060	DTDL2 -- 00E0
EDSOS -- 0004	ENDMA -- 0010	EDIS --- 0008	EDSR --- 0027	ENFLND -- 0010
ETIT -- 0040	ERRM --- 0010	FNMSK -- 0003	ETDL --- 00F1	GTSSB -- 00F8
MEM0 -- 0002	IACK --- 0008	IBFBT -- 0002	INF --- 0002	INITMC -- 0001
INT1 --- 0021	INT2 --- 0022	INTBST -- 0080	INTM --- 0000	INTMR -- 0010
INTST -- 0011	K --- 0003 V	LASTC -- 0008	LON --- 0040	MCA --- 0001
MLA --- 0021	MODE1 -- 0001	MTA --- 0041	MAXELP -- 0004	NICP -- 0040
PR191 -- 0020	PR192 -- 0010	PRTF --- 0008	MBST --- 00E7	NCST -- 00E6
KEHF --- 00E4	RSET --- 00F1	RST1 --- 00F3	SED1 --- 0006	SFD --- 0019
SPE --- 0018	SR0 --- 0010	SRQBT -- 0020	SRVC --- 0002	STBOT -- 0001
SYCBT -- 0008	SYCS --- 0008	TA --- 0002	TEASY --- 0001	TD1 --- 0001
TCNTR -- 00FA	TCSY --- 00F0	TCT --- 0009	TMOOT -- 00F8	TR --- 0080
TCREG -- 0010	TOST --- 0010	TOUT2 -- 0002	TOUT3 -- 0004	UNL --- 00F7
UP1 --- 005F	VII --- 0069	VSCMO -- 000F	WTOUT -- 00E1	REQURD -- 0067

2.1 (default) Section (081E)

BCD1 --- 0400	BCD2 --- 0416	BCDASC -- 03FF	BY1 --- 0101	BY2 --- 0102
BYBLK -- 00F0	COM1 --- 0324 G	COM110 -- 0365	COM15 -- 0336	COM17 -- 035F
CC1d -- 0347	COM19 -- 0359	COM2 --- 0182 G	COM212 -- 0113	COM25 -- 0106
CC12 -- 01E5	COM28 -- 01E9	COM29 -- 01F8	COM4 --- 0225 G	COM41 -- 0204
CC142 -- 023A	COM5 --- 0280 G	COM52 -- 0295	COM53 -- 02A4	COM6 --- 02A7 G
COM62 -- 02AE	COM63 -- 02BB	COM7 --- 02BE	COM71 -- 02CC	COM72 -- 02F1
COMM --- 0800	COUNT -- 081A	CT14200 02AE	CT18200 02E5	CT1A200 02F5
CT101 015D	DATA00 -- 0800	DUMH -- 0810	DUML -- 080F	EUSC -- 0804
CT102 00E0	INIT --- 0170	INIT0 -- 0176	INIT2 -- 0180	INIT3 -- 018C
CT103 0058	LEUMH -- 0816	L11 --- 00E3	L111 --- 00F0	L12 --- 00E1
CT104 00DA	L14 --- 00E0	L15 --- 00E5	L1S1P -- 0302	L1S1S -- 00E7
CT105 0804	L1S2S -- 0805	L1S3P -- 0806	L1S3S -- 0807	L1S1S1 00E0
MAXBLK -- 0817	MESS --- 0811	NDAT --- 0808	NDATB -- 080C	N11200 02A5
NCST -- 0801	RDIND -- 0108	RETADD -- 0814	RETURN -- 0141	STACKF 0810
CT106 00AB	STAT1 -- 0812	STAT2 -- 0813	T2 --- 0810	T21 --- 0137
CT107 0135	TABLE -- 0800	TALKP -- 0808	TALKS -- 0809	TEMP -- 0810
CT108 0368	TEST1 -- 0395	TEST2 -- 03B3	TEST20 -- 03E0	TEST21 03CE
CT109 03FB	WAIT --- 0011	WAIT1 -- 0169	WAIT0 -- 0167	WAIT0 -- 0004
CT110 014E	WAIT2 -- 0080	WR1 --- 0121	WR2 --- 0134	WR1 --- 012E
CT111 0118	W11 --- 0156	WR2 --- 0150		

APPENDIX G - TEKREC Source Listing

PL/I-80 V1.3 COMPILATION OF: TENREC

```

1 0000 /* TENREC
2 0000 REVISION -- October 20, 1981
3 0000 AUTHOR -- Barrett, TB (PML)
4 0000 PURPOSE -- store a Tektronix hexadecimal (tenhex) file as a
5 0000 CP/M COM file. The error-free reception of each record is
6 0000 acknowledged by ACK followed by LK and a prompt character of LF.
7 0000 Thus Tek COMM should include the parameter P=QA.
8 0000 Reception of an abort block will cause an error code 1.
9 0000
10 0000 //
11 0000
12 0000
13 a 0000 tenrec:
14 a 0006 proc options(main);
15 c 0006 replace
16 c 0006 cret by 'M',
17 c 0006 lf by 'J',
18 c 0006 ack by 'U',
19 c 0006 nax by 'N',
20 c 0006 true by '1',
21 c 0006 false by '0';
22 c 0006 dcl
23 c 0006 (punch,di,reader,s,sprint) file,
24 c 0006 checksum fixed(7),
25 c 0006 (line,col,bytes) fixed(15),
26 c 0006 (check,type) bit(8),
27 c 0006 start bit(8),
28 c 0006 length bit(8) static init('1E'b4),
29 c 0006 length1 bit(8) static init('1E'b4),
30 c 0006 (p,pdata,ptype,length,pcheck,pbdata)
31 c 0006 pointer,
32 c 0006 1 Breakdown based(p),
33 c 0006 2 hstart bit(8),
34 c 0006 2 hstart bit(8),
35 c 0006 rstart fixed(15) based(p),
36 c 0006 rdata(425,30) fixed(7) based(pdata),
37 c 0006 rtype fixed(7) based(ptype),
38 c 0006 rlength fixed(7) based(plength),
39 c 0006 rcheck fixed(7) based(pcheck),
40 c 0006 name char(14) varying,
41 c 0006 (rec_data,sen_data,chr) char(1),
42 c 0006 back tab char(4),
43 c 0006 data(425,30) bit(8),
44 c 0006 bdata(128) bit(8) based(pdata),
45 c 0006 adata(100,128) bit(8) based(pdata);
46 c 0006
47 c 0006 on error
48 d 0014 begin;
49 e 0017 dcl code fixed(15);
50 e 0017 code=oncode();
51 e 0010 put skip edit('Error',code) (a,x(1),f(8));
52 e 004A if code = 64 then stop;
53 e 0059 put skip edit('length-',length) (a,b4(2));
54 e 0086 sen_data=name;
55 e 0092 get edit(chr) (a);
56 e 00AF put skip edit('Heading Record # ') (a);
57 c 00D1 go to cont;

```

```

58 d 00D4      end;
59 c 00D4      back_tab = ascii(8)::ascii(8)::ascii(8)::ascii(8);
60 c 0100      p = addr(start);
61 c 0106      pdata = addr(data(1,1));
62 c 010C      ptype = addr(type);
63 c 0112      plength = addr(length);
64 c 0118      pcheck = addr(check);
65 c 011E      open file(sysprint) title('%con') stream output linesize(0);
66 c 013A      put skip edit('TEPREC: RECEIVE A FILE AT THE TTY PORT')(a);
67 c 015C      open file(reader) title('%dr') stream input linesize(0);
68 c 0178      open file(punch) title('%pun') stream output linesize(0);
69 c 0194      put skip edit('Enter filename for destination system:  ')(a);
70 c 01b6      get edit(name) (a);
71 c 01D3      open file(disk) title(name) output sequential env(128);
72 c 01EE      rec_data = ack;
73 c 01FA      put skip(2) edit('Destination file:',name)(a);
74 c 0225      put skip(2) edit('Reading Record 0  ')(a);
75 c 0247      line=1;
76 c 024D      nbytes=0;
77 c 0251      do while(length = '00'b4);
78 c 0259          call send(lr);
79 c 025F          rec_data=ack;
80 c 026B              do while (rec_data = '/');
81 c 027A                  get file(reader) edit(rec_data) (a(1));
82 c 0290                      end;
83 c 029D                  get file(reader) edit(start,length,type)
84 c 02CF                      (b4(4),b4(2),b4(2));
85 c 02CF                      if length='00'b4 then go to cont;
86 c 02DA                      if lostart='2F'b4 then signal error(64);
87 c 02EA                      get file(reader) edit((data(line,col) do col=1 to flength),check)
88 c 0350                      (30b4(2),b4(2));
89 c 0350                      checksum=0;
90 c 0354                          do col=1 to flength;
91 c 0372                              type=data(line,col);
92 c 038B                              checksum=checksum+substr(type,1,4)+substr(type,5,4);
93 c 0389                              end;
94 c 03B9                              if checksum=fcheck then
95 c 03C3                                  do;
96 c 03C3                                      sen_data=ack;
97 c 03CF                                      line=line+1;
98 c 03D6                                      nbytes=nbytes+flength;
99 c 03EA                                      end;
100 c 03EA                                  else
101 c 03EA                                      sen_data=nak;
102 c 03F6                                      put edit(back_tab,start) (a(4),b4(4));
103 c 0425                                  cont: call send(sen_data);
104 c 042E                                  end;
105 c 042E                                  line=nbytes/128;
106 c 043C                                  if line#128 ^=nbytes then line=line+1;
107 c 0459                                      do col=1 to line;
108 c 0472                                          pdata=addr(data(col));
109 c 0486                                          write file(disk) from(bdata);
110 c 04A8                                              end;
111 c 04A8                                  put skip edit('nbytes=',nbytes,'n-recs=',line) (2(a,f(6)));
112 c 04EB                                  close file(disk);
113 c 04F1 send:
114 c 04F1      proc    (data);
115 e 04F1      dcl
116 e 04FB          data    char(1);
117 e 04FB      put file(punch) edit(data)(a(1));

```

118 c 0510 end send;
119 c 0510
120 a 0510 end telet;



MISSION of Rome Air Development Center

RADC plans and executes research, development, test and selected acquisition programs in support of Command, Control Communications and Intelligence (C³I) activities. Technical and engineering support within areas of technical competence is provided to ESD Program Offices (POs) and other ESD elements. The principal technical mission areas are communications, electromagnetic guidance and control, surveillance of ground and aerospace objects, intelligence data collection and handling, information system technology, solid state sciences, electromagnetics and electronic reliability, maintainability and compatibility.

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